



# PALMERSTON NORTH CITY COUNCIL

**AGENDA** 

# COUNCIL ATTACHMENTS: LTP CONSULTATION MATERIAL

9:00 AM - ADOPT DRAFT LONG TERM PLAN 2024-2034, WEDNESDAY 3 APRIL 2024

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FIRST FLOOR
CIVIC ADMINISTRATION BUILDING
32 THE SQUARE, PALMERSTON NORTH



# **COUNCIL MEETING**

# 3 April 2024

# **Under Separate Cover**

# **REPORTS**

9.	Add	opting the 2024-34 Long-Term Plan Consultation Material	
	1.	Updates to Oranga Papaioea Strategy and Plans	Page 4
	2.	Carbon Emission Graphs	Page 6
	3.	Draft Forecast Financial Statements	Page 9
	4.	Significance and Engagement Policy	Page 93
	5.	Items Considered but Not Included.	Page 101
	6.	Rating System, Rates & Funding Impact Statements	Page 103
	7.	Long Term Plan 2024-34 Consultation Document	Page 127
	8.	Statement of Proposal - draft Revenue and Financing Policy 2024	Page 207
	9.	Statement of Proposal - draft Rates Remission and Postponement Policies 2024	Page 209

# Changes made to Oranga Papaioea City Strategy and 14 plans (following endorsement in February 2024)

The following is a list of corrections and changes to the documents, other than minor amendments. They are made in response to elected member debate and resolutions, new information, or where there is a need for further clarification for consultation. These documents were endorsed in February and will be published and available throughout the LTP consultation process.

There will be an opportunity for Council to update the Strategy and plans following the LTP deliberations process to make sure they accurately reflect the agreed direction.

### Addition of actions

- Added explicit reference to the implementation of the Urban Cycleway Masterplan:
   "Continue to implement the Urban Cycle Network Masterplan in planning and decision-making" [Transport plan]
- Added "Investigate models of delivery for Council's social housing (year 1)" (5.1-24 Council 7
  February 2024) [Housing plan]
- Added "Co-develop a community-focused city-wide climate action plan, including the
  articulation of local co-benefits and the identification of projects that may attract co-funding
  (year 1)" [clause 38-23 Sustainability Committee 29 November 2023] [Climate change and
  sustainability plan]
- Added "experiencing barriers to accessing housing in the private market and meeting income and asset thresholds;" as an additional criteria [Social Housing Guidelines (4-24 Council 7 February 2024]

### **General corrections and amendments**

- Population and household data (updated) [Oranga Papaioea City Strategy]
- Inclusion of updated Spatial plan [Oranga Papaioea City Strategy]
- Replace "rifleman" with "titipounamu" [Oranga Papaioea City Strategy]
- "Develop Finalise a Civic and Cultural Masterplan with cultural facilities and communities and investigate co-funding and partnership models (years 1 to 3)" [Arts and heritage plan]
- Specify (year 1) for the action about the new Community events trailer [Community support plan]
- Change reference of 'food waste' to 'food scraps' [as per National Waste Strategy] [Resource recovery plan]
- Specify the action to "License Waste Collectors" to be (year 3) not (year 2) [Resource recovery plan]
- Specify "Investigate models for kerbside waste collection service delivery" as (year 1)
   [Resource recovery plan]
- Amend the description of the water 'landscape' in the light of recent Government announcements [this is consistent with the material in the Consultation Document]:

"Water services have undergone significant reform in the past few years. The National-led Government has repealed the previous government's Three Waters programme and replaced it with 'Local Water Done Well'." [Oranga Papaioea City Strategy and Water plan]

"The Government is still working through the details of what this reform involves, but it does include local government keeping ownership of water assets. Councils will be encouraged to form regional groupings (to get the benefits of size) and Council-Controlled Organisations (to be able to borrow funds without affecting Council balance sheets). Further details will not be developed before the new LTP is adopted. In the meantime, Council has planned and



budgeted to provide water, stormwater and wastewater services for the ten years of the new LTP." [Water plan]

### and

"The National-led Government has repealed the Three Waters programme and is still working through the details of the new 'Local Water Done Well'. Councils will retain ownership of water assets and we have planned to provide water, stormwater, and wastewater services for the ten years of the new LTP." [Oranga Papaioea City Strategy]

### Attachment 2

Projected emissions assuming a Low Cost (no net cost over the life of the asset) and Moderate Cost (following the projected Emissions Trading Scheme price provided by the Climate Change Comission).

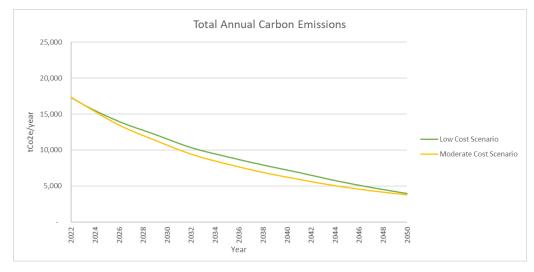
When we consider how the Long-Term Plan will affect our city, one important aspect is its impact on climate change. We're committed to doing our part to lessen this impact by reducing our own emissions and encouraging others to do the same.

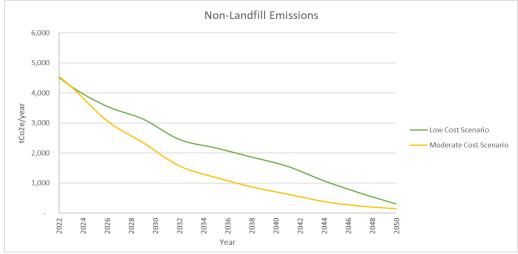
We've assessed our current CO2 emissions, including methane from the Awapuni landfill, which makes up most of our emissions. Since it's unlikely we'll be able to reduce landfill emissions more than we currently are, we're instead focusing on whether each project featured in our Long-Term Plan will increase or decrease emissions in the long run. By tallying these effects, we anticipate an overall reduction in emissions of about 55% by 2034 and 95% by 2050 - although the farther into the future we project, the less certain these numbers become. (see graphs on the following pages). The more resources and funding we allocate to this effort, the faster our emissions reduction will be.

Even in our best-case scenario, we won't reach zero emissions by 2050 so we'll explore opportunities to offset the remaining emissions by planting native trees over time. If our estimates are correct, we expect to plant approximately one million trees to be planted in Palmerston North over the next 30 years.

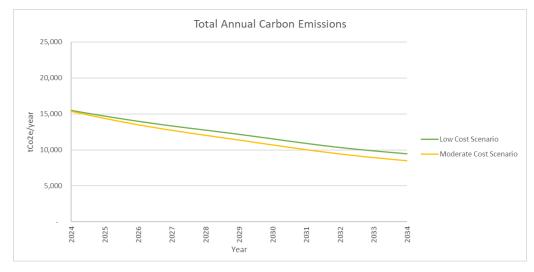


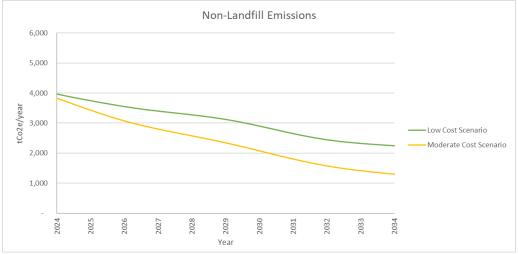
### 2022 - 2050





## 2022 - 2034





# Page

# Financial Overview and Forecast Financial Statements

### **Forecast Financial Statements**

The Council's Long-Term Plan covers the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2034. It incorporates operating and capital expenditure for the period for the core Council entity - consolidated statements have not been prepared to include subsidiaries. In this section financial information is provided at a summary level, but more detailed information for each activity and group of activities is included throughout the document.

The financial information contained in the Long-term Plan is a forecast for the purposes of Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 42. This information may not be appropriate for purposes other than those described. It has been prepared on the basis of assumptions (refer to Significant Forecasting Assumptions in section 3) about future events that the Council reasonably expects to occur, associated with the actions it reasonably expects to take, as at the date the forecast was prepared. The actual results are likely to vary from the information presented and may vary materially depending on the circumstances that arise during the period. The Long-term Plan has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice and the Council's accounting policies are outlined in section 3. The policies incorporate the latest PBE accounting standards and the changes have had no material effect.

The Funding Impact Statements in section 3 have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014. The regulations are not consistent with generally accepted accounting practice.

Rates revenue is included net of any remissions granted under the Council's Rates Remission Policy. Remissions of \$0.25 million per annum have been assumed.

Legislation states that councils are required to operate a 'balanced budget' i.e. income must equal or exceed expenditure (and expenditure must include non-cash items such as depreciation). However, if a council determines that it is prudent not to have a 'balanced budget' (i.e.an operating surplus is not required), it must make a formal decision to that effect. The decision must be a prudent one and have included consideration of levels of service and useful lifespan of assets. There are grounds for not having a surplus every year to avoid building up unnecessary cash reserves. Council's asset management plans ensure the Council is appropriately planning for renewals and its financial strategy is to make adequate financial provision to fund renewals from rates revenue. Council is making provision to fund between \$28.7 million and \$40.9 million p.a. for capital renewals throughout the 10 years of the Plan.

The Council's Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense (next page) shows that after including capital revenue of between \$31 million and \$250.9 million p.a. there is a surplus of between \$12 million and \$258.3 million p.a. projected throughout the 10 years of the Plan. Council interprets the position to mean it is projected to have a 'balanced budget' throughout this period. It is appropriate for there to be surpluses at this level as the capital revenue that creates the surplus is either specifically related to planned new capital expenditure or used to fund the programmed retirement of debt.

These forecast financial statements were authorised for issue by Palmerston North City Council on 26 June 2024.

Palmerston North City Council is responsible for these forecast financial statements, including the appropriateness of the assumptions underlying the forecast financial statements and all other disclosures.

Because the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, it may appear that they do not add up, but the total represents the sum of the individual forecast amounts. For a detailed view of forecasted revenue and expenses, including a proposed schedule of programmes, see the Council's Activities – How we are planning to get there – in section x of this Plan.



### PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND **EXPENSE** LTP 2024 Budget 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s **Operating Revenue** 124,245 138,296 152,416 167,603 182,776 196,341 208,642 220,387 233,270 242,666 252,617 Rates revenue 6,695 7,449 7,592 7,808 8,258 7,880 Subsidies and grants 6,400 6,499 6,637 7,897 8,039 Finance revenue 356 359 363 366 370 373 376 380 383 386 150 33,155 Other revenue 37,814 38,814 39,527 40,448 41,491 42,310 43,509 43,248 41,284 42,054 165,430 Total Operating Revenue 182,866 198,088 214,130 230,285 245,651 258,918 272,080 284,795 292,372 303,316 **Capital Revenue** 17.725 Subsidies and grants 27,076 34,927 45,777 147,439 149,651 178,335 242,725 178,203 108,415 93,044 3,249 **Development Contributions** 1,961 2,211 2,958 3,711 4,710 5,593 6,175 6,388 6,558 6,626 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 Vested Assets 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 250,900 116,973 22,974 Total Capital Revenue 31,037 39,138 50,735 153,150 156,361 185,928 186,591 101,670 **188,404 TOTAL REVENUE** 213,903 237,225 383,435 402,011 522,980 471,386 409,345 404,985 264,865 444,845 Expenses Personnel costs 59,335 62,509 64,864 66,440 67,907 69,396 70,937 72,789 74,099 75,835 56,161 50,875 55,373 58,827 67,206 71,763 75,598 83,007 86,724 43,043 Depreciation expense 49,614 61,164 32,534 9,899 Finance costs 15,164 18,609 23,689 27,879 30,618 33,177 33,039 33,187 33,109 70,672 Other expenses 77,811 80,307 82,691 81,343 83,930 87,897 88,772 88,800 90,769 96,693 179,775 Total Expenses 201,924 212,300 226,617 234,489 243,618 257,033 264,649 270,226 281,061 292,361 8,628 NET SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) 11,979 24,925 38,248 148,946 158,393 187,812 258,331 201,160 128,284 112,624 Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense 5,403 Gain on property revaluations 6,422 101,794 33,496 6,684 162,024 59,395 6,906 253,372 73,603 7,147 **TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE** 14,031 18,401 126,719 71,744 155,631 320,418 247,207 265,237 454,532 201,887 119,771 AND EXPENSE

PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY												
Budget	LTP 2024											
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34		
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s		
2,028,645 Balance at 1 July	2,108,967	2,127,367	2,254,087	2,325,831	2,481,462	2,801,879	3,049,086	3,314,324	3,768,855	3,970,742		
14,032 Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year	18,401	126,719	71,744	155,631	320,418	247,207	265,237	454,532	201,887	119,771		
2.042.677 Balance at 30 June	2,127,367	2,254,087	2,325,831	2,481,462	2,801,879	3,049,086	3,314,324	3,768,855	3,970,742	4,090,513		



	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 202
	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
SSETS	,	,		,	,			,		, , , ,
ırrent Assets										
Cash and deposits	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,0
Debtors and other receivables	11,884	12,122	12,364	12,611	12,863	13,121	13,383	13,651	13,924	14,2
Inventories (Current Assets)	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	247	2
otal Current Assets	13,225	13,463	13,705	13,953	14,205	14,462	14,725	14,992	15,265	15,5
on-Current Assets										
Inventories (Non Current Assets)	22,403	19,197	15,920	12,571	9,152	5,664	2,235	189	189	1
Investment in cco's & other similar	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,4
Property plant & equipment	2,390,314	2,611,187	2,781,439	3,002,047	3,366,158	3,643,841	3,910,581	4,366,169	4,572,360	4,688,7
Intangible assets	971	971	971	971	971	971	971	971	971	9
Investment property	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,749	28,7
Forestry Assets	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,5
OTAL ASSETS	2,473,716	2,691,621	2,858,838	3,076,345	3,437,289	3,711,742	3,975,315	4,429,125	4,635,589	4,752,2
ABILITIES										
ırrent Liabilities										
Trade and other payable	28,143	28,249	28,357	28,468	28,581	28,696	28,813	28,933	29,055	29,1
otal Current Liabilities	28,143	28,249	28,357	28,468	28,581	28,696	28,813	28,933	29,055	29,1
on-Current Liabilities										
Provisions (Non Current Liabilities)	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,2
Employee benefit liabilities (Non Curr	6,567	6,698	6,832	6,969	7,108	7,251	7,396	7,544	7,694	7,8
Borrowing (Non Current Liabilities)	310,422	401,370	496,600	558,229	598,503	625,492	623,565	622,575	626,880	623,5
otal Non-Current Liabilities	318,206	409,285	504,650	566,416	606,829	633,960	632,178	631,336	635,791	632,5
OTAL LIABILITIES	346,349	437,534	533,007	594,884	635,410	662,656	660,991	660,269	664,846	661,7
ET ASSETS (ASSETS MINUS	2,127,367	2,254,087	2,325,831	2,481,462	2,801,879	3,049,086	3,314,324	3,768,855	3,970,742	4,090,5
	Debtors and other receivables Inventories (Current Assets)  tal Current Assets  on-Current Assets  Inventories (Non Current Assets) Investment in cco's & other similar Property plant & equipment Intangible assets Investment property Forestry Assets  OTAL ASSETS  ABILITIES Irrent Liabilities Trade and other payable Ital Current Liabilities Provisions (Non Current Liabilities) Employee benefit liabilities (Non Current Deproving (Non Current Liabilities) Ital Non-Current Liabilities	Debtors and other receivables Inventories (Current Assets) 247  tal Current Assets Inventories (Non Current Assets) Investment in cco's & other similar Property plant & equipment Intangible assets Investment property Investment property Forestry Assets  2,473,716  ABILITIES Irrent Liabilities Trade and other payable tal Current Liabilities Provisions (Non Current Liabilities) Employee benefit liabilities (Non Current Borrowing (Non Current Liabilities) tal Non-Current Liabilities  Trade Non-Current Liabilities  Brorowing (Non Current Liabilities) tal Non-Current Liabilities  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall Non-Current Liabilities  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall Non-Current Liabilities  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Tall LIABILITIES  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (Non Current Liabilities)  Trade Individual State (Non Current Sorrowing (N	Debtors and other receivables   11,884   12,122     Inventories (Current Assets)   247   247     Ital Current Assets   13,225   13,463     Inventories (Non Current Assets)   22,403   19,197     Investment in cco's & other similar   16,484   16,484     Property plant & equipment   2,390,314   2,611,187     Intangible assets   971   971     Investment property   28,749   28,749     Forestry Assets   1,571   1,571     ITAL ASSETS   2,473,716   2,691,621     Intangible assets   2,473,716   2,691,621     Investment Liabilities   28,143   28,249     Intangible assets   2,473,716   2,691,621     Investment Liabilities   28,143   28,249     Intangible assets   2,473,716   2,691,621     Investment Liabilities   28,143   28,249     Intal Liabilities   28,143   28,249     Intal Current Liabilities   1,217   1,217     Employee benefit liabilities (Non Current G,567   6,698     Borrowing (Non Current Liabilities)   310,422   401,370     Ital Non-Current Liabilities   318,206   409,285     Intal Liabilities   346,349   437,534     Intal Liabilities   346,349   437,534	Debtors and other receivables   11,884   12,122   12,364     Inventories (Current Assets)   247   247   247     Ital Current Assets   13,225   13,463   13,705     Inventories (Non Current Assets)   22,403   19,197   15,920     Investment in cco's & other similar   16,484   16,484   16,484     Property plant & equipment   2,390,314   2,611,187   2,781,439     Intangible assets   971   971   971     Investment property   28,749   28,749   28,749     Forestry Assets   1,571   1,571   1,571     ITAL ASSETS   2,473,716   2,691,621   2,858,838     ABILITIES   1,217   1,217     Ital Current Liabilities   28,143   28,249   28,357     Ital Current Liabilities   1,217   1,217   1,217     Borrowing (Non Current Liabilities)   1,217   1,217   1,217     Borrowing (Non Current Liabilities)   310,422   401,370   496,600     Ital LIABILITIES   346,349   437,534   533,007     Ital LIABILITIES   346,349   437,534   533,007	Debtors and other receivables I1,884 I2,122 I2,364 I2,611 Inventories (Current Assets) 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	Debtors and other receivables Inventories (Current Assets) 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	Debtors and other receivables   11,884   12,122   12,364   12,611   12,863   13,121   11,000   14,462   14,46	Debtors and other receivables I1,884 I2,122 I2,364 I2,611 I2,863 I3,121 I3,383 Inventories (Current Assets) 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	Debtors and other receivables I1,884 I2,122 I2,364 I2,611 I2,863 I3,121 I3,383 I3,651 Inventories (Current Assets) 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	Debtors and other receivables I1,884 I2,122 I2,364 I2,611 I2,863 I3,121 I3,383 I3,651 I3,924 Inventories (Current Assets) 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247

	PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS										
Budget		LTP 2024									
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
	Cash flows from operating activities										
124,245		138,296	152,416	167,603	182,776	196,341	208,642	220,387	233,270	242,666	252,617
33,155		37,814	38,814	39,527	40,448	41,491	42,310	43,509	43,248	41,284	42,054
7,880	Operating subsidies and grants	6,400	6,499	6,637	6,695	7,449	7,592	7,808	7,897	8,039	8,258
17,725		27,076	34,927	45,777	147,439	149,651	178,335	242,725	178,203	108,415	93,044
3,249		1,961	2,211	2,958	3,711	4,710	5,593	6,175	6,388	6,558	6,626
150	Interest received	356	359	363	366	370	373	376	380	383	386
(126,832)		(142,393)	(139,610)	(144,278)	(144,434)	(148,417)	(153,805)	(156,280)	(159,543)	(164,868)	(172,528)
(9,899)		(15,164)	(18,609)	(23,689)	(27,879)	(30,618)	(32,534)	(33,177)	(33,039)	(33,187)	(33,109)
49,673	Total Cash flows from operating activities	54,347	77,007	94,897	209,122	220,976	256,506	331,524	276,804	209,291	197,349
	Cash flows from investing activities										
(85,865)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(104,501)	(167,954)	(190,128)	(270,751)	(261,250)	(283,494)	(329,597)	(275,814)	(213,595)	(193,999)
(85,865)	Total Cash flows from investing activities	(104,501)	(167,954)	(190,128)	(270,751)	(261,250)	(283,494)	(329,597)	(275,814)	(213,595)	(193,999)
	Cash flows from financing activities										
36,193	Drawdown / (repayment) of borrowings	50,155	90,947	95,231	61,629	40,274	26,988	(1,927)	(990)	4,304	(3,350)
36,193	Total Cash flows from financing activities	50,155	90,947	95,231	61,629	40,274	26,988	(1,927)	(990)	4,304	(3,350)
-	Net (decrease)/increase in cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6,922	Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the beginning of the year	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095
6,922	Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at the end of the year	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095	1,095



<b>Budget W</b>	/hole of Council	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000								
R	evenue	•	·	·	·	·	·			·	•
Aı	n innovative and growing city										
10,665	Housing	12,874	13,080	13,368	13,661	14,003	14,339	14,697	13,740	11,335	11,53
-	Urban Design	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,501	Economic Development	1,558	1,589	1,624	1,660	1,695	1,729	1,761	1,795	1,829	1,86
	ransport										
1,157	Active and Public Transport	1,047	1,068	1,093	1,118	1,143	1,167	1,190	1,214	1,238	1,26
10,088	Roading	10,997	11,242	11,501	11,765	12,024	12,277	12,523	12,773	13,029	13,2
	creative and exciting city										
3,407	Recreation and play	4,001	4,081	4,171	4,262	4,352	4,470	4,833	4,921	5,014	5,10
224	Arts and Heritage	241	246	251	257	262	267	272	278	283	28
	connected and safe community										
1,574	Community safety and health	1,525	1,557	1,591	1,624	1,657	1,688	1,720	1,751	1,783	1,83
844	City Library	80	82	83	85	87	89	90	92	94	Ġ
1,441	Community support	1,002	1,022	1,045	1,068	1,090	1,112	1,133	1,155	1,177	1,19
	sustainable and resilient city										
146	Biodiversity and the Manawatu River	95	97	100	103	83	85	87	59	60	(
3,844	Resource Recovery	4,970	5,194	5,411	5,666	6,433	6,564	6,773	6,880	7,007	7,21
	/ater										
101	Water	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	52	53	5
	/astewater										
1,303	Wastewater	1,173	1,203	1,235	1,267	1,299	1,329	1,359	1,389	1,419	1,44
	tormwater										
7	Stormwater	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	upporting the Organisation										
230	Governance and Active Citizenship	399	510	329	229	347	238	242	378	251	25
4,653	Organisational performance	4,565	4,656	4,679	4,697	4,787	4,874	4,962	5,048	5,135	5,22
41,184 To	otal Revenue	44,570	45,672	46,527	47,509	49,310	50,275	51,693	51,525	49,706	50,69
Ex	xpenses										
Aı	n innovative and growing city										
16,163	Housing	20,704	20,551	21,333	22,119	23,132	23,909	24,999	24,535	22,783	23,7
868	Urban Design	1,086	1,201	1,529	1,888	1,909	1,911	2,039	2,551	3,388	3,37
7,067	Economic Development	8,884	8,927	9,099	9,145	9,371	9,686	9,934	10,159	10,340	10,4
Tı	ransport										
5,129	Active and Public Transport	5,461	6,398	7,373	7,946	8,843	9,568	9,970	10,268	11,047	11,2
26,460	Roading	30,516	31,903	34,902	37,077	38,147	41,739	42,873	43,607	44,920	46,72
	creative and exciting city	•	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•
26,803	Recreation and play	27,525	28,710	30,446	30,536	32,369	35,017	35,647	36,116	37,505	38,09

5,424

3,727

Roading
A creative and exciting city
Recreation and play

	hole of Council	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
12,427	Arts and Heritage	13,904	14,325	15,213	16,201	17,203	18,256	19,672	20,779	21,739	23,118
A	connected and safe community										
4,446	Community safety and health	4,303	4,237	4,263	4,401	4,672	4,967	5,233	5,466	5,619	5,744
11,145	City Library	12,102	11,769	12,799	13,260	14,105	15,044	15,314	15,995	16,571	17,113
7,687	Community support	11,309	11,805	13,248	14,060	14,701	15,330	15,962	16,527	16,903	17,210
Α:	sustainable and resilient city										
1,775	Biodiversity and the Manawatu River	2,206	2,391	2,882	3,341	3,190	3,283	3,402	3,474	3,525	3,597
10,887	Resource Recovery	11,188	12,014	11,956	12,439	13,610	14,601	15,137	15,575	15,813	16,239
687	Climate change mitigation and adaption	1,506	1,595	1,733	1,880	2,041	2,206	2,367	2,528	2,665	2,785
W	ater										
12,476	Water	13,288	13,900	15,172	16,330	17,766	19,223	20,094	20,826	22,136	22,602
W	astewater										
12,890	Wastewater	15,447	16,139	17,613	18,619	19,846	22,789	25,477	27,576	33,130	37,804
St	ormwater										
5,394	Stormwater	6,746	7,168	7,883	8,567	9,298	10,268	10,924	11,528	12,307	12,490
Su	pporting the Organisation										
10,285	Governance and Active Citizenship	8,682	8,661	8,782	8,475	9,223	9,597	10,066	10,725	10,989	11,010
7,185	Organisational performance	7,067	10,606	10,390	8,204	4,191	359	4,400	7,885	10,318	11,032
			-		-	-		-			
179,775 To	tal Expenses	201,924	212,300	226,617	234,489	243,618	257,033	264,711	270,353	281,061	292,361
.38,590 NE	ET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	157,354	166,628	180,090	186,980	194,309	206,758	213,018	218,828	231,355	241,663
Ra	ating Requirement										
	ss Depreciation	(49,614)	(50,875)	(55,373)	(58,827)	(61,164)	(67,206)	(71,763)	(75,598)	(83,007)	(86,724)
	ss Transfers To/(From) Reserves	(5,840)	(3,961)	(1,826)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)
	us Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	28,675	30,996	32,291	34,506	36,332	38,623	39,925	40,276	40,914	38,218
	us Debt Repayment	7,721	9,627	12,420	20,170	26,918	30,522	39,200	49,695	53,463	59,521
,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-,-			.,		,		,	
24.246 RA	ATES REQUIREMENT	138,296	152,416	167,603	182,776	196,341	208,642	220,324	233,143	242,666	252,617
		11.3%	10.2%	10.0%	9.1%	7.4%	6.3%	5.6%	5.8%	4.1%	4.1%
Ca	pital Expenditure										
Ca	pital Renewals										
	innovative and growing city										
531	Housing	400	408	417	426	435	443	451	459	468	98 <b>47</b> 6
1,301	Economic Development	823	998	1,051	963	1,043	808	688	700	713	~ P 7 5 6
Tr	ansport										STO
1,103	Active and Public Transport	2,050	2,091	2,191	2,242	2,346	2,395	2,500	2,550	2,601	2,650
E 424	D	0.120	0.404	10 10 1	10.750	11 005	14 726	17.075	22.027	22.002	24.47

10,404

3,657

10,750

6,774

11,805

3,740

14,726

3,876

17,975

4,191

9,120

3,005

9,404

4,968

23,027

3,372

23,902

3,627

2023/24 \$'000s 565		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
565		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
	Arts and Heritage	535	546	558	666	571	581	592	603	614	625
	connected and safe community										
92	Community safety and health	102	171	205	156	152	172	165	161	243	174
1,153	City Library	1,010	1,087	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,446
864	Community support	852	459	583	429	460	446	451	490	654	480
	sustainable and resilient city										
298	Biodiversity and the Manawatu River	129	72	69	126	134	281	133	157	204	224
486	Resource Recovery	631	525	376	691	705	829	465	1,250	493	518
	Vater 💮 💮										
5,380	Water	5,010	5,482	5,931	7,215	7,240	7,704	10,218	8,308	8,124	8,285
	Vastewater Page 1981										
4,384	Wastewater	4,753	5,431	5,152	5,065	6,768	7,209	7,200	6,048	6,719	6,613
S	tormwater										
230	Stormwater	350	615	579	351	360	368	377	326	332	339
S	upporting the Organisation										
2,391	Organisational performance	3,823	3,238	3,193	3,308	3,036	3,955	3,185	4,876	3,938	3,394
27,929 To	otal Capital Renewals	32,592	35,496	36,062	40,474	40,131	45,183	49,758	53,683	53,977	54,194
	n innovative and growing city	4.000	6 627	6 702						9 770	9 027
2,818	Housing	4,000	6,637	6,783	-	-	-	-	-	8,770	8,927
443	Urban Design	109	5,109	5,226	9	9	121	8,531	8,702	10	10
80	Economic Development	-	-	-	107	467	133	130	115	210	214
	ransport										
12,455	Active and Public Transport	7,200	12,750	17,531	22,738	7,419	12,587	7,726	12,748	7,684	13,251
14,662	Roading	13,155	15,535	21,267	24,798	20,871	14,514	13,782	12,783	45,073	49,425
	creative and exciting city										
7,312	Recreation and play	3,891	6,832	7,574	10,562	13,471	6,515	1,278	426	363	434
3,784	Arts and Heritage	2,000	6,637	6,783	31,962	32,601	33,219	33,849	8,615	8,770	5,952
Α	connected and safe community										
-	Community safety and health	85	174	99	101	103	105	107	17	18	18
-	City Library	25	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
729	Community support	1,364	21,277	14,596	336	460	522	478	363	495	447
	sustainable and resilient city										
668	Biodiversity and the Manawatu River	835	7,089	7,298	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1,136	Resource Recovery	2,080	5,943	625	3,439	1,605	1,456	407	277	282	287
1,092	Climate change mitigation and adaption	1,085	1,179	1,205	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,134	1,154	1,175	1,196
	/ater										
W											
<b>6</b> ,987	Water	7,525	8,804	7,884	12,057	8,188	8,281	3,615	10,385	7,873	2,247
<b>6</b> ,987		7,525 10,240	8,804 15,980	7,884 17,464	12,057 89,016	8,188 92,875	8,281 103,791	3,615 157,900	10,385 120,352	7,873 56,374	2,247 26,108

	ole of Council	LTP 2024									
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
	ormwater										
5,764	Stormwater	4,743	4,368	7,683	6,395	5,620	5,846	4,214	6,677	3,494	2,730
	pporting the Organisation										
138	Governance and Active Citizenship	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
270	Organisational performance	1,265	961	2,339	2,192	850	838	685	640	622	633
65,415 Tota	al Capital New	59,600	119,288	124,356	204,814	185,664	189,076	233,870	183,286	141,249	111,914
Сар	pital Growth										
Tra	insport										
-	Roading	4,420	3,794	10,665	6,213	11,095	12,721	6,897	20,883	7,175	22,911
A c	reative and exciting city										
-	Recreation and play	273	501	4,758	2,943	2,240	1,505	3,008	3,480	3,043	783
Wa	ter										
-	Water	3,269	4,503	7,352	8,381	8,134	8,098	10,834	8,324	2,297	3,209
Wa	stewater										
-	Wastewater	104	461	3,316	3,583	6,599	8,211	6,199	3,967	3,929	555
Sto	ormwater										
-	Stormwater	4,244	3,911	3,619	4,344	7,387	18,700	19,029	2,191	1,925	432
- Tota	al Capital Growth	12,309	13,171	29,710	25,463	35,456	49,235	45,968	38,845	18,369	27,891
93,344 Tot	tal Capital Expenditure	104,501	167,954	190,128	270,751	261,250	283,494	329,597	275,814	213,595	193,999
Fur	nded By										
17,725 Exte	ernal Revenue New / Growth	21,527	28,621	39,508	140,972	142,595	169,589	232,452	164,469	94,781	79,387
- Exte	ernal Revenue Renewal	5,549	6,306	6,269	6,468	7,055	8,746	10,274	13,734	13,634	13,657
3,249 Dev	velopment Contributions	1,961	2,211	2,958	3,711	4,710	5,593	6,175	6,388	6,558	6,626
- Rate	es .	28,675	30,996	32,291	34,506	36,332	38,623	39,925	40,276	40,914	38,218
72,370 Nev	v Borrowing / (Repayment)	46,789	99,820	109,102	85,094	70,557	60,943	40,771	50,947	57,708	56,111
93,344 Tota	al	104,501	167,954	190,128	270,751	261,250	283,494	329,597	275,814	213,595	193,999



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### **Housing - Activity Financial Statements Budget** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s Revenue 3,261 3,326 3,399 3,474 3,547 3,687 3,757 3,828 3,897 3,198 Social Housing 3,618 4,950 Building Services 4,837 4,933 5,042 5,153 5,261 5,366 5,468 5,572 5,678 5,780 1,050 Housing and Future development 3,443 3,512 3,589 3,668 3,745 3,821 3,893 2,645 1,333 1,309 1,337 1,467 Planning Services - Private 1,367 1,450 1,534 1,648 1,766 1,829 1,862 12,874 10,665 Total Revenue 13,080 13,368 13,661 14,003 14,339 14,697 13,740 11,335 11,539 **Expenses** 4,570 Social Housing 5,646 5,927 6,593 7,198 7,344 7,479 7,744 7,809 7,807 7,934 7,380 Building Services 6,864 6,971 8,640 9,114 9,441 9,699 6,615 6,728 7,522 8,113 1,160 Housing and Future development 6,026 5,936 5,899 5,758 5,906 5.915 4,765 2,582 3,080 5,779 1,621 Planning Services - Private 1,295 1,232 1,253 1,298 1,400 1,507 1,603 1,690 1,752 1,801 1,432 Planning Services - Public 841 861 894 961 1,031 873 1,096 1,156 1,201 1,237 16,163 Total Expenses 20,704 20,551 21,333 22,119 23,132 23,909 24,999 24,535 22,783 23,751 5,498 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 7,830 7,471 7,966 8,458 9,129 9,570 10,302 10,795 11,447 12,212 **Rating Requirement** (1,471) Less Depreciation (1,367)(1,420) (1,508)(1,723) (1,723)(1,723)(1,887)(1,887)(1,887)(2,068)- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves - Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 409 417 426 435 443 451 459 468 477 487 1,676 402 Plus Debt Repayment 323 339 554 1,121 1,499 2,261 2,983 3,236 3,677 4,429 RATES REQUIREMENT 7,195 6,808 7,437 8,289 9,347 9,974 11,136 12,359 13,272 14,308 **Capital Expenditure** 531 Renewal 400 408 417 426 435 443 451 459 468 476 2,818 New 4,000 6,637 6,783 8,770 8,927 Growth 3,349 Total Capital Expenditure 4,400 7,045 7,200 426 435 443 451 459 9,237 9,403 **Funded By** 955 External Revenue New / Growth 4,000 ---External Revenue Renewal **Development Contributions** - Rates 409 417 426 435 443 451 459 468 477 487 2,394 New Borrowing / (Repayment) (9) 6,628 6,774 (8) (8) (8) (8) 8,760 8,916 (8) 3,349 Total 4,400 7,045 7,200 426 435 443 451 459 9,237 9,403

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Housing	- Capital	New / Gro	owth									
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1459 - Social Housing - Additional Social Housing Units	0%	100%	4,000	6,637	6,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2236 - Urban Growth - Huia Street Reserve - Community Housing	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,770	8,927
TOTAL			4,000	6,637	6,783	-	-	-	-	-	8,770	8,927
Funded Externally			4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			-	6,637	6,783	-	-	-	-	-	8,770	8,927



### Housing - Capital Renewal 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s **\$'000s** 476 Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s 400 417 435 443 451 459 468 180 - Social Housing - Renewals 100% 408 426 476 TOTAL 400 408 417 426 435 443 451 459 468 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 476 400 408 426 451 468

Housing -Operational												
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1613 - Kakatangiata District Plan Change	0%	100%	150	204	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
2433 - Aokautere District Plan Change	0%	100%	200	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2434 - Te Utanganui Master Plan Implementation	0%	100%	250	255	261	266	272	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			600	663	521	266	272	-	-	-	-	-
Funded Externally			=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			600	663	521	266	272	-	-	-	-	-



Urban Design	- Activity Fina	ncial Stateme	ents							
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Revenue										
- Total Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses										
493 City Centre	692	764	1,084	1,430	1,425	1,453	1,554	2,041	2,862	2,836
48 Place activation	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
20 Placemaking	37	37	38	39	40	42	43	44	46	46
307 Urban Design	351	394	402	413	438	411	435	460	476	487
868 Total Expenses	1,086	1,201	1,529	1,888	1,909	1,911	2,039	2,551	3,388	3,375
868 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	1,086	1,201	1,529	1,888	1,909	1,911	2,039	2,551	3,388	3,375
Rating Requirement										
(15) Less Depreciation	(26)	(30)	(215)	(389)	(390)	(424)	(428)	(713)	(1,092)	(1,092)
<ul> <li>Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves</li> </ul>										
Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)										
91 Plus Debt Repayment	83	80	136	261	313	338	410	589	737	803
944 RATES REQUIREMENT	1,142	1,251	1,450	1,759	1,832	1,824	2,021	2,427	3,033	3,086
Capital Expenditure										
Renewal										
443 New	109	5,109	5,226	9	9	121	8,531	8,702	10	10
Growth										
443 Total Capital Expenditure	109	5,109	5,226	9	9	121	8,531	8,702	10	10
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	51	2,601	2,661	-	-	57	4,346	4,433	-	
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										
- Rates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
443 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	58	2,508	2,565	9	9	64	4,185	4,269	10	10
443 Total	109	5,109	5,226	9	9	121	8,531	8,702	10	10

	Cusuals	100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Urban Design	Growth	LOS New / Gr	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Olbuli besign	Cupitai	itell / Gi	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
1330 - City Centre - Placemaking Implementation	0%	100%	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
2077 - City Centre - Cuba Street Upgrade Stage 3	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,841	2,897	-	-
2122 - City Centre - Streets for People Upgrade	0%	100%	100	5,100	5,218	-	-	111	5,681	5,795	-	-
TOTAL			109	F 100	F 226	0	0	121	0 F21	0.702	10	10
Funded Externally			51	<b>5,109</b> 2,601	<b>5,226</b> 2,661		9	<b>121</b> 57	<b>8,531</b> 4,346	<b>8,702</b> 4,433		10
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			58	2,501	2,565	9	9	64	4,185	4,269	10	10



### 2032/33 \$'000s 2033/34 \$'000s 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 \$'000s LOS \$'000s \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s **Urban Design - Capital Renewal** 2024/25 2025/26 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 LOS Growth \$'000s 100% TOTAL Funded Externally Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) -

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Urban Design	-Operatio	nal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
2054 - Funding Palmy BID group	0%	100%	250	255	261	267	273	278	284	290	296	301
2521 - Supporting Certification of Green Buildings Standards	0%	100%	-	51	52	53	55	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			250	306	313	320	327	278	284	290	296	301
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			250	306	313	320	327	278	284	290	296	301



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### **Economic Development - Activity Financial Statements Budget** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s Revenue 252 257 263 268 274 280 285 290 296 301 271 Investment Property - Investments in Companies (including Airport) 150 153 156 160 163 166 170 173 176 179 106 City Marketing 111 113 115 118 120 123 125 128 130 132 137 145 154 157 159 Economic Development 131 134 140 142 148 151 880 898 917 937 957 976 995 1,033 1,052 965 Conference & Function Centre 1.014 - International Relations 34 35 36 36 37 38 39 39 40 41 1,501 Total Revenue 1,558 1,589 1,624 1,660 1,695 1,729 1.761 1,795 1,829 1,862 **Expenses** 934 399 Investment Property 720 720 733 750 783 821 856 894 918 616 Investments 351 228 263 135 140 144 149 154 159 165 392 Investments in Companies (including Airport) 442 442 442 429 403 372 320 242 156 58 524 City Marketing 294 295 298 301 306 311 315 320 323 326 2,467 Economic Development 3,809 3,985 4,029 4,099 4,227 4,493 4,723 4,831 4,369 4,613 1,825 Conference & Function Centre 1,978 1,960 2,001 2,063 2,153 2,250 2,324 2,401 2,464 2,503 387 Economic Events 702 711 727 744 685 706 725 745 762 776 457 International Relations 587 585 606 623 674 712 751 791 835 856 8,927 9,099 7,067 Total Expenses 8,884 9,145 9,371 9,686 9,934 10,159 10,340 10,448 5,566 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 7,326 7,338 7,475 7,485 7,677 7,957 8,173 8,365 8,511 8,586 Rating Requirement (767) (767) (767)(767) (771)(792) (802) (808) (830) (662) Less Depreciation (814)- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves (240)(133)(156)(53) (54) (55) (57) (58) (59) (60) 1,196 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 630 957 1,004 1,019 938 846 732 701 723 676 38 Plus Debt Repayment 32 33 35 286 539 643 1,024 1,525 1,676 1,927 6,137 RATES REQUIREMENT 10,253 7,307 7,475 7,605 7,889 8,237 8,484 9,039 9,747 9,991 Capital Expenditure 823 998 963 756 1,301 Renewal 1,051 1,043 808 688 700 713 80 New 107 467 133 130 115 210 214 Growth 1,380 Total Capital Expenditure 823 998 1,070 1,051 1,510 941 818 815 924 970

Economic Developme	nt - Activity Fina	ncial Stateme	ents							
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	=	-	-	-	359	133	130	115	210	214
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										
1,196 Rates	957	1,004	1,019	938	846	732	701	723	676	630
2,576 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	(134)	(6)	32	132	305	76	(13)	(23)	37	126
1,380 Total	823	998	1,051	1,070	1,510	941	818	815	924	970



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		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
- Capital	New / Gro	wth									
		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
0%	100%	-	-	=	-	359	133	130	115	210	214
0%	100%	-	-	-	107	109	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	107	467	133	130	115	210	214
		-	-	=.	-	359	133	130	115	210	214
		-	-	-	107	109	-	-	-	-	-
	- Capital Growth	- Capital New / Gro Growth LOS 0% 100%	- Capital New / Growth           2024/25           Growth         LOS         \$'000s           0%         100%         -           0%         100%         -           -         -         -	Growth   LOS   \$'000s   \$'000s   - Capital New / Growth	Capital New / Growth   COS   \$'000s   \$'000s	Capital New / Growth   Cos   \$'000s   \$'000s	Growth LOS         \$'000s         \$'0	Growth LOS         \$'000s         \$'0	Growth LOS         \$'000s         \$'0	Growth   LOS   \$'000s   \$'00	Growth LOS         \$'000s         \$'0

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Economic Development			<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>	Ψ 0003	Ψ 0003	<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>	Ψ 0003	<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>	<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>	<del>4 0003</del>	<del>4 0003</del>	<del>\$ 0003</del>
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
85 - Depot - Buildings and Structures Renewals	0	100%	120	102	83	85	87	89	90	92	94	95
251 - Conference & Function Centre -	0	100%	37	134	242	142	254	170	38	39	39	70
270 - Holiday Park - Renewals	0	100%	300	306	313	320	326	166	169	172	175	179
272 - Staff Cafeteria - Replacement of Equipment	0	100%	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7
664 - Conference & Function Centre - Renewals	0	100%	50	133	104	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
1166 - Conference & Function Centre -	0	100%	74	76	78	79	81	82	84	85	87	89
1730 - Information Centre - Building Renewals	0	100%	20	20	21	21	22	22	23	23	23	24
1753 - Investment Properties - Building Renewals	0	100%	50	51	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1791 - Parks Depot - Building Renewals	0	100%	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1943 - Information Centre Refurbishment	0	100%	-	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-
1970 - Gordon Kear Forest Culvert Replacements	0	100%	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	41	42	43
2022 - Property - Hard Surfaces Renewals	0	100%	100	102	104	107	109	111	113	115	117	119
TOTAL			823	998	1,051	963	1,043	808	688	700	713	756
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	- 1 0 1 0	-	-			
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			823	998	1,051	963	1,043	808	688	700	713	756



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### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS Growth \$'000s **Economic Development -Operational** 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s 2249 - Rural Games Support Funding 0% 100% 75 77 78 80 0% 2446 - Massey University Food Awards 100% 12 41 2448 - Manawatu Jet's Sponsorship 0% 100% 22 22 23 2488 - Business sustainability fund 0% 100% 301 424 434 443 452 462 470 479 488 497 2522 - Major Schools Sports Event Partnership 0% 100% 30 31 31 32 33 33 34 35 35 36 Fund (\$264,741) Increased Funding 2525 - Central District Hind's Sponsorship 0% 100% 20 20 21 TOTAL 460 615 587 555 485 495 504 514 524 533 Funded Externally 10 10 10 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 450 576 555 485 495 504 514 524 533 605

Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000
Revenue	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	
868 Active Transport	890	908	929	950	971	991	1,011	1,031	1,052	1,07
150 Footpaths	157	160	164	168	172	175	179	182	186	18
139 Public Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,157 Total Revenue	1,047	1,068	1,093	1,118	1,143	1,167	1,190	1,214	1,238	1,26
Expenses										
2,535 Active Transport	1,559	2,077	2,617	2,878	3,272	3,660	4,060	4,392	4,869	5,17
2,372 Footpaths	3,610	3,704	3,956	4,007	4,058	4,369	4,420	4,472	4,815	4,86
223 Public Transport	293	617	799	1,061	1,513	1,538	1,489	1,404	1,363	1,24
5,129 Total Expenses	5,461	6,398	7,373	7,946	8,843	9,568	9,970	10,268	11,047	11,28
3,972 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	4,414	5,330	6,280	6,828	7,700	8,401	8,780	9,055	9,809	10,02
Rating Requirement										
(1,789) Less Depreciation	(2,683)	(2,807)	(3,231)	(3,567)	(3,974)	(4,468)	(4,671)	(4,809)	(5,447)	(5,57
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
706 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	1,034	1,066	1,107	1,140	1,183	1,216	1,249	1,274	1,302	1,56
480 Plus Debt Repayment	322	395	512	1,083	1,705	1,951	2,645	3,448	3,815	4,29
3,369 RATES REQUIREMENT	3,088	3,984	4,668	5,485	6,613	7,099	8,003	8,968	9,479	10,30
Capital Expenditure										
1,103 Renewal	2,050	2,091	2,191	2,242	2,346	2,395	2,500	2,550	2,601	2,65
12,455 New	7,200	12,750	17,531	22,738	7,419	12,587	7,726	12,748	7,684	13,25
Growth										
13,558 Total Capital Expenditure	9,250	14,841	19,722	24,980	9,764	14,982	10,226	15,297	10,284	15,90
Funded By										
11,778 External Revenue New / Growth	3,570	6,398	8,941	11,596	3,784	6,419	3,940	6,501	3,919	6,7
- External Revenue Renewal	1,046	1,066	1,118	1,143	1,196	1,221	1,275	1,300	1,326	3839
Development Contributions										RST
706 Rates	1,034	1,066	1,107	1,140	1,183	1,216	1,249	1,274	1,302	1,56
2,486 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	3,600	6,311	8,557	11,100	3,602	6,125	3,761	6,222	3,738	6,22
13,558 Total	9,250	14,841	19,722	24,980	9,764	14,982	10,226	15,297	10,284	15,90

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Active and Public Transport	- Capital	New / Gr	owth									
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
243 - City Centre - Transit Hub Redevelopment	0%	100%	-	-	10,435	10,675	-	-	-	-	-	-
1121 - Tennent Drive - Safety Improvements - Food HQ & Massey	0%	100%	200	1,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1559 - City-wide - Cycling Network Improvements	0%	100%	500	5,100	522	5,338	546	5,570	568	5,795	591	6,023
1680 - City-wide - Public Transport - Network Improvements	0%	100%	500	510	522	534	546	557	568	579	591	602
2057 - City-wide - Shared Pathways - New and Link Improvements	0%	100%	5,000	5,100	5,218	5,338	5,455	5,570	5,681	5,795	5,911	6,023
2231 - City-wide - Public Transport - Transport Choices - Additional Bus Shelters	0%	100%	200	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2368 - City-wide - Footpaths - New	0%	100%	500	510	522	534	546	557	568	579	591	602
2505 - City-wide - Shared Pathways - Slip Prevention	0%	100%	300	306	313	320	327	334	341	-	-	_
TOTAL			7,200	12,750	17,531	22,738	7,419	12,587	7,726	12,748	7,684	13,251
Funded Externally			3,570	6,398	8,941	11,596	3,784	6,419	3,940	6,501	3,919	6,758
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			3,630	6,352	8,590	11,141	3,635	6,168	3,786	6,246	3,765	6,493

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Active and Public Transport	t - Capital	Renewal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
64 - City-wide - Footpath - Renewals	0	100%	1,150	1,173	1,252	1,281	1,364	1,392	1,477	1,507	1,537	1,566
181 - City-wide - Public Transport Infrastructure	0	100%	150	153	157	160	164	167	170	174	177	181
2256 - Bunnythorpe - Transport - Footpath Renewals	0	100%	50	51	52	53	55	56	57	58	59	60
2371 - City-wide - Cycling Network - Renewals	0	100%	300	306	313	320	327	334	341	348	355	361
2372 - City-wide - Streetscape - Renewals	0	100%	50	51	52	53	55	56	57	58	59	60
2373 - City-wide - Shared Pathways - Renewals	0	100%	300	306	313	320	327	334	341	348	355	361
2383 - City-wide - Active Transport Supporting Infrastructure - Renewals	0	100%	50	51	52	53	55	56	57	58	59	60
TOTAL			2,050	2,091	2,191	2,242	2,346	2,395	2,500	2,550	2,601	2,650
Funded Externally			1,046	1,066	1,118	1,143	1,196	1,221	1,275	1,300	1,326	1,352
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			1,005	1,025	1,074	1,098	1,149	1,173	1,225	1,249	1,274	1,299



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### 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2033/34 \$'000s Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s **Active and Public Transport -Operational** 2031/32 2032/33 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2033/34 2024/25 Growth LOS \$'000s 2464 - City Centre Transport Indicative Business 0% 100% 75 Case 2473 - Roads and Streets Framework 0% 100% 63 2476 - Bus Hub Detailed Business Case 0% 100% 230 235 TOTAL 75 230 297 Funded Externally 38 117 152 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 37 112 146

Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
Revenue	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
3,976 Roads	4,221	4,306	4,405	4,506	4,605	4,702	4,796	4,892	4,990	5,0
5,522 Parking	6,157	6,305	6,450	6,599	6,744	6,885	7,023	7,164	7,307	7,4
176 Street Facilities	185	188	193	197	202	206	210	214	218	2
413 Street Lighting	434	443	453	464	474	484	493	503	513	5
10,088 Total Revenue	10,997	11,242	11,501	11,765	12,024	12,277	12,523	12,773	13,029	13,2
Expenses										
18,183 Roads	17,847	19,266	21,806	23,784	24,432	27,241	28,052	28,568	29,467	31,3
- Traffic Services	161	164	168	171	175	179	182	186	190	1
3,287 Parking	3,838	3,700	3,762	3,833	4,105	4,400	4,660	4,901	5,074	5,2
2,920 Street Facilities	6,181	6,272	6,559	6,716	6,949	7,424	7,674	7,939	8,367	8,4
2,070 Street Lighting	2,488	2,501	2,608	2,573	2,486	2,495	2,305	2,014	1,822	1,4
26,460 Total Expenses	30,516	31,903	34,902	37,077	38,147	41,739	42,873	43,607	44,920	46,7
16,371 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	19,519	20,661	23,401	25,311	26,123	29,462	30,350	30,834	31,891	33,4
Rating Requirement										
(9,086) Less Depreciation	(12,296)	(12,485)	(13,658)	(14,054)	(14,425)	(16,111)	(16,457)	(16,735)	(18,716)	(19,3
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
3,264 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	4,876	5,145	5,541	6,250	7,434	9,270	10,772	11,838	12,114	10,9
1,580 Plus Debt Repayment	1,289	1,478	1,651	2,881	4,121	4,747	6,551	8,730	9,548	10,8
12,130 RATES REQUIREMENT	13,387	14,799	16,936	20,388	23,253	27,368	31,217	34,667	34,837	35,9
Capital Expenditure										
5,424 Renewal	9,120	9,404	10,404	10,750	11,805	14,726	17,975	23,027	23,902	24,4
14,662 New	13,155	15,535	21,267	24,798	20,871	14,514	13,782	12,783	45,073	49,4
- Growth	4,420	3,794	10,665	6,213	11,095	12,721	6,897	20,883	7,175	22,9
20,086 Total Capital Expenditure	26,695	28,733	42,335	41,761	43,771	41,961	38,654	56,693	76,151	96,8
Funded By										07
4,229 External Revenue New / Growth	6,401	8,089	13,677	12,549	13,151	11,355	11,344	24,770	27,477	44,4
- External Revenue Renewal	4,503	4,645	5,152	5,324	5,859	7,345	8,999	11,573	12,015	12,
1,022 Development Contributions	414	467	625	784	995	1,182	1,305	1,350	1,386	1,
3,264 Rates	4,876	5,145	5,541	6,250	7,434	9,270	10,772	11,838	12,114	10,9
18,099 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	10,501	10,386	17,340	16,853	16,332	12,808	6,233	7,163	23,158	27,7
20,086 Total	26,695	28,733	42,335	41,761	43,771	41,961	38,654	56,693	76,151	96,8

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Poading	Growth	LOS New / Gro	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Roading - Capital New / Growth 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33												2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
159 - Kelvin Grove Road - Safety Improvements	0%	100%	1,000	1,020	1,044	2,135	2,182	2,228	2,272	-	-	-
201 - Urban Growth - Transport - Development Contributions Top-up	100%	0%	220	224	230	235	240	245	250	255	260	265
1003 - Whakarongo - Intersection - Safety Improvements	25%	75%	1,200	510	5,739	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1681 - Urban Growth - Kikiwhenua - Transport	75%	25%	3,000	3,060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	964
1804 - City-wide - Road Drainage - Additional Drainage Upgrades	0%	100%	120	122	125	128	131	134	136	139	142	145
1807 - City-wide - Car Park Infrastructure Improvements	0%	100%	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1944 - Villages - Transport - Road Upgrades to Urban Standard	0%	100%	300	1,224	313	1,281	327	1,337	341	1,391	355	1,446
2013 - PNITI – Strategic Transport Corridor Improvements	25%	75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,099	36,138
2058 - Urban Growth - NEIZ - New Roads	75%	25%	-	-	4,696	5,978	6,110	6,238	-	-	-	-
2123 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata - New Roads	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,704	13,907	1,773	14,455
2124 - Urban Growth - Ashhurst - New Roads	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	382	1,782	398	2,086	414	2,409
2204 - City-wide - Street Racer Prevention	0%	100%	60	61	63	64	65	67	68	70	71	72
2335 - Stoney Creek Road - Safety Improvements	0%	100%	500	3,264	4,800	3,416	-	-	-	-	-	-
2359 - PNITI - Bunnythorpe - Bridge Replacements	25%	75%	-	-	1,044	7,473	7,637	-	-	-	-	-
2362 - City-wide - Transport - Bridge Improvements	0%	100%	200	816	835	854	873	891	909	927	946	964
2380 - City-wide - Transport - Emergency Reinstatements	0%	100%	250	255	261	267	273	278	284	290	296	301
2389 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Transport Improvements	49%	51%	-	-	-	-	4,364	4,456	4,545	4,636	4,728	4,818
2390 - City-wide - Transport - Low Cost/ Low Risk and Road to Zero	0%	100%	8,000	8,160	8,348	8,540	8,728	8,911	9,090	9,271	9,457	9,637
2428 - City-wide - Street Trees - New and Replacements	0%	100%	600	612	626	641	655	668	682	695	709	723
2456 - Cliff Road Upgrade - Te Motu O Poutoa	0%	100%	500	-	3,809	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
2526 - Amberley Avenue Bridge	0%	100%	1,125		· <u>-</u>			=		-		-
TOTAL			17,575	19,329	31,931	31,011	31,966	27,235	20,679	33,666	52,249	72,336
Funded Externally			6,401	8,089	13,677	12,549	13,151	11,355	11,344	24,770	27,477	44,418
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			11,175	11,240	18,254	18,462	18,815	15,880	9,334	8,896	24,771	27,918

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Roading	- Capital	Renewal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
74 - City-wide - Street Light Renewals	0	100%	500	510	522	534	546	557	568	579	591	602
82 - City-wide - Off-Street Parking - Renewals	0	100%	150	153	157	160	164	167	170	174	177	181
115 - City-wide - Sealed Roads - Pavement	0	100%	3,100	3,264	3,444	3,630	3,819	4,010	5,113	4,404	4,610	4,818
122 - City-wide - Road Drainage Renewals	0	100%	500	510	574	587	655	668	1,023	753	827	843
139 - City-wide - Sealed Road Resurfacing	0	100%	3,200	3,264	3,757	3,843	4,364	4,456	5,113	5,215	5,319	5,421
162 - City-wide - Vehicle Crossing Renewals	0	100%	140	143	146	149	153	156	159	162	165	169
2357 - Bunnythorpe - Transport - Pavement Renewals	0	100%	200	204	209	214	218	2,785	3,409	232	236	241
2375 - City-wide - Unsealed Roads - Resurfacing	0	100%	100	102	104	107	109	111	114	116	118	120
2376 - City-wide - Traffic Services - Renewals	0	100%	600	612	730	747	873	891	1,136	1,043	1,182	1,205
2377 - City-wide - Transport - Environmental	0	100%	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	35	35	36
2379 - City-wide - Transport - Structural	0	100%	600	612	730	747	873	891	1,136	1,043	1,182	1,205
2453 - City-wide - Transport - Bridge	0	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,271	9,457	9,637
TOTAL			9,120	9,404	10,404	10,750	11,805	14,726	17,975	23,027	23,902	24,477
Funded Externally			4,503	4,645	5,152	5,324	5,859	7,345	8,999	11,573	12,015	12,305
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			4,617	4,759	5,252	5,425	5,946	7,380	8,976	11,455	11,887	12,172



			2024/25	2025/24	2024/20	2027/20	2020/20	2020/20	2020/24	2024/22	2022/22	2022/24
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
D I'm	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s							
Roading	g -Operatio	nai	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/20	2020/20	2020/20	2020/21	2024 /22	2022/22	2022/24
	Cusuals	100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
1977 - Business Case - Milson Line Rail	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s							
Overbridge	0%	100%	-	-	678	694	-	-	-	-	-	-
2001 - Business Case - Stoney Creek Road Upgrade	0%	100%	-	-	678	374	-	-	-	-	-	-
2477 - Regional Freight Ring Road Indicative 2478 - Palmerston North Integrated Transport	0%	100%	-	510	470	480	-	-	-	-	-	-
Initiative Immediate Improvements Business Case	0%	100%	-	-	-	214	273	-	-	-	-	-
2479 - Regional Freight Ring Road Detailed Business Case - Section 1	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	709	1,058	-	-	-	-
2480 - Regional Freight Ring Road Detailed Business Case - Section 2	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	1,058	739	-	-	-
2481 - Regional Freight Ring Road Detailed	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,136	1,738	-	-
2484 - Te Utunganui Transport Improvements Business Case	0%	100%	-	-	-	480	491	-	-	-	-	-
2485 - Aokautere Urban Growth Business Case	0%	100%	450	459	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2487 - Parking Management Plans	0%	100%	50	51	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			500	1,020	1,878	2,242	1,473	2,116	1,875	1,738	-	-
Funded Externally			230	494	239	599	751	1,079	956	887	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			271	526	1,639	1,643	722	1,037	919	852	-	

Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	ents LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 20
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
Revenue	¥ 0003	<b>\$ 0003</b>	φ 0003	<b>\$ 0003</b>	<b>\$ 0003</b>	¥ 0003	<b>\$ 0003</b>	¥ 0003	<b>\$ 0003</b>	<b>4</b> 0.
2,214 Central Energy Trust Arena	2,562	2,613	2,671	2,729	2,787	2,843	2,897	2,952	3,008	3,
922 City Reserves	1,203	1,227	1,253	1,281	1,308	1,334	1,360	1,385	1,412	1,
141 Local Reserves	69	70	72	74	75	77	78	79	81	-
129 Sportsfields	163	166	169	173	177	180	184	187	191	
- Swimming Pools	5	5	5	5	5	36	315	317	323	
Ownining 1 dois							313	317	323	
3,407 Total Revenue	4,001	4,081	4,171	4,262	4,352	4,470	4,833	4,921	5,014	5
Expenses										
9,168 Central Energy Trust Arena	10,035	10,215	12,393	11,962	13,028	15,376	15,460	15,712	16,891	17
4,736 City Reserves	5,313	5,370	5,515	5,611	5,693	5,676	5,630	5,422	5,164	4
6,222 Local Reserves	4,300	4,185	4,386	4,673	4,883	5,205	5,525	5,801	6,082	6
2,792 Sportsfields	4,166	5,068	4,347	4,432	4,843	4,744	4,816	4,912	5,051	į
937 Support to recreation groups	657	666	677	687	698	710	721	732	742	
2,947 Swimming Pools	3,053	3,206	3,130	3,172	3,224	3,306	3,495	3,536	3,575	
26,803 Total Expenses	27,525	28,710	30,446	30,536	32,369	35,017	35,647	36,116	37,505	38
23,396 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	23,523	24,629	26,276	26,274	28,017	30,548	30,815	31,195	32,491	32,
Rating Requirement										
(7,871) Less Depreciation	(7,850)	(7,930)	(8,065)	(8,515)	(8,754)	(9,041)	(9,699)	(9,857)	(9,922)	(10
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves	-	(867)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,912 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	3,678	4,935	4,724	4,797	3,936	3,813	3,730	3,578	3,614	
1,390 Plus Debt Repayment	1,178	1,338	1,707	3,163	4,725	5,686	7,852	10,392	11,279	17
19,827 RATES REQUIREMENT	20,530	22,104	24,641	25,719	27,924	31,005	32,698	35,309	37,462	38
Capital Expenditure										
3,727 Renewal	3,005	4,968	3,657	6,774	3,740	3,876	4,191	3,372	3,627	3
7,312 New	3,891	6,832	7,574	10,562	13,471	6,515	1,278	426	363	
- Growth	273	501	4,758	2,943	2,240	1,505	3,008	3,480	3,043	Oly Color
11,039 Total Capital Expenditure	7,168	12,301	15,989	20,278	19,451	11,896	8,477	7,278	7,033	4
Funded By										
351 External Revenue New / Growth	419	4	2,680	172	656	1,036	326	1,951	2,432	
- External Revenue Renewal	-	594		_	-	-	-	-	-	

### **Recreation and play - Activity Financial Statements** LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 Budget LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s 962 429 952 355 Development Contributions 285 321 539 684 812 896 927 2,912 Rates 3,678 4,935 4,724 4,797 3,936 3,813 3,730 3,578 3,614 3,519 13,245 New Borrowing / (Repayment) 2,786 6,447 8,156 14,771 14,175 6,236 3,525 821 35 126 20,278 7,278 7,033 4,953 15,989 19,451 11,896 11,039 Total 7,168 12,301 8,477

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Downstian and plan	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Recreation and play	- Capitai i	new / Gro	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
111 - Local Reserves - Roslyn - Edwards Pit Park	0%	100%	25	26	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Development 967 - City-wide - Edibles Planting	0%	100%	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
1099 - Parks and Reserves - Shade Development	0%	100%	40	20	21	21	22	22	23	23	23	24
1194 - CET Arena - Masterplan Redevelopment	0%	100%	1,600	5,718	4,852	8,523	11,954	3,322	-	-	-	-
1560 - Sportsfields - Bill Brown Park - Additional	0%	100%	-	-	-	491	-	-	-	-	-	-
1763 - CET Arena - Property Purchase 1838 - City Reserves - Victoria Esplanade - Exotic	0%	100%	840	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aviaries	0%	100%	100	15	16	16	-	-	-	-	-	-
1845 - City Reserves - Te Marae o Hine - The Square - Capital New	0%	100%	98	117	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
.846 - City Reserves - Walkway Extensions -	34%	66%	184	189	211	321	327	206	476	485	218	222
1847 - City Reserves - Victoria Esplanade - Capital New	0%	100%	34	61	81	153	39	133	68	55	7	71
.848 - City Reserves - Linklater Reserve - Capital	0%	100%	30	31	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
849 - City Reserves - Ashhurst Domain - Capital	0%	100%	-	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1851 - Sportsfield Improvements - Capital New	0%	100%	208	263	259	86	-	188	-	-	-	-
1852 - Local Reserves - Improvements to existing reserves to close identified level of service gaps	0%	100%	228	233	238	224	228	193	196	200	182	186
1853 - Local Reserves - Development of Existing	0%	100%	117	85	80	33	27	9	9	9	9	10
.854 - Swimming Pools - Splashhurst Pool Inhancements	0%	100%	56	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
.855 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Reserves Purchase	0%	100%	-	-	2,677	-	656	-	-	-	-	-
.856 - City Reserves - Manawatu River Park - Roxburgh Entrance Development	34%	66%	-	128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1857 - Kikiwhenua Cultural Historic - Reserve	0%	100%	-	-	991	-	37	838	-	-	-	-
1859 - Urban Growth - Whakarongo - Reserves Purchase and Development	100%	0%	-	-	1,683	400	204	24	751	357	182	-(
2860 - Urban Growth - Ashhurst - Reserves	0%	100%	-	-	-	168	-	-	-	611	158	ΩZR <b>Z</b>
1861 - Urban Growth - Matangi - Whiskey Creek -	100%	0%	-	-	-	228	-	23	432	177	-	DRITE OR THE OR
862 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata Central - Reserves Purchase and Development	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,295	340	346
884 - Local Reserves - Accessibility and Safety	0%	100%	116	118	121	123	126	128	130	133	135	137
improvements 2043 - Urban Growth - Napier Road Extension -	100%	0%	-	-	-	330	-	6	283	-	-	

### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2033/34 2032/33 Growth LOS \$'000s 2349 - Ashhurst - Te Apiti Masterplan - Three 0% 100% 394 Bridges Loop Development 2366 - Securing the Future of the Lido Outdoor 0% 100% 11 664 Hydroslides 2387 - City Reserves - Design of Chinese Themed 0% 100% 16 109 183 Garden - Community Initiative 2426 - CET Arena - Upgrade of lighting to LED 0% 100% 783 799 815 830 846 2442 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata North -0% 100% 1,084 1,036 46 Cloverlea - Reserves Purchase and Development 2445 - Urban Growth - Kikiwhenua - Reserves 100% 0% 1,269 304 303 Purchase and Development 2510 - Local Reserves - Waterloo to Roxburgh 0% 100% 71 98 2516 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata South 0% 100% 326 850 (excluding Kikiwhenua) - Local Reserve 2527 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Reserves 100% 0% 89 184 188 227 1,053 209 435 207 211 215 Development TOTAL 4,164 7,333 12,332 13,505 15,711 8,020 4,286 3,906 3,406 1,216 Funded Externally 2,680 172 656 1,036 326 1,951 346 419 4 2,432 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 3,745 7,329 9,652 13,333 15,055 6,984 3,960 1,955 973 870

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
D	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Recreation and play	- Capitai	Kenewai	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
819 - Central Energy Trust Arena - Replacement	0	100%	60	214	381	389	359	316	254	184	187	71
of Equipment												
1051 - CET Arena - Arena Renewals	0	100%	500	511	522	533	543	554	564	574	585	595
1127 - City Reserves - Victoria Esplanade Shade House (including Bonsai Display)	0	100%	-	311	299	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1242 - Central Energy Trust Arena - Replacement for Arena Big Screen	0	100%	-	1,188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1759 - CET Arena - Grounds Renewals	0	100%	40	41	42	43	43	44	45	46	47	48
1786 - Recreational Buildings - Sports Pavilion and Changing Room Renewals	0	100%	100	255	104	107	109	111	113	115	117	119
1827 - Local Reserves - Renewals	0	100%	798	871	821	830	880	879	876	890	944	917
1829 - Sportsfields and Artificial Turfs - Renewals	0	100%	260	285	291	821	557	934	614	416	544	301
1830 - City Reserves - Memorial Park - Renewals	0	100%	30	47	39	50	21	23	104	48	36	51
1831 - City Reserves - Te Marae o Hine - The Square - Renewals	0	100%	69	34	79	34	23	70	67	15	109	157
1832 - City Reserves - Ashhurst Domain - Renewals	0	100%	100	102	104	94	54	70	93	67	69	60
1834 - City Reserves - Walkways - Renewals	0	100%	120	123	125	128	130	133	135	138	140	143
1835 - City Reserves - Linklater Reserve - Renewals	0	100%	15	15	13	15	10	27	84	11	10	14
1837 - Swimming Pools - Pool Renewals	0	100%	696	723	756	1,050	742	565	642	534	576	720
1840 - City Reserves - Victoria Esplanade - Renewals	0	100%	217	96	81	390	268	151	599	333	264	539
2361 - CET Arena - Replacement of Grandstand Roof	0	100%	-	-	-	2,131	-	-	-	-	-	-
2396 - Arena Masterkey System/ Access Control Improvements	0	100%	-	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2401 - Mobile Community Screen Upgrade	0	100%	-	-	-	160	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			3,005	4,968	3,657	6,774	3,740	3,876	4,191	3,372	3,627	3,737
Funded Externally			- 2.005	594		-			-		-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			3,005	4,374	3,657	6,774	3,740	3,876	4,191	3,372	3,627	3,737

		100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Recreation and play	-Operatio	nai										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1356 - Sportsfields and Outdoor Courts - Hockey Turf Renewal Grant - Massey University	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	348	-	-	-	-	-
2519 - Sportsfields - Artificial Football Field (subject to external funding)	0%	100%	-	867	-	43	44	44	45	46	47	48
2523 - Community Pool Grants	0%	100%	100	102	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2524 - Feasibility study - 50 Metre Pool	0%	100%	-	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			100	1,071	104	43	392	44	45	46	47	48
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			100	1,071	104	43	392	44	45	46	47	48

Arts and Heritag				LTD 2024	LTD CC					
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 20								
023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
Revenue  1 Community & Commemorative Events			2							
,	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
1 Other Cultural Facilities	-		214		223	- 227	232		241	:
189 Support to arts, culture & heritage groups	205	209		218				236		
33 Te Manawa	33	34	35	36	36	37	38	38	39	
224 Total Revenue	241	246	251	257	262	267	272	278	283	
Expenses										
1,565 Community & Commemorative Events	1,510	1,493	1,524	1,564	1,641	1,720	1,779	1,820	1,831	1
156 Heritage Management	325	332	339	346	354	361	367	374	382	
2,902 Other Cultural Facilities	3,184	3,544	4,089	4,697	5,301	5,930	6,898	7,661	8,334	9
2,529 Support to arts, culture & heritage groups	3,352	3,228	3,318	3,479	3,687	3,910	4,101	4,296	4,452	4
5,276 Te Manawa	5,532	5,728	5,943	6,116	6,220	6,335	6,527	6,627	6,740	6
12,427 Total Expenses	13,904	14,325	15,213	16,201	17,203	18,256	19,672	20,779	21,739	23
12,203 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	13,663	14,079	14,962	15,945	16,941	17,989	19,400	20,502	21,456	22,
Rating Requirement										
(2,811) Less Depreciation	(3,032)	(3,082)	(3,248)	(3,682)	(4,108)	(4,543)	(5,457)	(5,908)	(6,123)	(6,
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
568 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	547	590	598	606	581	592	603	614	616	
155 Plus Debt Repayment	217	258	367	633	852	987	1,304	1,685	1,939	2
10,115 RATES REQUIREMENT	11,395	11,845	12,679	13,501	14,266	15,025	15,850	16,893	17,887	18,
Capital Expenditure										
565 Renewal	535	546	558	666	571	581	592	603	614	
3,784 New	2,000	6,637	6,783	31,962	32,601	33,219	33,849	8,615	8,770	5
Growth										
4,349 Total Capital Expenditure	2,535	7,183	7,341	32,628	33,172	33,800	34,441	9,218	9,384	6
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	=	-	-	28,766	29,341	29,897	30,464	-	=	CITY
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										
568 Rates	547	590	598	606	581	592	603	614	616	
4,917 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	1,988	6,593	6,743	3,256	3,249	3,311	3,374	8,604	8,768	5
4,349 Total	2,535	7,183	7,341	32,628	33,172	33,800	34,441	9,218	9,384	6

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### 2032/33 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s Arts and Heritage - Capital New / Growth 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 Growth LOS \$'000s 902 - Property - Seismic Strengthening of Council 100% 8,615 8,770 5,952 2,000 6,637 6,783 **Properties** 2518 - Property - Central Library and Te Manawa 0% 100% 31,962 32,601 33,219 33,849 TOTAL 33,849 5,952 2,000 6,637 6,783 31,962 32,601 33,219 8,615 8,770 Funded Externally 28,766 29,341 29,897 30,464 5,952 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 2,000 6,637 6,783 3,196 3,260 3,322 3,385 8,615 8,770

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Arts and Herita	ge - Capital	Renewal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
213 - Cultural Facilities - Renewals	0	100%	500	511	522	533	543	554	564	574	585	595
1496 - Replacement of Street Flags	0	100%	25	26	26	27	27	28	28	29	29	30
2364 - City Christmas Tree in The Square	0	100%	-	-	-	107	-	-	-	-	-	-
2420 - Caccia Birch Signage Renewals	0	100%	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			FOF	FAC	FFO	666	E74	F01	F02	603	614	625
TOTAL			535	546	558	666	571	581	592	603	614	625
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			535	546	558	666	571	581	592	603	614	625



### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s Arts and Heritage -Operational 2027/28 2026/27 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 LOS Growth \$'000s 1447 - Earthquake prone heritage building fund 100% 0% 150 153 156 160 163 166 170 173 176 179 2417 - Caccia Birch Masterplan 0% 100% 54 2418 - Caccia Birch Service Model delivery review 0% 100% 20 0% 100% 10 2419 - Caccia Birch Website 2498 - Natural and Cultural Heritage Incentive 0% 50 51 52 53 54 55 57 58 59 60 100% Fund TOTAL 239 284 204 208 213 218 222 226 230 235 Funded Externally 222 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 284 204 208 213 218 226 230 235 239

Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2								
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'(
Revenue										
626 Public Health	475	484	495	506	516	525	535	545	555	
948 Animal Control	1,050	1,072	1,096	1,119	1,141	1,163	1,185	1,206	1,228	:
1,574 Total Revenue	1,525	1,557	1,591	1,624	1,657	1,688	1,720	1,751	1,783	:
Expenses										
2,004 Public Health	1,145	1,121	1,140	1,171	1,228	1,288	1,342	1,389	1,423	
1,236 Animal Control	1,709	1,648	1,666	1,705	1,805	1,913	2,014	2,099	2,154	
819 Civil Defence	978	941	946	984	1,057	1,141	1,211	1,285	1,331	
387 Safer Community Initiatives	471	526	511	540	581	625	666	694	711	
4,446 Total Expenses	4,303	4,237	4,263	4,401	4,672	4,967	5,233	5,466	5,619	
2,872 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	2,779	2,680	2,672	2,776	3,015	3,279	3,513	3,715	3,837	3
Rating Requirement										
(242) Less Depreciation	(297)	(305)	(325)	(338)	(347)	(355)	(370)	(367)	(367)	
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves	( - /	(===)	( /	(===/	<u> </u>	()	(= -/	(= - /	(/	
118 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	159	177	171	160	163	166	190	193	184	
78 Plus Debt Repayment	136	158	198	242	287	314	264	281	281	
2,826 RATES REQUIREMENT	2,777	2,711	2,715	2,840	3,118	3,403	3,597	3,823	3,935	3
Capital Expenditure										
92 Renewal	102	171	205	156	152	172	165	161	243	
- New	85	174	99	101	103	105	107	17	18	
Growth										
92 Total Capital Expenditure	187	344	304	257	255	277	272	178	261	
Funded By										
External Revenue New / Growth										
External Revenue Renewal										-
Development Contributions										
118 Rates	159	177	171	160	163	166	190	193	184	
210 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	28	167	133	97	92	111	83	(15)	77	
92 Total	187	344	304	257	255	277	272	178	261	

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### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Community safety and health - Capital New / Growth 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s 2410 - CCTV Citywide - New Cameras 0% 100% 80 82 83 85 87 89 90 2415 - CCTV Citywide - Monitoring and Safety 0% 100% 82 2416 - Civil Defence Emergency Management -5 0% 100% 10 16 16 17 17 17 18 18 16 NZRT4 - New Safety Equipment TOTAL 85 174 99 101 103 105 107 17 18 18 Funded Externally 18 85 99 103 105 107 17 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 174 101 18

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Community safety and health			7 2002	7 2002	7 2000	7 2000	7 5555	7 2022	7 5555	7 2002	7 2002	7 0000
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
40 - Noise Measuring Equipment for Noise Complaints - Rolling Replacement	0	100%	-	-	48	-	-	17	-	-	54	-
1269 - Bylaw Signage - Replacement	0	100%	7	-	-	7	-	-	7	-	-	8
1512 - CCTV Citywide - Rolling replacements	0	100%	80	82	83	85	87	89	90	92	94	95
1569 - Replacement of wearable cameras for parking and animal control officers	0	100%	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-
1737 - Animal Shelter - Renewals	0	100%	-	-	-	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
2242 - Civil Defence Emergency Operations Centre - Equipment replacement	0	100%	10	15	16	16	16	17	17	17	18	18
2260 - Civil Defence Emergency Management - Radio and Communication equipment replacement	0	100%	-	41	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2382 - Civil Defence Emergency Management - NZRT4 - Safety Equipment Replacement	0	100%	5	10	16	16	16	17	17	17	18	18
TOTAL			102	171	205	156	152	172	165	161	243	174
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			102	171	205	156	152	172	165	161	243	174



### 2031/32 2032/33 \$'000s 2033/34 \$'000s 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Community safety and health -Operational 2025/26 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2024/25 Growth LOS \$'000s 0% 100% TOTAL Funded Externally Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) -

	y - Activity Fina									
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 202
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000
Revenue										
844 Libraries	80	82	83	85	87	89	90	92	94	Ġ
844 Total Revenue	80	82	83	85	87	89	90	92	94	(
Expenses										
11,145 Libraries	12,102	11,769	12,799	13,260	14,105	15,044	15,314	15,995	16,571	17,1
11,145 Total Expenses	12,102	11,769	12,799	13,260	14,105	15,044	15,314	15,995	16,571	17,1
10,301 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	12,022	11,688	12,716	13,175	14,018	14,955	15,223	15,903	16,477	17,01
Rating Requirement										
(2,001) Less Depreciation	(2,656)	(2,658)	(2,660)	(2,738)	(2,738)	(2,738)	(2,842)	(2,842)	(2,842)	(2,9
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves								-		-
1,376 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	1,264	1,364	1,448	1,346	1,298	1,304	1,289	1,382	1,407	1,4
17 Plus Debt Repayment	17	19	22	36	50	56	78	106	115	1
9,693 RATES REQUIREMENT	10,648	10,414	11,526	11,819	12,628	13,577	13,749	14,549	15,157	15,6
Capital Expenditure										
1,153 Renewal	1,010	1,087	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,4
- New	25	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Growth										
1,153 Total Capital Expenditure	1,035	1,103	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,4
Funded By										
External Revenue New / Growth										
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										
1,376 Rates	1,264	1,364	1,448	1,346	1,298	1,304	1,289	1,382	1,407	1,4
2,529 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	(229)	(262)	248	(35)	39	85	(121)	(27)	(63)	CHANGE
1,153 Total	1,035	1,103	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,4

### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s City Library - Capital New / Growth 2024/25 2031/32 2032/33 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s 2501 - City Library- Creative Interpretive Heritage 100% 25 15 Markers for Cuba Street Area TOTAL 25 15 -Funded Externally Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 25 15

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s							
City Library			7 2222	7 2222	7 2222	7 2222	7 2000	7 2222	7 2222	7 2 2 2 2	7 2 2 2 2	7 3333
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s							
178 - City Library (all sites) Replacement of	0	100%	20	20	94	85	98	55	23	57	23	60
Shelving, Furniture and Equipment	·	10070	20	20	J.	05	30	33	23	3,	23	00
188 - City Library (all sites) Replacement and	0	100%	815	847	897	916	935	969	987	1,034	1,052	1,071
Purchase of Library Materials	-									_,	-,	_,-,-
202 - City Library - Central Library Interior Design	0	100%	20	20	21	_	-	111	28	57	29	60
Renewals												
203 - City Library - Community Libraries, Youth	0	1000/	25	26	F2	27	27		20	20	Ε0.	20
Space, Blueprint and Mobile Library Interior	0	100%	25	26	52	27	27	55	28	29	58	30
Design Renewals 777 - City Library- Heritage Technology,												
Equipment and Markers for Public Discovery and	0	100%		20	26	11	27	28	11	29	29	12
Access to Archives and Local History	U	100%	-	20	20	11	2/	20	11	29	29	12
1120 - Community Libraries - Renewals	0	100%	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1138 - City Library (all sites) Digital Technology	U	100 /0	30	51	51	32	33	33	31	34	33	50
to Support 21st Century Citizens and Service	0	100%	50	51	104	80	109	83	56	86	58	89
(Renewal)	O	10070	30	31	101	00	105	03	50	00	30	05
1139 - City Library (all sites) Radio Frequency	0	100%	_	20	157	160	109	55	_	29	_	30
Identification (RFID) Materials Management	•	20070			107	100	200					
1775 - Central Library - Renewals	0	100%	50	51	52	-	-	_	-	-	58	60
2455 - City Library- Mobile Library Replacement	0	1000/			261							
Fit Out (including digital)	0	100%	-	-	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			1,010	1,087	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,446
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			1,010	1,087	1,696	1,310	1,337	1,390	1,168	1,355	1,345	1,446



2026/27

2027/28

2028/29

2029/30

2030/31

2024/25

2025/26

## ITEM 9 - ATTACHMENT 3

2031/32

2032/33

2033/34

Budget	oort - Activity Fina LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 202
023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000
Revenue	φ 0003	φ 0003	φ 0003	φ 0003	<b>\$ 0003</b>	φ 0003	φ 0003	φ 0003	Ψ 0003	Ψ 000
791 Cemeteries	860	877	896	916	935	954	972	991	1,010	1,02
649 Community Centres	142	145	148	152	155	158	161	164	167	17
015 Community Centres	112	113	110	152	133	150	101	101	107	
1,441 Total Revenue	1,002	1,022	1,045	1,068	1,090	1,112	1,133	1,155	1,177	1,19
Expenses										
1,637 Cemeteries	1,504	1,528	1,577	1,656	1,718	1,793	1,861	1,915	1,970	2,02
1,757 Community Centres	1,600	2,159	3,344	3,992	4,070	4,081	4,138	4,144	4,135	4,17
1,207 Public toilets	2,295	2,321	2,398	2,492	2,643	2,811	2,963	3,107	3,193	3,24
3,086 Support to community groups	5,910	5,797	5,928	5,920	6,270	6,646	7,001	7,361	7,604	7,76
7,687 Total Expenses	11,309	11,805	13,248	14,060	14,701	15,330	15,962	16,527	16,903	17,21
6,246 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	10,307	10,783	12,203	12,992	13,611	14,218	14,829	15,372	15,726	16,01
Rating Requirement										
(886) Less Depreciation	(864)	(889)	(1,179)	(1,433)	(1,441)	(1,454)	(1,529)	(1,542)	(1,551)	(1,63
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
804 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	631	491	491	445	452	462	532	541	530	46
157 Plus Debt Repayment	175	207	532	909	1,093	1,201	1,471	1,796	1,937	2,13
6,322 RATES REQUIREMENT	10,248	10,591	12,046	12,913	13,715	14,428	15,302	16,168	16,642	16,98
Capital Expenditure										
864 Renewal	852	459	583	429	460	446	451	490	654	48
729 New	1,364	21,277	14,596	336	460	522	478	363	495	44
Growth										
1,593 Total Capital Expenditure	2,215	21,735	15,179	766	920	969	929	853	1,149	92
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	OZD
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										RST
804 Rates	631	491	491	445	452	462	532	541	530	46
2,397 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	1,234	21,245	14,688	320	468	506	397	312	619	4.
		21,735	15,179	766	920	969	929	853	1,149	9:

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### Community support - Capital New / Growth 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s \$'000s Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s 161 - Public Toilets - New City-wide Toilets 0% 100% 300 204 209 213 217 221 226 230 234 238 1833 - City Growth - Cemeteries - Extensions to 0% 100% 216 194 225 115 235 292 244 124 253 200 burial and ashes areas to meet demand 1882 - City Growth - Cemeteries - Expansion of 0% 100% 50 61 465 Kelvin Grove Cemetery Roading network 0% 100% 16,931 13,688 2343 - Citywide - New Community Hubs 2350 - Cultural Facilities - New Multicultural 0% 750 100% Facility 0% 100% 40 2431 - Community Events Trailer 2440 - Community Centres - Pasifika Centre 0% 100% 3,879 Expansion 9 2452 - Community Gardens - Water Supply and 0% 100% 8 8 9 9 9 TOTAL 1,364 21,277 14,596 336 460 522 478 363 495 447 Funded Externally 350 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 447 1,014 21,277 14,596 336 460 522 478 363 495

	0	100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
Community support	- Capital	LOS Renewal	\$'000s									
сопшину зарроге	Cupitui	IXCIICWAI	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
186 - Public Toilets - Renewals	0	100%	120	123	125	128	130	133	135	138	140	143
265 - Community Centres - Renewals	0	100%	300	123	125	128	130	133	135	138	140	143
1769 - Community Agency Facilities - Renewals	0	100%	50	51	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1796 - Cemeteries - Building Renewals	0	100%	269	26	26	27	27	28	28	29	29	30
1828 - Cemeteries - Non-Building Asset Renewals	0	100%	113	137	275	115	140	120	118	152	309	129
TOTAL			852	459	583	429	460	446	451	490	654	480
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			852	459	583	429	460	446	451	490	654	480



### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Community support -Operational 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 Growth LOS \$'000s 2450 - Homelessness Response Pilot 0% 100% 230 235 240 TOTAL 230 235 240 Funded Externally 230 235 240 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) ----

Biodiversity and the Manawatu Rive				. == 2024	1 == 2024	1 TD 2024	1 TD 2024	1 TD 2024	1 TD 2024	. == 00
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 20
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
Revenue				100						
136 Central Energy Trust Wildbase	95	97	100	103	83	85	87	59	60	
10 Manawatu River		-				-	-			
146 Total Revenue	95	97	100	103	83	85	87	59	60	
Expenses										
1,136 Central Energy Trust Wildbase	1,194	1,166	1,197	1,281	1,385	1,465	1,534	1,604	1,660	1
358 Biodiversity	566	629	648	673	698	724	, 751	777	, 797	
282 Manawatu River	446	596	1,037	1,388	1,107	1,094	1,116	1,093	1,068	1
1,775 Total Expenses	2,206	2,391	2,882	3,341	3,190	3,283	3,402	3,474	3,525	
1,773 Total Expenses	2,200	2,331	2,002	3,3 11	3,130	3,203	3, 102	3,171	3,323	
1,629 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	2,111	2,294	2,782	3,238	3,107	3,198	3,315	3,415	3,464	3
Rating Requirement										
- Less Depreciation	(12)	(44)	(231)	(446)	(447)	(448)	(492)	(493)	(494)	
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
124 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	90	89	109	120	123	131	165	195	236	
38 Plus Debt Repayment	31	36	107	233	288	317	398	498	538	
1,792 RATES REQUIREMENT	2,220	2,375	2,768	3,146	3,071	3,197	3,387	3,615	3,744	3
Capital Expenditure										
298 Renewal	129	72	69	126	134	281	133	157	204	
668 New	835	7,089	7,298	32	33	33	34	34	35	
Growth										
966 Total Capital Expenditure	964	7,161	7,367	158	166	314	167	191	239	
Funded By										
412 External Revenue New / Growth	685	2,325	2,035	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- External Revenue Renewal	-	-	-	-	-	179	-	-	-	II Y
Development Contributions										
124 Rates	90	89	109	120	123	131	165	195	236	
679 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	189	4,747	5,223	37	43	4	2	(4)	3	
966 Total	964	7,161	7,367	158	166	314	167	191	239	

TOTAL

Funded Externally

Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)

### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Biodiversity and the Manawatu River - Capital New / Growth 2024/25 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2025/26 Growth LOS \$'000s 1077 - Citywide - Biodiversity Enhancement 0% 100% 32 33 33 35 30 31 31 34 34 36 Through Native Planting 1895 - City Reserves - Manawatu River Park - Te 0% 100% 6,404 7,266 2239 - City Reserves - Te Motu o Poutoa - Design 0% 100% 685 532 2429 - Turitea Predator Control - Self Resetting 0% 100% 120 123 36

7,298

2,035

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36

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Biodiversity and the Manawatu River			\$ 000S									
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1136 - CET Wildbase Recovery Centre - Renewals	0	100%	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
1825 - City Reserves - Manawatu River Park - Renewals	0	100%	99	42	37	94	101	68	99	122	169	188
1971 - CET Wildbase Recovery Signage	0	100%	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-	-
1972 - CET Wildbase Recovery Digital Capacity	0	100%	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			129	72	69	126	134	281	133	157	204	224
Funded Externally			-				-	179	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			129	72	69	126	134	102	133	157	204	224



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### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s \$'000s Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Biodiversity and the Manawatu River -Operational 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 LOS Growth \$'000s 835 - Biodiversity Improvements as Part of Te 0% 100% 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53 54 56 Apiti Project TOTAL 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53 54 56 Funded Externally 56 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53 54

Budget	y - Activity Fina LTP 2024	LTP 2024								
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'0009
Revenue						-				
242 Landfill Management	920	951	977	1,002	1,027	1,051	1,075	1,099	1,122	1,140
2,085 Waste Minimisation	2,181	2,327	2,467	2,645	3,336	3,396	3,532	3,568	3,625	3,763
1,517 Waste Management	1,869	1,916	1,967	2,019	2,069	2,117	2,165	2,213	2,260	2,30
3,844 Total Revenue	4,970	5,194	5,411	5,666	6,433	6,564	6,773	6,880	7,007	7,210
Expenses										
2,156 Landfill Management	1,815	1,848	1,934	2,000	2,063	2,243	2,312	2,385	2,446	2,490
6,177 Waste Minimisation	7,259	7,935	7,712	8,039	9,052	9,765	10,126	10,395	10,490	10,78
2,554 Waste Management	2,115	2,231	2,310	2,399	2,496	2,593	2,699	2,794	2,878	2,97
10,887 Total Expenses	11,188	12,014	11,956	12,439	13,610	14,601	15,137	15,575	15,813	16,23
7,044 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	6,219	6,820	6,545	6,773	7,177	8,036	8,365	8,695	8,806	9,023
Rating Requirement										
(814) Less Depreciation	(1,070)	(1,193)	(1,449)	(1,512)	(1,639)	(1,707)	(1,830)	(1,857)	(1,884)	(1,984
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
550 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	510	531	591	742	666	848	736	754	573	60
434 Plus Debt Repayment	249	314	500	705	955	1,098	1,469	1,886	2,045	2,27
7,213 RATES REQUIREMENT	5,908	6,471	6,187	6,709	7,160	8,276	8,740	9,479	9,540	9,92
Capital Expenditure										
486 Renewal	631	525	376	691	705	829	465	1,250	493	51
1,136 New	2,080	5,943	625	3,439	1,605	1,456	407	277	282	28
Growth										
1,623 Total Capital Expenditure	2,711	6,467	1,001	4,130	2,310	2,285	872	1,527	775	80
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	-	-	-	1,057	149	-	-	-	-	
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions	F10	F0.	FC:	7.0		0.10	70.0	75.		9288
550 Rates	510	531	591	742	666	848	736	754	573	73 <b>60</b>
2,172 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	2,201	5,937	410	2,331	1,495	1,437	136	773	203	±26
1,623 Total	2,711	6,467	1,001	4,130	2,310	2,285	872	1,527	775	80

### 2027/28 2028/29 2033/34 2024/25 2026/27 2025/26 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 LOS Growth \$'000s Resource Recovery - Capital New / Growth 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2030/31 Growth LOS \$'000s 506 - City-wide - Public Space Rubbish & 100% 0% 150 153 104 107 109 111 113 115 117 119 Recycling Bins Development 657 - Urban Growth - Recycling - City-wide 0% 100% 90 92 94 101 103 105 107 109 111 113 727 - Recycling - Materials Recovery Facility 0% 100% 200 5,309 104 554 27 1371 - Closed Landfills and Transfer Stations -0% 100% 1,270 368 72 135 1373 - Urban Growth - Recycling - City-wide Drop 0% 100% 1,195 1,218 1410 - Recycling - City-wide Recycling Services to 0% 20 20 21 21 22 22 23 23 23 24 100% 1910 - City-Wide - Kerbside Food Scraps 0% 100% 149 1,057 0% 104 1,598 2336 - Compost Bunker Processing System 100% 2337 - Tip Road Development 0% 100% 125 2338 - Recycling Contamination Monitoring 0% 100% 55 2342 - Urban Growth - Food Scraps - City-Wide 0% 100% 29 30 30 31 2503 - Collection Vehicles - Safety and Security 0% 100% 245 2227 - Resource Recovery Centre Resilience 0% 100% 50 TOTAL 2,080 5,943 625 3,439 1,605 1,456 407 277 282 287 Funded Externally 1,057 149 277 282 287 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 2,080 5,943 625 1,456 407 2,381 1,456

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Resource Recovery	- Capital	Renewal	7 2222	7 2222	7 2222	7 2222	7 2222	7	7 2222	7 2 2 2 2	7 2222	7 2222
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
185 - Closed Landfills and Transfer Stations - Site Renewals	0	100%	131	183	26	79	21	21	21	22	22	23
612 - Recycling - City-wide Wheelie Bin and Crate Renewals	0	100%	100	102	104	320	380	498	113	115	117	119
649 - Recycling - Materials Recovery Facility Renewals	0	100%	200	10	10	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
1368 - City-wide - Public Space Rubbish & Recycling Bins Renewals	0	100%	75	102	157	160	163	166	169	172	175	179
1374 - City-wide - Recycling Drop Off Facilities - Renewals	0	100%	15	15	16	16	16	17	17	17	18	18
1721 - Composting Activity Site Renewals	0	100%	10	10	10	11	16	17	17	794	29	46
1784 - Rubbish and Recycling Buildings - Renewals	0	100%	100	102	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
2341 - City-Wide - Food Scraps Bin and Caddie Renewals	0	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	15	15	15
TOTAL			631	525	376	691	705	829	465	1,250	493	518
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			631	525	376	691	705	829	465	1,250	493	518



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			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Resource Recover	y -Operatio	nal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
2328 - Resilience of the Closed Landfills - Investigation	0%	100%	-	103	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2461 - Food Scraps - Detailed Analysis of Programme Delivery	0%	100%	75	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2462 - Resource Recovery - Service Delivery Model Review	0%	100%	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2506 - Resource Recovery - Data Platform to <u>Licence Waste Collectors</u>	0%	100%	-	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			275	128	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			275	128	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
Revenue										
- Total Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenses										
173 Support to environmental groups	368	366	374	386	405	425	445	465	479	4
271 Sustainable Practices	154	155	157	157	161	167	172	176	180	
242 Climate change mitigation and adaption	983	1,074	1,202	1,338	1,475	1,614	1,750	1,887	2,006	2,
687 Total Expenses	1,506	1,595	1,733	1,880	2,041	2,206	2,367	2,528	2,665	2,
687 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	1,506	1,595	1,733	1,880	2,041	2,206	2,367	2,528	2,665	2,7
Rating Requirement										
- Less Depreciation	(36)	(73)	(112)	(152)	(188)	(224)	(261)	(299)	(338)	(3
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)										
19 Plus Debt Repayment	33	67	105	148	189	231	278	328	380	
706 RATES REQUIREMENT	1,502	1,589	1,727	1,876	2,042	2,213	2,383	2,558	2,708	2,8
Capital Expenditure										
Renewal										
1,092 New	1,085	1,179	1,205	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,134	1,154	1,175	1,
Growth										
1,092 Total Capital Expenditure	1,085	1,179	1,205	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,134	1,154	1,175	1,
Funded By										
External Revenue New / Growth										
External Revenue Renewal										
Development Contributions										ON THE
- Rates	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1,092 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	1,085	1,179	1,205	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,134	1,154	1,175	1,
1,092 Total	1,085	1,179	1,205	1,071	1,092	1,113	1,134	1,154	1,175	1,

Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)

### 2032/33 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s Climate change mitigation and adaption - Capital New / Growth 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 LOS Growth \$'000s 1888 - Low Carbon Fund 0% 100% 1,005 1,026 1,049 1,071 1,092 1,113 1,134 1,154 1,175 1,196 0% 1924 - Improving remote monitoring capabilities 100% 80 153 157 TOTAL 1,085 1,179 1,205 1,071 1,092 1,113 1,134 1,154 1,175 1,196 Funded Externally

1,205

1,071

1,092

1,113

1,134

1,179

1,085

ITEM 9 - ATTACHMENT 3

1,154

1,175

1,196

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Climate change mitigation and adaption	n -Operatio	nal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
764 - City-wide - Council Facility Energy Use Monitoring	0%	100%	-	-	1,392	-	33	714	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			-	-	1,392	-	33	714	-	-	-	-
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	=
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			-	-	1,392	-	33	714	-	-	-	



\$\frac{1023/24}{\$\frac{1}{2025/26}} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			LTP 2024	LTD 2024	. ==						
\$\frac{\\$000s}{\text{Revenue}}   \$\frac{\\$000s}{\text{Revenue}}   \$\frac{\\$000s}{\text{Revenue}}   \$\frac{\\$000s}{\text{U}}   \$\frac{\\$000s}{\text{V}}   \$				LIP 2024	LTP 2024						
Revenue   31   Water Collection   30   31   32   32   33   34   35   36   36   36   59   Water Distribution   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4		•						-		-	2033/34
31 Water Collection 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 36 36 36 59 Water Distribution 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
59 Water Distribution         4											
11 Water Treatment 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 10 101 Total Revenue 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 50 52 53 10 101 Total Revenue 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 50 52 53 10 101 Total Revenue 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 50 52 53 10 101 Total Revenue 44 45 46 47 48 49 49 50 50 52 53 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Vater Collection			32	32	33	34		36	36	37
Expenses										-	4
Expenses           2,872 Water Collection         4,641         4,740         4,984         5,307         5,740         5,995         6,237         6,469         6,621           6,895 Water Distribution         7,864         8,204         9,004         9,583         10,132         10,981         11,442         11,757         12,299           2,709 Water Treatment         783         956         1,184         1,440         1,895         2,246         2,416         2,601         3,216           12,476 Total Expenses         13,288         13,900         15,172         16,330         17,766         19,223         20,094         20,826         22,136           12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY         13,244         13,855         15,126         16,283         17,718         19,173         20,044         20,775         22,083           Rating Requirement           (4,661) Less Depreciation         (4,459)         (4,577)         (5,061)         (5,247)         (5,539)         (6,136)         (6,382)         (7,189)           - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves         5,474         6,210         6,796         7,387         8,387         8,743         8,884         8,239         7,668	Vater Treatment	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
2,872 Water Collection       4,641       4,740       4,984       5,307       5,740       5,995       6,237       6,469       6,621         6,895 Water Distribution       7,864       8,204       9,004       9,583       10,132       10,981       11,442       11,757       12,299         2,709 Water Treatment       783       956       1,184       1,440       1,895       2,246       2,416       2,601       3,216         12,476 Total Expenses       13,288       13,900       15,172       16,330       17,766       19,223       20,094       20,826       22,136         12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY       13,244       13,855       15,126       16,283       17,718       19,173       20,044       20,775       22,083         Rating Requirement         (4,661) Less Depreciation       (4,459)       (4,577)       (5,061)       (5,247)       (5,539)       (6,136)       (6,286)       (6,382)       (7,189)         - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves       -	otal Revenue	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	52	53	54
6,895 Water Distribution 7,864 8,204 9,004 9,583 10,132 10,981 11,442 11,757 12,299 2,709 Water Treatment 783 956 1,184 1,440 1,895 2,246 2,416 2,601 3,216 12,476 Total Expenses 13,288 13,900 15,172 16,330 17,766 19,223 20,094 20,826 22,136 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083 12,097 14,391 12	expenses										
2,709 Water Treatment         783         956         1,184         1,440         1,895         2,246         2,416         2,601         3,216           12,476 Total Expenses         13,288         13,900         15,172         16,330         17,766         19,223         20,094         20,826         22,136           12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY         13,244         13,855         15,126         16,283         17,718         19,173         20,044         20,775         22,083           Rating Requirement           (4,661) Less Depreciation         (4,459)         (4,577)         (5,061)         (5,247)         (5,539)         (6,136)         (6,286)         (6,382)         (7,189)           - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves         5,474         6,210         6,796         7,387         8,387         8,743         8,884         8,239         7,668           - Plus Debt Repayment         653         881         1,133         2,033         3,019         3,560         4,897         6,448         7,155           14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT         14,912         16,369         17,993         20,455         23,585         25,341         27,538         29,079         29,716           Capital Expend	Vater Collection	4,641	4,740	4,984	5,307	5,740	5,995	6,237	6,469	6,621	6,922
12,476 Total Expenses 13,288 13,900 15,172 16,330 17,766 19,223 20,094 20,826 22,136  12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 13,244 13,855 15,126 16,283 17,718 19,173 20,044 20,775 22,083  Rating Requirement (4,661) Less Depreciation (4,459) (4,577) (5,061) (5,247) (5,539) (6,136) (6,286) (6,382) (7,189) - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves 6,432 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 5,474 6,210 6,796 7,387 8,387 8,743 8,884 8,239 7,668 - Plus Debt Repayment 653 881 1,133 2,033 3,019 3,560 4,897 6,448 7,155  14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT 14,912 16,369 17,993 20,455 23,585 25,341 27,538 29,079 29,716  Capital Expenditure  5,380 Renewal 5,010 5,482 5,931 7,215 7,240 7,704 10,218 8,308 8,124 6,987 New 7,525 8,804 7,884 12,057 8,188 8,281 3,615 10,385 7,873 - Growth 3,269 4,503 7,352 8,381 8,134 8,098 10,834 8,324 2,297	Vater Distribution	7,864	8,204	9,004	9,583	10,132		11,442	11,757	12,299	12,245
12,375 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY         13,244         13,855         15,126         16,283         17,718         19,173         20,044         20,775         22,083           Rating Requirement           (4,661) Less Depreciation         (4,459)         (4,577)         (5,061)         (5,247)         (5,539)         (6,136)         (6,286)         (6,382)         (7,189)           - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves         -	Vater Treatment	783	956	1,184	1,440	1,895	2,246	2,416	2,601	3,216	3,435
Rating Requirement         (4,661) Less Depreciation       (4,459)       (4,577)       (5,061)       (5,247)       (5,539)       (6,136)       (6,286)       (6,382)       (7,189)         - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves       -	otal Expenses	13,288	13,900	15,172	16,330	17,766	19,223	20,094	20,826	22,136	22,602
(4,661) Less Depreciation       (4,459)       (4,577)       (5,061)       (5,247)       (5,539)       (6,136)       (6,286)       (6,382)       (7,189)         - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves       - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves       - Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)       5,474       6,210       6,796       7,387       8,387       8,743       8,884       8,239       7,668         - Plus Debt Repayment       653       881       1,133       2,033       3,019       3,560       4,897       6,448       7,155         14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT       14,912       16,369       17,993       20,455       23,585       25,341       27,538       29,079       29,716         Capital Expenditure         5,380 Renewal       5,010       5,482       5,931       7,215       7,240       7,704       10,218       8,308       8,124         6,987 New       7,525       8,804       7,884       12,057       8,188       8,281       3,615       10,385       7,873         - Growth       3,269       4,503       7,352       8,381       8,134       8,098       10,834       8,324       2,297	NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	13,244	13,855	15,126	16,283	17,718	19,173	20,044	20,775	22,083	22,548
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves 6,432 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 5,474 6,210 6,796 7,387 8,387 8,743 8,884 8,239 7,668 - Plus Debt Repayment 653 881 1,133 2,033 3,019 3,560 4,897 6,448 7,155  14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT 14,912 16,369 17,993 20,455 23,585 25,341 27,538 29,079 29,716  Capital Expenditure  5,380 Renewal 5,010 5,482 5,931 7,215 7,240 7,704 10,218 8,308 8,124 6,987 New 7,525 8,804 7,884 12,057 8,188 8,281 3,615 10,385 7,873 - Growth 3,269 4,503 7,352 8,381 8,134 8,098 10,834 8,324 2,297	Rating Requirement										
6,432 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)       5,474       6,210       6,796       7,387       8,387       8,743       8,884       8,239       7,668         - Plus Debt Repayment       653       881       1,133       2,033       3,019       3,560       4,897       6,448       7,155         14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT       14,912       16,369       17,993       20,455       23,585       25,341       27,538       29,079       29,716         Capital Expenditure         5,380 Renewal       5,010       5,482       5,931       7,215       7,240       7,704       10,218       8,308       8,124         6,987 New       7,525       8,804       7,884       12,057       8,188       8,281       3,615       10,385       7,873         - Growth       3,269       4,503       7,352       8,381       8,134       8,098       10,834       8,324       2,297		(4,459)	(4,577)	(5,061)	(5,247)	(5,539)	(6,136)	(6,286)	(6,382)	(7,189)	(7,328)
- Plus Debt Repayment 653 881 1,133 2,033 3,019 3,560 4,897 6,448 7,155  14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT 14,912 16,369 17,993 20,455 23,585 25,341 27,538 29,079 29,716  Capital Expenditure  5,380 Renewal 5,010 5,482 5,931 7,215 7,240 7,704 10,218 8,308 8,124 6,987 New 7,525 8,804 7,884 12,057 8,188 8,281 3,615 10,385 7,873 - Growth 3,269 4,503 7,352 8,381 8,134 8,098 10,834 8,324 2,297	ess Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
14,145 RATES REQUIREMENT         14,912         16,369         17,993         20,455         23,585         25,341         27,538         29,079         29,716           Capital Expenditure           5,380 Renewal         5,010         5,482         5,931         7,215         7,240         7,704         10,218         8,308         8,124           6,987 New         7,525         8,804         7,884         12,057         8,188         8,281         3,615         10,385         7,873           - Growth         3,269         4,503         7,352         8,381         8,134         8,098         10,834         8,324         2,297	lus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	5,474		6,796	7,387	8,387	8,743	8,884	8,239	7,668	6,875
Capital Expenditure           5,380 Renewal         5,010         5,482         5,931         7,215         7,240         7,704         10,218         8,308         8,124           6,987 New         7,525         8,804         7,884         12,057         8,188         8,281         3,615         10,385         7,873           - Growth         3,269         4,503         7,352         8,381         8,134         8,098         10,834         8,324         2,297	lus Debt Repayment	653	881	1,133	2,033	3,019	3,560	4,897	6,448	7,155	8,075
5,380 Renewal         5,010         5,482         5,931         7,215         7,240         7,704         10,218         8,308         8,124           6,987 New         7,525         8,804         7,884         12,057         8,188         8,281         3,615         10,385         7,873           - Growth         3,269         4,503         7,352         8,381         8,134         8,098         10,834         8,324         2,297	RATES REQUIREMENT	14,912	16,369	17,993	20,455	23,585	25,341	27,538	29,079	29,716	30,170
6,987 New     7,525     8,804     7,884     12,057     8,188     8,281     3,615     10,385     7,873       - Growth     3,269     4,503     7,352     8,381     8,134     8,098     10,834     8,324     2,297											
- Growth 3,269 4,503 7,352 8,381 8,134 8,098 10,834 8,324 2,297											8,285
						•					2,247
	Growth	3,269	4,503	7,352	8,381	8,134	8,098	10,834	8,324	2,297	3,209
12,367 Total Capital Expenditure 15,804 18,789 21,167 27,653 23,563 24,084 24,667 27,017 18,294	otal Capital Expenditure	15,804	18,789	21,167	27,653	23,563	24,084	24,667	27,017	18,294	13,741
Funded By	unded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth 277 566 4,317 3,552 1,209	xternal Revenue New / Growth	-	-	-	-	277	566	4,317	3,552	1,209	2,716
External Revenue Renewal	xternal Revenue Renewal										
423 Development Contributions 394 444 595 746 947 1,124 1,241 1,284 1,318	Development Contributions	394	444	595	746	947	1,124	1,241	1,284	1,318	1,332
6,432 Rates 5,474 6,210 6,796 7,387 8,387 8,743 8,884 8,239 7,668	lates	5,474	6,210	6,796	7,387	8,387	8,743	8,884	8,239	7,668	6,875
18,376 New Borrowing / (Repayment) 9,935 12,135 13,776 19,521 13,951 13,650 10,225 13,942 8,099	lew Borrowing / (Repayment)	9,935	12,135	13,776	19,521	13,951	13,650	10,225	13,942	8,099	2,818
12,367 Total 15,804 18,789 21,167 27,653 23,563 24,084 24,667 27,017 18,294	otal	15,804	18,789	21,167	27,653	23,563	24,084	24,667	27,017	18,294	13,741

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Water	- Capitai	New / Gro	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
132 - City-wide - Water Supply Resilience - Trunk Mains	10%	90%	600	1,244	1,278	123	1,107	1,133	-	-	-	-
135 - Urban Growth - Bunnythorpe Extension - Water Supply	90%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	533	-	-
246 - Urban Growth - Development Contributions - Water Supply	100%	0%	260	308	316	378	387	396	406	474	484	494
651 - City-wide - Water Supply Resilience - Seismic Strengthening	0%	100%	-	-	211	324	332	340	348	-	-	-
986 - Turitea Dams - Aeration Upgrade	0%	100%	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1004 - Urban Growth - Whakarongo - Water Supply	90%	10%	200	718	1,358	2,646	3,277	1,812	-	-	-	-
1005 - Urban Growth - NEIZ - Water Supply	50%	50%	-	-	-	324	775	2,492	3,128	3,079	-	-
1054 - Ashhurst - Water Quality Improvements	0%	100%	2,500	1,538	526	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1170 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata - Water Supply	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,476	2,960	1,209	2,716
1384 - City-wide - Water Supply Resilience - City Supply Reservoir	0%	100%	500	513	1,053	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1388 - Palmerston North - District Metering Areas for Water Supply	0%	100%	75	77	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1389 - City-wide - Water Supply Resilience - Security of Supply	0%	100%	30	31	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1607 - City-wide - Health & Safety - Water Treatment Chemical Handling	0%	100%	-	154	211	216	-	-	-	-	-	-
1696 - City-wide - Drinking Water Standards Upgrades	0%	100%	100	615	632	8,559	3,843	4,063	579	8,229	5,673	-
1697 - Turitea WTP - Water Supply Resilience - Upgrades	0%	100%	200	256	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1841 - Urban Growth - Ashhurst - Water Supply	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	277	566	841	592	-	-
1873 - City-wide - Water Main Upgrades - Firefighting	0%	100%	100	103	105	108	-	-	-	-	-	-
1874 - Turitea Dams - Health & Safety Improvements	0%	100%	150	154	158	108	55	57	58	59	60	62
1880 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Water Supply	0%	100%	-	-	-	224	1,719	-	-	95	605	QZP <b>P</b>
1883 - 3 Waters - Small Plant and Equipment	0%	100%	100	103	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	PAPAIDEA PALMERSTON NORTH CITY
2042 - Turitea WTP - Raw Water Main Duplicate	0%	100%	200	1,179	1,211	-	-	-	-	-	-	NOT -
2048 - City-wide - Water Toby and Manifold enhancements	0%	100%	750	769	790	810	830	849	869	888	907	926
2060 - City-wide - Commercial Water Meters	0%	100%	70	72	74	135	138	141	23	24	24	25
2000 - City-wide - Commercial Water Meters	076	100%	70	72	74	133	130	141	23	24	24	

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#### 2031/32 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s 2228 - City-wide - Water Main Improvement 0% 100% 1,000 1,025 1,053 1,080 1,107 1,133 1,159 1,184 1,209 1,234 2283 - Turitea WTP - New Retaining Walls on 0% 100% 103 108 Access Road 2286 - Turitea Dams - Installation of Dewatering 0% 100% 270 332 Systems (both dams) 2297 - Urban Growth - Napier Road Bore (City 60% 1,579 2,897 592 40% 1,000 221 2,832 2298 - Bunnythorpe - Water Quality 0% 100% 50 564 221 566 579 Improvements 2299 - Urban Growth - New Northern Water 2,700 221 60% 40% 1,000 1,538 2,632 Supply Bore (Milson Line) 2301 - Urban Growth - New Longburn Water 60% 40% 259 1,428 1,467 2,109 1,257 Supply Bore 2303 - Citywide - Bore Facility Improvements 0% 100% 900 308 211 216 221 2512 - Urban Growth - Kikiwhenua - Water 100% 0% 550 513 Supply TOTAL 10,794 13,307 15,236 20,438 16,322 16,380 14,449 18,709 10,170 5,456 Funded Externally 277 566 4,317 3,552 1,209 2,716 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 10,794 15,236 20,438 10,132 2,740 13,307 16,046 15,813 15,156 8,961

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Water	- Capital	Renewal										
	C	100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
OO Turitaa W.TD Falling Main from W.TD to	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
88 - Turitea WTP - Falling Main from WTP to Reservoir	0	100%	-	154	-	1,782	1,827	1,869	1,912	-	-	-
199 - City-wide - Water Supply Bore and Network	0	100%	245	204	421	121	85	152	437	218	130	-
207 - Turitea WTP - Equipment and Facility	0	100%	200	205	211	594	609	629	637	474	242	247
214 - City-wide - Water Toby and Manifold	0	100%	400	410	421	432	443	453	463	474	484	494
218 - City-wide - Water Main Renewals	0	100%	3,000	3,075	3,158	3,348	3,432	3,511	4,055	3,789	3,869	4,074
1061 - City-wide - Water Supply Reservoir	0	100%	50	154	105	22	22	23	174	24	24	25
1700 - City-wide - Water Meter Renewals	0	100%	250	282	316	108	111	113	116	118	121	123
1701 - City-wide - Water Supply Valve & Hydrant Renewals	0	100%	250	256	263	270	166	170	116	118	121	123
1797 - Water Treatment Plant - Building Renewals	0	100%	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
Reflewals												
1822 - Water Pump Stations - Building Renewals	0	100%	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
2276 - Turitea Dams - Access Road Renewals	0	100%	-	-	263	-	387	340	348	-	-	-
2278 - Longburn - Water Bore and Treatment Renewal	0	100%	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2279 - Longburn - Water Asset Renewals	0	100%	300	308	316	383	_	_	232	_	_	_
2280 - Bunnythorpe - Water Asset Renewals	0	100%	-	205	211	-	-	-	290	296	302	309
2288 - Turitea WTP - Automation and PLC Renewals	0	100%	50	51	53	-	-	-	116	-	-	-
2310 - Citywide - Water Critical Spare Replacements	0	100%	70	82	95	54	55	57	58	59	60	62
2344 - Turitea WTP - Falling Main Rehabilitation	0	100%	-	-	-	-	-	283	1,159	2,629	2,660	2,716
TOTAL			5,010	5,482	5,931	7,215	7,240	7,704	10,218	8,308	8,124	8,285
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)	·		5,010	5,482	5,931	7,215	7,240	7,704	10,218	8,308	8,124	8,285



#### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s Water -Operational 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 Growth LOS \$'000s 1870 - Turitea Dams - Consent Renewal -0% 100% 123 Hydroelectricity 0% 100% 50 1905 - Turitea Dams - Turitea Forest Harvest 51 2504 - Turitea Catchment Reserve Management 0% 100% 50 55 62 TOTAL 185 100 51 55 Funded Externally Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 185 100 51 55

Budget	er - Activity Fina LTP 2024	LTP 202								
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000
Revenue	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
6 Wastewater Collection	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	
1,297 Wastewater Treatment and Disposal	1,173	1,203	1,235	1,267	1,299	1,329	1,359	1,389	1,419	1,4
1,303 Total Revenue	1,173	1,203	1,235	1,267	1,299	1,329	1,359	1,389	1,419	1,4
Expenses										
7,896 Wastewater Collection	11,214	11,724	13,057	13,982	14,539	15,767	16,482	16,693	17,502	17,5
4,994 Wastewater Treatment and Disposal	4,233	4,415	4,556	4,637	5,307	7,022	8,995	10,883	15,629	20,2
12,890 Total Expenses	15,447	16,139	17,613	18,619	19,846	22,789	25,477	27,576	33,130	37,8
11,587 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY	14,274	14,936	16,377	17,352	18,547	21,460	24,118	26,187	31,712	36,3
Rating Requirement										
(5,619) Less Depreciation	(5,745)	(5,818)	(6,395)	(6,592)	(6,704)	(8,561)	(10,028)	(12,202)	(15,112)	(15,9
- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves										
5,180 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average)	5,112	5,216	5,662	6,348	7,059	6,819	6,656	6,460	7,702	7,:
- Plus Debt Repayment	510	613	787	1,466	2,050	2,342	3,221	4,280	4,678	5,2
11,148 RATES REQUIREMENT	14,152	14,948	16,431	18,573	20,953	22,060	23,966	24,725	28,980	33,4
Capital Expenditure										
4,384 Renewal	4,753	5,431	5,152	5,065	6,768	7,209	7,200	6,048	6,719	6,
7,077 New	10,240	15,980	17,464	89,016	92,875	103,791	157,900	120,352	56,374	26,
- Growth	104	461	3,316	3,583	6,599	8,211	6,199	3,967	3,929	
11,461 Total Capital Expenditure	15,097	21,872	25,933	97,665	106,242	119,212	171,299	130,366	67,022	33,
Funded By										
- External Revenue New / Growth	5,000	6,150	6,316	85,436	90,395	102,897	158,960	121,370	58,032	24,
External Revenue Renewal										
1,283 Development Contributions	373	421	563	706	896	1,064	1,175	1,216	1,248	1,
5,180 Rates	5,112	5,216	5,662	6,348	7,059	6,819	6,656	6,460	7,702	35
15,358 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	4,612	10,085	13,391	5,175	7,892	8,432	4,509	1,321	40	(₹
11,461 Total	15,097	21,872	25,933	97,665	106,242	119,212	171,299	130,366	67,022	33,

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# 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s \$

Wastewater	- Capital I	New / Gro										
	C	100	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
66 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant -	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Resilience Programme	0%	100%	250	256	263	270	277	283	290	296	121	123
73 - Urban Growth - Development Contributions - Wastewater	100%	0%	104	154	158	216	221	227	232	296	302	309
210 - Urban Growth - NEIZ - Wastewater	100%	0%	-	-	-	558	1,329	2,832	2,317	-	-	-
628 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant - Consent Renewal Upgrade	0%	100%	5,000	6,150	6,316	85,436	90,118	100,801	156,411	118,410	54,405	24,688
1000 - Urban Growth - Whakarongo - Wastewater	100%	0%	-	-	-	378	2,214	2,265	-	-	-	-
1055 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata - Wastewater	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	-	340	2,317	2,368	2,418	247
1074 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant - Earthquake Strengthening of Civil Structures	0%	100%	1,000	2,563	2,632	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1412 - Urban Growth - Ashhurst - Wastewater	0%	100%	-	-	-	-	277	1,756	232	592	1,209	-
1616 - City-wide - Wastewater Pump Station - Capacity Upgrade	0%	100%	1,000	2,255	2,316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1617 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant - Biogas System Improvements	0%	100%	250	1,538	1,316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1677 - Upsizing of Kairanga Bunnythorpe Road Sewer and Storage	0%	100%	-	51	790	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1712 - City-wide Wastewater reticulation wet weather overflow mitigation	0%	100%	500	513	526	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1821 - City-wide Wastewater Pipeline Realignment of critical at-risk mains	0%	100%	500	513	526	540	554	566	116	118	121	123
2030 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Wastewater	0%	100%	-	-	-	270	344	793	1,101	710	-	-
2229 - City-wide - Wastewater Pipe Improvement	0%	100%	1,000	1,025	1,053	1,080	1,107	1,133	579	592	605	617
2257 - Citywide - Discharge Smart Meters for Large Tradewaste Customers	0%	100%	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
2322 - Bunnythorpe - Wastewater Network Upgrades	0%	100%	300	308	316	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2329 - Citywide - Wastewater Pump Station H&S Upgrades	0%	100%	50	51	53	54	55	57	58	59	60	62
2330 - 3 Waters Telemetry Upgrades	0%	100%	-	154	526	1,242	-	-	-	-	-	-
2331 - Citywide Wastewater Critical Spares	0%	100%	100	51	53	54	55	57	58	59	60	62
2347 - Wastewater Trunk Main - Infill Upgrades	10%	90%	250	513	737	297	664	849	342	770	954	383

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
2511 - Urban Growth - Kikiwhenua - Wastewater	100%	0%	-	308	3,158	2,160	2,214	-	-	-	-	-
			10.011	40.444	20 500		20.472	112.000	141.000	121210	40.004	24.442
TOTAL			10,344	16,441	20,780	92,599	99,473	112,003	164,099	124,319	60,304	26,663
Funded Externally			5,000	6,150	6,316	85,436	90,395	102,897	158,960	121,370	58,032	24,935
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			5,344	10,291	14,464	7,163	9,079	9,106	5,139	2,948	2,272	1,728



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#### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 Growth LOS \$'000s Wastewater - Capital Renewal 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS Growth \$'000s 54 - City-wide - Wastewater Pipe Renewal 100% 1,800 1,845 2,105 2,160 3,321 3,398 3,012 2,723 2,781 2,839 65 - City-wide - Wastewater Pump Station 0 100% 165 169 174 178 183 187 446 189 193 198 200 332 340 348 355 242 247 179 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant -0 100% 264 263 270 0 150 205 601 - Citywide - Aeration Pond Wave Band 100% 1068 - Totara Road Wastewater Treatment Plant -0 100% 145 414 423 370 259 127 0 100% 163 196 172 234 420 184 188 192 1380 - Totara Rd WWTP - Biogas Generator 500 1,472 592 605 1714 - City-wide Wastewater Trunk Mains 0 100% 1,025 1,263 1,188 1,218 1,854 1,234 1799 - Wastewater Treatment Plant - Buildings 0 100% 50 51 52 55 56 57 58 60 53 54 0 45 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 100% 46 1801 - Wastewater Pump Stations - Building 1887 - 3 Waters Minor Equipment Renewals 100% 20 21 32 54 55 57 58 59 60 62 2250 - Bunnythorpe - Wastewater Reticulation 0 100% 200 410 421 270 720 736 2252 - WWTP - Replacement of PLCs and SCADA 0 116 118 181 100% 2268 - Biogas Engine Replacement 0 100% 605 617 2323 - Citywide - Relining of Wastewater Pipes 0 100% 600 615 632 648 664 680 695 710 725 741 2332 - Sedimentation Tank Remediation 0 100% 592 605 2411 - Renewal of Oxidation Ponds and Sludge 100% 700 718 TOTAL 6,613 4,753 5,431 5,152 5,065 6,768 7,209 7,200 6,048 6,719 Funded Externally 4,753 5,431 5,152 5,065 6,768 7,209 7,200 6,048 6,719 6,613 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)

Wastewater -Operational												
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1401 - City-wide - Infiltration & Inflow Investigations	0%	100%	491	518	546	579	613	648	684	703	746	772
TOTAL			491	518	546	579	613	648	684	703	746	772
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			491	518	546	579	613	648	684	703	746	772



#### **Stormwater - Activity Financial Statements Budget** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s Revenue 7 Stormwater Collection and Disposal 7 Total Revenue **Expenses** 5,394 Stormwater Collection and Disposal 6,746 7,168 7,883 8,567 9,298 10,268 10,924 11,528 12,307 12,490 5,394 Total Expenses 6,746 7,168 7,883 8,567 9,298 10,268 10,924 11,528 12,307 12,490 **5,387 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY** 6,746 7,168 7,883 8,567 9,298 10,268 10,924 11,528 12,307 12,490 **Rating Requirement** (2,554)(2,321) Less Depreciation (2,644)(2,923)(3,038)(3,143)(3,535)(3,780)(4,010)(4,474)(4,528)- Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves 814 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 515 515 430 360 368 357 345 333 341 350 - Plus Debt Repayment 206 295 375 717 1,049 1,249 1,711 2,240 2,515 2,835 3,881 RATES REQUIREMENT 4,913 5,334 5,765 6,605 7,572 8,339 9,200 10,091 10,688 11,146 **Capital Expenditure** 230 Renewal 350 615 579 351 360 368 377 326 332 339 5,764 New 4,743 4,368 7,683 6,395 5,620 5,846 4,214 6,677 3,494 2,730 4,244 3,911 3,619 4,344 7,387 18,700 19,029 2,191 1,925 432 - Growth 5,993 Total Capital Expenditure 9,337 8,895 11,881 11,090 13,366 24,914 23,620 9,193 5,751 3,501 **Funded By** - External Revenue New / Growth 1,052 3,053 3,198 1,395 4,484 17,230 18,624 1,776 1,502 External Revenue Renewal 495 746 166 Development Contributions 558 936 1,188 1,411 1,558 1,611 1,654 1,671 814 Rates 515 515 430 360 368 357 345 333 341 350 6,642 New Borrowing / (Repayment) 7,275 4,768 7,507 8,399 7,326 5,917 3,093 5,474 2,255 1,480 5,993 Total 9,337 8,895 11,881 11,090 13,366 24,914 23,620 9,193 5,751 3,501

	Growth	LOS	2024/25 \$'000s	2025/26 \$'000s	2026/27 \$'000s	2027/28 \$'000s	2028/29 \$'000s	2029/30 \$'000s	2030/31 \$'000s	2031/32 \$'000s	2032/33 \$'000s	2033/34 \$'000s
Stormwater				φ σσσσ	Ψ 0003	Ψ 0003	<del>φ 0003</del>	Ψ 0003	Ψ 0003	<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>	<del>4 0003</del>	Ψ 0003
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
22. Citarida Bastoira Flord Consiltuat	Growth	LOS	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s							
22 - Citywide - Restoring Flood Capacity of Stormwater Channels 51 - Urban Growth - Development Contributions -	0%	100%	150	154	158	162	166	170	174	178	181	185
Stormwater	100%	0%	250	308	316	324	332	396	406	414	423	432
197 - Urban Growth - NEIZ - Stormwater	100%	0%	-	-	-	164	1,050	1,074	-	-	-	-
1001 - Urban Growth - Whakarongo - Stormwater	75%	25%	2,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1060 - City-wide - Stormwater Network Improvement Works	0%	100%	2,257	2,519	2,662	2,205	3,263	3,337	1,439	1,225	1,251	1,026
1065 - Urban Growth - Kakatangiata - Stormwater	0%	100%	-	-	-	324	554	10,193	11,866	1,776	1,502	-
1372 - City-wide Stormwater Pump Stations Improvement	0%	100%	486	566	272	347	221	117	-	-	125	395
1704 - Urban Growth - Aokautere - Stormwater	0%	100%	1,052	3,053	3,198	801	2,215	4,771	5,020	-	-	-
1706 - City-wide - Stormwater Network Resilience	0%	100%	-	-	-	324	-	-	348	-	-	-
.707 - City-wide - Land purchase associated with streams and channels	0%	100%	-	-	-	270	-	-	290	-	-	309
1708 - City-wide - Stormwater Flood Mitigation	0%	100%	1,549	428	2,737	2,331	530	1,542	1,096	3,676	1,211	74
2034 - Urban Growth - Ashhurst - Stormwater	0%	100%	-	-	-	270	1,716	2,265	1,738	-	-	-
2035 - Urban Growth - Napier Rd Extention - Stormwater	90%	10%	150	410	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2240 - Longburn - Stormwater Asset Improvements	0%	100%	-	205	-	216	-	227	-	237	-	247
2312 - Industrial Growth - Longburn Stormwater	90%	10%	-	-	105	648	720	-	-	-	-	-
2313 - Citywide - Installation of new Stormwater Assets	0%	100%	100	410	421	432	443	453	463	474	484	494
2324 - Urban Growth - Stormwater Roxborough Crescent Infill	100%	0%	293	140	-	1,813	801	-	-	-	-	-
2325 - Ashhurst - Stormwater Asset Improvement	0%	100%	-	87	1,117	108	664	-	174	770	-	-
2509 - Bunnythorpe - Stormwater Asset Improvement	0%	100%	200	-	211	-	221	-	232	-	242	PAPAIOE PALMER NORTH CITY
2529 - Citywide - Data Collection Devices for Stormwater Monitoring and Planning	0%	100%	-	-	105	-	111	-	-	118	-	STON
TOTAL			8,987	8,280	11,302	10,739	13,006	24,546	23,244	8,868	5,419	3,162
unded Externally			1,052	3,053	3,198	1,395	4,484	17,230	18,624	1,776	1,502	-
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			7,935	5,226	8,104	9,344	8,522	7,316	4,620	7,091	3,917	3,162

#### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS \$'000s Growth \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Stormwater - Capital Renewal 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 Growth LOS \$'000s 20 - City-wide - Stormwater Pump Station 100% 59 60 62 250 256 211 108 111 113 116 Renewals 1062 - City-wide - Stormwater Network Renewal 0 100% 100 359 368 243 249 255 266 272 278 261 TOTAL 350 615 579 351 360 368 377 326 332 339 Funded Externally Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 350 615 579 351 360 368 377 326 332 339

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Stormwate	r -Operatio	nal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
2316 - Third Party Stormwater Flood Problem Resolution	0%	100%	15	15	16	16	17	17	17	18	18	19
2502 - Stormwater Network Resilence Study	0%	100%	100	51	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			115	67	42	16	17	17	17	18	18	19
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			115	67	42	16	17	17	17	18	18	19



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#### **Governance and Active Citizenship - Activity Financial Statements Budget** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s Revenue 11 Councillor Meetings and Administration 107 109 23 69 70 71 73 74 75 77 215 Direction Setting 293 299 306 160 163 166 169 172 175 179 3 Elections 102 114 132 230 Total Revenue 399 510 329 229 347 238 242 378 251 255 **Expenses** 2,624 Councillor Meetings and Administration 2,940 2,747 2,827 2,767 2,918 3,053 3,378 3,388 3,547 3,581 6,196 Direction Setting 5,337 5,239 5,558 5,255 6,900 5,563 6,136 6,224 6,525 6,982 64 Elections 56 318 32 78 359 17 63 403 42 101 1,401 Mayoral Office 348 357 366 374 383 392 401 409 418 426 8,782 8,475 9,223 10,285 Total Expenses 8,682 8,661 9,597 10,066 10,725 10,989 11,010 10.055 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 10,754 8,283 8,151 8,453 8,247 8,876 9,360 9,824 10,347 10,738 **Rating Requirement** (6) Less Depreciation (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) (29) - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 20 Plus Debt Repayment 7 8 8 8 9 10 10 10 11 12 10,070 RATES REQUIREMENT 8,261 8,129 8,432 8,226 8,856 9,340 9,805 10,328 10,720 10,737 **Capital Expenditure** Renewal 138 New Growth 138 Total Capital Expenditure **Funded By** External Revenue New / Growth External Revenue Renewal **Development Contributions** - Rates ------138 New Borrowing / (Repayment) -\_ 138 Total ----

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Governance and Active Citizens	nip -Operatio	nal	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
1949 - Civic and Cultural Precinct	0%	100%	100	102	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2241 - BOF - Rangitane Resource	0%	100%	143	146	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			243	248	254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded Externally			143	146	149	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			100	102	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	



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#### Organisational performance - Activity Financial Statements LTP 2024 **Budget** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s Revenue 259 Civic Administration Building 198 202 207 211 215 219 223 227 232 236 - Customer Services 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 342 353 239 Financial Services 331 334 337 340 345 348 350 356 32 Print Synergy 4,089 External Contracts 4,631 4,034 4,119 4,135 4,145 4,228 4,308 4,390 4,469 4,549 34 Plant and vehicle operations 4,653 Total Revenue 4,565 4,656 4,679 4,697 4,787 4,874 4,962 5,048 5,135 5,224 **Expenses** 967 556 Civic Administration Building 996 951 1,000 984 671 620 600 875 1,031 **Customer Services** 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 414 Financial Services 2,698 2,986 3,301 3,618 3,916 4,188 4,449 4,733 4,939 5,153 Human Resources 1.976 Information Services 3,965 7,699 7,776 5,865 2,102 1,473 4,686 7,392 9,183 10,081 1,023 Marketing & Communications 173 157 173 157 159 156 173 155 157 153 220 223 173 Print Synergy 182 183 178 234 207 208 219 269 3.620 External Contracts 4,137 4,197 4,112 4,112 4,316 4,359 4,491 4,683 4,734 4,857 252 Plant and vehicle operations 274 389 495 510 322 119 758 1,407 2,182 2,110 7,185 Total Expenses 7,067 10,606 10,390 8,204 4,191 359 4,400 7,885 10,318 11,032 2,533 NET OPERATING COSTS OF ACTIVITY 2,503 5,950 5,710 3,508 595 5,232 9,362 12,932 15,454 16,256 **Rating Requirement** (2,788) Less Depreciation (3,871)(4,124)(4,316)(4,603)(4,803)(4,916)(4,915)(4,859)(4,727)(4,720)(5,600) (2,961) - Less Transfers To/(From) Reserves (1,670)3,473 3,433 3,392 3,685 2,605 3,675 Plus Net Capital Renewal (3 Year Average) 3,418 3,246 3,179 3,718 3,615 259 Plus Debt Repayment 3,693 4,244 2,260 3,108 4,176 4,119 3,355 2,466 1,580 1,162 3,679 RATES REQUIREMENT 1,290 5,219 6,597 6,582 2,170 2,311 7,308 11,641 15,127 17,209 **Capital Expenditure** 2,391 Renewal 3,823 3,238 3,193 3,308 3,036 3,955 3,185 4,876 3,938 3,394 270 New 1,265 961 2,339 2,192 850 838 685 640 622 633 Growth 5,088 5,532 5,500 3,886 4,794 3,870 5,516 4,560 2,661 Total Capital Expenditure 4,199 4,027

Organisational performance	e - Activity Fina	ncial Stateme	ents							
Budget	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
Funded By										
External Revenue New / Growth										
- External Revenue Renewal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	861	292	-
Development Contributions										_
3,675 Rates	3,418	3,246	3,179	3,433	3,392	3,718	3,615	3,685	3,473	2,605
6,336 New Borrowing / (Repayment)	1,670	953	2,353	2,067	494	1,075	255	970	795	1,422
2,661 Total	5,088	4,199	5,532	5,500	3,886	4,794	3,870	5,516	4,560	4,027



#### 2030/31 2032/33 \$'000s 2033/34 \$'000s 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2031/32 Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s Governance and Active Citizenship - Capital New / Growth 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 Growth LOS \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s \$'000s

	0%	100%										
TOTAL			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			=	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-

Organisational performance - Capital New / Growth												
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
60 - Information Management Strategic Plan Project	0%	100%	75	77	78	80	82	83	85	86	88	89
99 - New Vehicles and Plant to enable the	0%	100%	307	314	321	327	334	340	347	353	359	366
1875 - Fleet - Upgrade to Electric Vehicles -	0%	100%	213	163	375	133	109	83	56	-	-	-
2449 - Fleet - Upgrade R&R Fleet to Alternate	0%	100%	-	357	470	533	272	277	141	144	117	119
2460 - Fleet - Hydrovac/Airvac unit	0%	100%	620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2499 - Smart Cities / Smart Palmy	0%	100%	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
2514 - New Vehicles and Plant to enable the	0%	100%	-	-	1,044	1,065	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL			1,265	961	2,339	2,192	850	838	685	640	622	633
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

2499 - Smart Cities / Smart Palmy	0%	100%	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	60
2514 - New Vehicles and Plant to enable the	0%	100%	=	-	1,044	1,065	-	=	=	=	-	
TOTAL			1,265	961	2,339	2,192	850	838	685	640	622	633
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			1,265	961	2,339	2,192	850	838	685	640	622	633

			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
Organisational performance	- Capital	Renewal										
			2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
	Growth	LOS	\$'000s									
53 - User Hardware - rolling replacement	0	100%	470	480	490	501	511	520	530	540	550	559
58 - Network Additions and Upgrades	0	100%	75	77	78	80	82	83	85	86	88	89
68 - Aerial Photography	0	100%	35	31	42	234	43	39	51	40	58	48
80 - Council Small Mobile Plant and Equipment -	0	100%	351	356	292	305	319	317	332	310	325	346
Replacement	-											
86 - Property - Furniture Replacements	0	100%	30	31	31	32	33	33	34	34	35	36
221 - Replacement of Print Synergy Machinery	0	100%	-	20	-	107	-	-	-	-	117	-
281 - CAB - Renewals	0	100%	200	204	209	213	217	221	226	230	234	238
755 - Replacement of Parking Enforcement Hand	0	100%	35	_	-	37	_	-	39	-	_	42
Helds and iPhones												
784 - Replacement of Council's Photocopiers/Printers	0	100%	18	15	16	32	38	44	17	17	18	18
1879 - Council's Plant and Vehicle - Replacements	. 0	100%	1,750	1,991	1,722	1,758	1,793	1,827	1,862	1,895	1,929	1,964
1933 - Brand and Marketing Critical Equipment	0	100%	-	33	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	43
2027 - Video and Audio Equipment	0	100%	9	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	11
2494 - Modern Telephony Replacement	0	100%	200	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
2495 - Council Chambers refresh	0	100%		-	313	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
2496 - Data Centre - Refresh	0	100%	650	-	-	-	_	830	_	_	-	_
2513 - Renewal of CAB windows and window	-		000					000				
seals	0	100%	-	-	=	-	-	-	=	1,723	585	
TOTAL			3,823	3,238	3,193	3,308	3,036	3,955	3,185	4,876	3,938	3,394
Funded Externally			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	861	292	
Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing)			3,823	3,238	3,193	3,308	3,036	3,955	3,185	4,014	3,646	3,394



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#### 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 LOS Growth \$'000s Organisational performance -Operational 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 2024/25 Growth LOS \$'000s 225 - PNCC Website Upgrade 0% 100% 53 345 1520 - Digital Transformation 0% 100% 4,900 2,246 1,044 1,065 1,087 1,107 1,128 1,149 1,169 1,190 2346 - Organisation wide - systems replacement 0% 100% 850 919 939 373 380 388 395 402 409 417 or new systems initiatives 55 0% 165 168 172 53 54 56 57 58 60 2451 - Leadership Development 100% 2500 - Implementation of Waka Kotahi Asset 0% 100% 160 41 Management Data Standards TOTAL 6,075 3,374 2,155 1,545 1,521 1,580 1,637 1,666 1,550 1,953 Funded Externally 82 21 Funded by Council (Rates and Borrowing) 5,993 3,354 2,155 1,545 1,521 1,550 1,580 1,953 1,637 1,666



## **Statement of Proposal**

Council reviews its Significance and Engagement Policy every three years through the Long-term Plan (LTP). This draft Policy has only minor suggested changes from the adopted 2021 Policy:

- The Context section has been updated to reflect the proposed Governance and Active Citizenship Plan. This does not change the intent of the Policy.
- The Vision and Goals section has been updated to reflect the proposed 2024 Vision and Goals.
- Creative Sounds, Te Motu o Poutoa and Turitea Reserve (the portion used for used for electricty generation and transmission and flora and fauna) have been added to the proposed list of Strategic Assets to reflect their importance to achieving the Council's strategic direction.

You can make a submission on the draft Policy online at <a href="www.pncc.govt.nz">www.pncc.govt.nz</a> or by post to Palmerston North City Council, Private Bag 11032, Palmerston North 4442. You can also make your submission as part of a wider submission on the Council's Long-term Plan.

Submissions open on 8 April and close on 9 May 2024.

Enquires about the draft Significance and Engagement Policy can be made to Andrew Boyle, Head of Community Planning on phone (06) 356 8199 or email andrew.boyle@pncc.govt.nz

# **Draft Significance and Engagement Policy 2024**

## **Purpose of this Policy**

This Policy sets out how the Council will determine the significance (importance) of its proposals and decisions – and hence, how it will ensure that its engagement on these proposals and decisions meets community preferences. It also lists Council's strategic assets.

It is a requirement of s76AA of the Local Government Act.

### **Context for this Policy**

Council's aim is to have greater community participation in decision-making. Robust decisions are made when the aspirations of all our communities are heard by Elected Members. Participation is not only voting, it is about taking opportunities to voice opinions, make formal submissions, get involved in local projects and initiatives. This is where the benefits of a small city can really be seen.

The purpose of local government is to enable democratic local decision-making and action by, and on behalf of, communities and to promote the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of communities in the present and for the future. The Local Government Act was amended in 2019 to make the Chief Executive of the local authority responsible for "facilitating and fostering representative

and substantial elector participation in elections and polls held under the Local Electoral Act" Section42 (2)(da). Appropriate engagement leads to good planning and effective solutions which reflect community aspirations.

A city with 'active citizens' is a place where residents choose to engage and serve their community; where there is access to good information; and where diverse voices contribute ideas and experience to collaborate on inclusive solutions which will benefit this generation and the next. Active citizenship contributes to a healthy democracy where individuals and communities are empowered to have a say; where elected officials are accountable; and where decisions are transparent.

The Council is also committed to engaging with Rangitane o Manawatu.

The Council and Rangitāne signed a Partnership Agreement in 2019 that formally acknowledges the status of Rangitāne as mana whenua. This has created a reciprocal working relationship with iwi leadership to align their priorities with those of Council across the suite of strategies and policies that guide our collective decisions. It sets out how Rangitāne and Council will work together and understand each other's aspirations.

#### The Meaning of Community Engagement in Decision Making

Community engagement is a very important part of Council's decision making.

Community engagement means Council and people connecting together to share ideas and build understanding.

Key elements of good engagement are:

- Council involving people throughout the process
- Council giving people the time and information they need to have their say
- · Council and people listening to each other and feeling listened to
- Council valuing and genuinely considering peoples' ideas
- Council giving people information about the decisions it has made and the reasons for these
- That it is purposeful and aimed at shaping the decisions and actions of Council.

In good community engagement, peoples' ideas may or may not be fully adopted, but they know that they have been genuinely listened to and that their ideas have been fully considered.

Community engagement is a planned process that occurs right through the decision-making process. Hence it is a wider process than consultation, which tends to be more formal and to happen towards the end of the decision-making process.

#### The Council's General Approach to Community Engagement

The Council uses a model based on the IAP2 (International Association for Public Participation) continuum to guide its engagement (see the diagram on the following page).



This shows that community engagement for decision making is a continuum. At one end of the continuum the Council gives people information about what it is doing. At the other end Council delegates decision making to the public. In the middle it uses a range of techniques to gather community views and to involve people in making its decisions.

Most of the Council's engagement will be in the middle of the continuum - at the Consult, Involve or Collaborate levels. In general, the more important (or significant) the decision, the more the Council will work at the Involve or Collaborate level.

In some cases the Council will use engagement techniques from a mix of levels and it may use different levels at different points of the engagement. For example, when it is exploring issues and options Council could use Collaborative techniques, and then use techniques from the Consult level to get community views on these options.

	INCREASING IMPACT ON T	THE DECISION					
	INFORM	CONSULT	INVOLVE	COLLABORATE	EMPOWER		
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION GOAL	To provide the public with balanced and objective information to assist them in understanding the problem, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions.	To obtain public feedback on analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.	To work directly with the public throughout the process to ensure that public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered.	To partner with the public in each aspect of the decision including the development of alternatives and the identification of the preferred solution.	To place final decision making in the hands of the public.		
PROMISE TO THE PUBLIC	We will keep you informed.	We will keep you informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and aspirations, and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will work with you to ensure that your concerns and aspirations are directly reflected in the alternatives developed and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will look to you for advice and innovation in formulating solutions and incorporate your advice and recommendations into the decisions to the maximum extent possible.	We will implement what you decide.		
	the decision. possible.						

The Council also has a set of Community Engagement Principles to guide its community engagement. These principles sit alongside the consultation principles from s82 of the Local Government Act (see Appendix 1), and the wider decision making and consultation requirements in sections 76-90 of the Act.

The Council's Community Engagement Principles say that when it engages with local residents and organisations it will:

- Engage in a way that shows people that their contribution is valued and will be fully considered
- Be clear about the process being used and the level of influence that people have

- Encourage as many people as reasonably possible to take part from the start to the finish of the
  process, especially affected and interested people
- Make it easy for people to give their views to the Council
- Engage in the community by going to where people are and not always expecting them to come to the Council
- Give people time to think about the issues and respond to them
- Use honest and easy to understand information
- Listen to everybody who engages with the Council and gather other information so that it
  understands a reasonably wide range of peoples' views
- Tell people what it decides and why
- Use relevant information from previous engagement processes
- Take a common sense, cost effective approach.

#### The Local Government Act Meaning of Significance

The LG Act (s5) says that significance means the degree of importance of the issue, proposal, decision, or matter, as assessed by the local authority, in terms of its likely impact on, and likely consequences for:

- a) the district or region;
- any persons who are likely to be particularly affected by, or interested in, the issue, proposal, decision, or matter;
- the capacity of the local authority to perform its role, and the financial and other costs of doing so.

Significance is a continuum that ranges from decisions of low significance to decisions of high significance. The Act says that a decision of high significance is 'significant' (s5). The legislation does not contain any specific criteria to distinguish between significant and non-significant decisions. Instead, the legislation says that that is a decision for each Council to make in each instance.

The Council will ensure that its community engagement and decision making is appropriate for the significance of each decision it makes, irrespective of whether or not the decision is significant.

If a decision is significant (under s5) then the Council will meet a higher standard of engagement and (as required by s76(3) of the LG Act) will ensure that the decision making and consultation principles of s77, 78, 80, 81 and 82 have been appropriately complied with.

#### Council's Approach to Significance

Based on the above definitions the Council will determine the significance of a decision by assessing:

Its impact on the achievement of the Council's Long-term Plan (10 Year Plan). The Long-term
Plan sets out what the Council is aiming to achieve (see the following table). In general, a
significant decision is one that has high and ongoing impact on the achievement of the Council's
Long-term Plan



- Its impact on those persons who are particularly affected by or interested in the decision. In general, a significant decision is one that has high and ongoing impact on or interest from many people across the community
- Its impact on the Council's resources and capacity to perform its role. In general, a significant decision is one that has high and ongoing cost.

It is the Council that decides whether or not a decision is significant. In making this decision the Council will take into account community views.

The Council has no pre-set triggers or thresholds to determine what is high or ongoing.

In making its decision the Council will take into account all three of the above criteria - a single criterion on its own does not necessarily determine significance. The Council will also consider the cumulative impact of closely related decisions.

#### Council's 2024 Long-term Plan Vision and Goals

#### Vision:

He iti ra, he iti pounamu.

Small city benefits, big city ambition

#### Goals:

He tāone auaha, he tāone tiputipu An innovative and growing city

He tāone whakaihiihi, tapatapahi ana A creative and exciting city

He hapori tūhonohono, he hapori haumaru A connected and safe community

He tāone toitū, he tāone manawaroa A sustainable and resilient city

All reports that go to Council will contain an assessment of the significance of the recommended decisions. If the recommendations are considered to be significant a recommendation confirming this and that the Council has engaged appropriately will be included. A statement showing how the Council will (or has) appropriately observe(d) the applicable sections of the Act will also be included.

Whether or not a decision is significant, the Council will still engage appropriately. Most recommended Council decisions will not be significant.

If the Council substantially changes the report's recommendations, then it will have to assess the significance of the new recommendations before it adopts them.

### **Council's Strategic Assets**

The Significance and Engagement Policy must list Council's strategic assets.

A strategic asset is any "asset or group of assets that the local authority needs to retain if the local authority is to maintain the local authority's capacity to achieve or promote any outcome that the local authority determines to be important to the current or future well-being of the community" (LG Act s5).

The Act also says that any housing Council owns to provide affordable housing as part of its social policy and any airport company shares are strategic assets.

In general, if Council is making a decision about a strategic asset it will use a greater degree of engagement than it will for a non-strategic asset. In particular, the Council cannot transfer ownership or control of a strategic asset unless it has first consulted with the community through a Long-Term Plan Consultation Document (LG Act s97).

The Council's strategic assets are:

- social housing as a whole (for low-income older people or people on low incomes with additional needs)
- · public rental housing as a whole
- shares in Palmerston North Airport Ltd
- roading and traffic network as a whole (including footpaths, street lighting & parking)
- wastewater reticulation network and treatment plant as a whole (see note)
- water supply, treatment, storage and reticulation network as a whole (see note)
- stormwater network and land drainage system as a whole (see note)
- Turitea Reserve (the portion used for used for electricity generation and transmission and flora and fauna)
- Te Marae o Hine The Square as a whole
- reserves zoned for recreation purposes or subject to the Reserves Act as a whole
- the Esplanade, Ongley Park, Fitzherbert Park and Manawaroa Park as a whole
- aquatic facilities as a whole
- Te Motu o Poutoa
- Central Energy Trust Arena as a whole
- Shared pathways as a whole
- Ashhurst Domain as a whole
- Memorial Park as a whole
- the parts of the Manawatū River Park owned by Council, as a whole
- Linklater Park as a whole



- Te Manawa
- the Regent Theatre
- the Globe Theatre
- Caccia Birch
- City Library (including community libraries and mobile library) as a whole
- archives as a whole
- Square Edge
- Creative Sounds
- community centres as a whole
- Hancock Community House
- cemeteries and crematorium as a whole
- that portion of the Civic Administration Building sited on The Square Te Marae o Hine.

The Council considers each asset and groups of assets listed above as a single whole asset. This is because the asset or group of assets as a whole delivers the service.

"Strategic assets" therefore refers to the whole asset or group of assets and not individual components unless that component substantially affects the ability of the Council to deliver the service. If the Council is considering a decision on any individual component of a strategic asset that substantially affects the ability of the Council to deliver or promote its services then that component will be treated as strategic.

The Council recognises that there will be some assets that, although not fitting the legal definition of strategic asset, are of high community importance and interest. The Council will appropriately engage with the community on issues relating to these assets. In these cases proposals or decisions regarding these assets may be significant.

Note: The strategic status of the 3 waters networks may need to be reconsidered as part of Council's decisions in light of Central Government's water reforms. The reforms may mean that Council's 3 waters assets would be transferred to a new Council Controlled Organisation so that water expenditure is not on Council's balance sheet. This would mean the assets would not be owned by Council. At that point Council could identify components of the current 3 waters networks it would retain.

#### **Monitoring and Review**

This Policy will be reviewed every three years through the 10 Year Plan.

It will be monitored as part of Council's monitoring of the Good Governance and Active Citizenship Plan.

#### Appendix 1:

#### **Local Government Act s82 Principles of Consultation**

- (1) Consultation that a local authority undertakes in relation to any decision or other matter must be undertaken, subject to subsections (3) to (5), in accordance with the following principles:
  - a. that persons who will or may be affected by, or have an interest in, the decision or matter should be provided by the local authority with reasonable access to relevant information in a manner and format that is appropriate to the preferences and needs of those persons:
  - b. that persons who will or may be affected by, or have an interest in, the decision or matter should be encouraged by the local authority to present their views to the local authority:
  - c. that persons who are invited or encouraged to present their views to the local authority should be given clear information by the local authority concerning the purpose of the consultation and the scope of the decisions to be taken following the consideration of views presented:
  - d. that persons who wish to have their views on the decision or matter considered by the local authority should be provided by the local authority with a reasonable opportunity to present those views to the local authority in a manner and format that is appropriate to the preferences and needs of those persons:
  - e. that the views presented to the local authority should be received by the local authority with an open mind and should be given by the local authority, in making a decision, due consideration:
  - f. that persons who present views to the local authority should have access to a clear record or description of relevant decisions made by the local authority and explanatory material relating to the decisions, which may include, for example, reports relating to the matter that were considered before the decisions were made.



#### Attachment 5

Preparing an LTP involves many compromises by Elected Members and officers to balance the need to provide services and projects that keep the city running and moving towards Council's Vision whilst being affordable. These compromises involve reducing initial budgets and defering work.

Some of these decisions are made formally through Council meetings. The following list identifies items that were formally considered at Council's LTP meeting on 29 November and the 13 and 18 December and were not included in the LTP.

Items considered but not included:

Council decided not to include the following programmes in the proposed LTP to keep rates down:

- Funding for two new public toilets (at \$300,000 each toilet) per year where there is demand.
- Manawatu River Park Water Front Precinct Lighting: \$475,000 in 202/27 to light the shared pathway between the two bridges on the city side, and to light the Fitzherbert bridge. (Programme 1435).
- Manawatu River Park: \$20,000 per year throughout the LTP for a variety of projects including enhancing river entrances, developing play features, rest areas and signage (programme 1844).
- Manawatu River Park Marae Tarata: Marae Tarata is a site of cultural significance identified in the Manawatu River Framework for rehabilitation and enhancement. This programme provides \$20,000 annually in years 1-3 for the placement of cleanfill - until such time as wider development of the site can occur (programme 1894).
- An annual Wayfinding programme for additional village gateways. This would provide lighting installations (four lighting installations at \$50,000 per site) and plaque installations (four plaques at \$6,000 per site).
- Tip Road (the landfill road) \$125,000 in year 3 for the assessment, scope and delivery of development works to bring Tip Road up to standard (programme 2337).
- LED Lighting: \$50,000 annually to convert existing lighting to modern LEDs, including bringing light levels up to standard where appropriate within all of Council's facilities (programme 1451).
- Citywide Streetscape: \$200,000 per year to create new neighbourhood streetscapes
  throughout the city, ensuring they are accessible and fit for purpose. This includes seating,
  tables and shelters across the city, providing places for pedestrians to rest, socialise and
  spend time (programme 1803).
- Unsubsidised road seal extensions: \$90,000 annually in years 1-5 to seal unsealed road carriageways that are in areas of predominantly sealed roads (programme 2353).

# Rating System, Rates and Funding Impact Statements

#### 1. Introduction

Rating incidence is governed by the Council's Revenue and Financing Policy and its Rating Policies. This section outlines details of the present rating system used by the Council. It also incorporates the Funding Impact Statements in the form prescribed by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

At various points within this section a level of rate or charge is outlined. These are indicative figures provided to give ratepayers an estimate of what their level of rates is likely to be in the forthcoming year. They are not necessarily the actual figures as these will not be known until the Council's rating information database is finalised. Rates figures in this section are GST-inclusive unless otherwise specified.

## 2. Rating Objectives

These are the Council's rating objectives:

- to encourage growth and confidence in the city by operating a stable, easily understood method of setting rates
- to set rates in a manner that is fair and equitable as between various ratepayers and classes of ratepayer, and consistent with Council's planning objectives
- to ensure that all citizens contribute to the cost of providing city services by charging on a user-pays basis where practicable
- to foster the sense of a single community by operating a common system throughout the city.

## 3. Components of the rating system - a summary

The Council's rating system, designed to meet these objectives, is utilised to fund the net cost of operations and programmes outlined in the Long-term Plan and Annual Budget (Plan). It comprises the following components:

- A common system applies throughout the city.
- Targeted rates, in the form of fixed amounts (as proxy user charges) are made
  to cover the costs of services that are identifiable by property (water supply,
  wastewater disposal, and rubbish and recycling). In addition, significant nonresidential and some rural users of water are metered and some nonresidential wastewater users are charged on the basis of the number of pans.
  A targeted rate (comprising a fixed amount and a variable amount based on
  capital value) is made on non-residential properties within the central city
  Palmy BID area.
- A Uniform Annual General Charge (UAGC) is applied as a fixed amount to every rating unit within the city. It is used as a mechanism to ensure each rating unit contributes a minimum amount of the general rate and also to moderate rates on high land-value properties.
- A targeted rate, based on the capital value, is planned to be applied to each rating unit, with different rates (differentials) applying to each differential category. It is intended this rate will cover the costs of the delivering goal one (an innovative and growing city) and in particular transport, economic development, housing and urban design activities.
- A General Rate, based on the land value, is applied to each rating unit, with different rates (differentials) applying to each property category.

#### RATING SYSTEM, RATES AND FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENTS

The categories in the Council's differential rating scheme reflect differing property use and can be broadly grouped as follows:

- Single-unit residential
- Multi-unit residential
- Non-residential
- Rural and semi-serviced
- Miscellaneous.

Differential surcharges (that is, a higher rate in the dollar) are applied to multi-unit residential and non-residential properties, while lower rates are applied to single unit residential and rural/semi-serviced properties. No surcharge is applied to miscellaneous properties.

# 4. Examples of proposed rates for 2024/25

Examples of proposed rates for 2024/25 are shown in the following table:

	Land Value	Capital Value	Rates 2023/24	Rates 2024/25					
Single unit resid	Single unit residential								
Average	468,000	739,000	3,206	3,455					
Median	455,000	690,000	3,149	3,369					
Quartile 1	360,000	590,000	2,735	2,956					
Quartile 3	540,000	840,000	3,520	3,788					
Two unit reside	ntial								
Average	561,000	829,000	5,532	6,052					
Median	525,000	770,000	5,313	5,799					
Quartile 1	450,000	675,000	4,858	5,310					
Quartile 3	625,000	920,000	5,920	6,483					

	Land	Capital	Rates	Rates			
	Value	Value	2023/24	2024/25			
Non-residential	Non-residential Non-residential						
Average	1,022,000	2,402,000	17,518	19,990			
Median	620,000	1,030,000	10,867	11,352			
Quartile 1	385,000	610,000	6,979	7,223			
Quartile 3	1,110,000	2,295,000	18,794	20,900			
Rural & semi-se	rviced (5ha o	r more)					
Average	1,373,000	1,585,000	2,196	2,387			
Median	730,000	1,102,000	1,310	1,491			
Quartile 1	520,000	551,000	1,020	1,048			
Quartile 3	1,218,000	1,670,000	1,983	2,248			
Rural & semi-se	rviced (betw	een 0.2 and 5	āha)				
Average	549,000	1,202,000	1,817	2,696			
Median	520,000	1,180,000	1,737	2,597			
Quartile 1	435,000	950,000	1,503	2,189			
Quartile 3	590,000	1,390,000	1,930	2,947			
Miscellaneous							
Average	916,000	1,746,000	5,355	6,225			
Median	550,000	720,000	3,336	3,482			
Quartile 1	295,000	400,000	1,930	2,004			
Quartile 3	965,000	1,445,000	5,625	6,111			

If all of the properties in the category of property were listed from lowest to highest land value, then the 'median' is the value at the half way point in the list, quartile 1 is the value at the first quarter point in the list, and quartile 3 is the value at the three-quarter point in the list.

For example, if there are 1,000 properties and they are sorted from the lowest to the highest land value then quartile 1 in the 250<sup>th</sup> property from the lowest.

The three-yearly revaluation of the city for rating purposes was undertaken in 2021 and those valuations are the base for general rates set in 2024/25.

The examples should be read with regard for the following assumptions:

- the Council's total rates revenue will increase by 11.3%
- the Uniform Annual General Charge will be \$200 per rating unit (\$200 in 2023/24)
- targeted rates in the form of fixed amounts will be applied for water supply(\$427); wastewater disposal (\$384); kerbside recycling (\$144); rubbish and public recycling (\$62) (\$407, \$306, \$148 and \$103 respectively in 2023/24)
- a targeted rate for wastewater disposal will be set on non-residential properties on the basis of the number of pans, in excess of three, on the rating unit. The charge per pan will be \$xxx compared with \$306 per pan in 2023/24.
- a new targeted rate is planned to be implemented to cover the costs of the goal one activities and this is to be based on the capital value. As a consequence, the general rate will be lower than in 2023/24.

The examples shown for non-residential, miscellaneous and rural/semi-serviced properties do not include the charges (either fixed or metered) for water, wastewater or kerbside recycling because these vary from property to property but they do include the rubbish and public recycling rate. They do not include the proposed targeted rates to fund the Palmy BID as these will be applied to selected properties in the defined central city Palmy BID area.

# 5. Components of the Rating System – more detail

## 5.1 General Rate (based on land value)

The Council proposes to set a general rate based on the land value of each rating unit in the city.

The general rate will be set on a differential basis based on land use (see description in 5.5), with the differential factors as shown in the following table:

	Differential Group	Differential Factor (expressed as % of Group Code MS)	Rate (cents in \$ of LV)
Code	Brief Description	Proposed 2024/25	Proposed 2024/25
R1	Single unit residential	Balance (approx. 78)	0.3458
R2	Two unit residential	110	0.4863
R3	Three unit residential	120	0.5305
R4	Four unit residential	130	0.5747
R5	Five unit residential	140	0.6189
R6	Six unit residential	150	0.6632
R7	Seven unit residential	160	0.7074
R8	Eight or more unit residential	170	0.7516
MS	Miscellaneous	100	0.4421
CI	Non-residential (Commercial/Industrial)	300	1.3263
FL	Rural/Semi-serviced (5 hectares or more)	25	0.1105
FS	Rural/Semi-serviced (0.2 hectares or less)	75	0.3316
FM	Rural/Semi-serviced (between 0.2 & 5 hectares)	65	0.2874

## 5.2 Uniform annual general charge

The Council proposes to set a uniform annual general charge of \$200 (\$200 for 2023/24) on each rating unit.

## 5.3 Targeted rate (based on capital value)

The Council proposes to set a targeted rate based on the capital value of each rating unit in the city. This rate will be used to fund the costs of the goal one (innovative and growing city) activities including transport, economic development, housing and urban design.

The rate will be set on a differential basis based on land use (see description in 5.5<sup>1</sup>), with the differential factors as shown in the following table:

	Differential Group	Differential Factor (expressed as % of Group Code MS)	Rate (cents in \$ of CV)
Code	Brief Description	Proposed 2024/25	Proposed 2024/25
R1	Single unit residential	Balance (approx. 77)	0.08383
R2	Two unit residential	120	0.13147
R3	Three unit residential	120	0.13147
R4	Four unit residential	120	0.13147
R5	Five unit residential	120	0.13147
R6	Six unit residential	120	0.13147
R7	Seven unit residential	120	0.13147
R8	Eight or more unit residential	120	0.13147
MS	Miscellaneous	100	0.10956
CI	Non-residential (Commercial/Industrial)	220	0.24103
FL	Rural/Semi-serviced (5 hectares or more)	35	0.03835
FS	Rural/Semi-serviced	75	0.08217

Differential Group		Differential Factor (expressed as % of Group Code MS)	Rate (cents in \$ of CV)
	(0.2 hectares or less)		
FM	Rural/Semi-serviced (between 0.2 & 5 hectares)	65	0.07121

non-residential, whereas it is categorised as miscellaneous for the purposes of the general rate.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Note – for the purposes of this targeted rate vacant serviced property where non-residential use is a permitted activity under the city's District Plan will be categorised as

#### 5.4 Targeted rates (other)

For the purposes of the targeted rates proposed below the term 'residential' is defined as "having a predominant or exclusive residential use and on which one or more residential units is erected."

For the purposes of the targeted rates proposed below, a 'separately used or inhabited part (SUIP) of a rating unit' is defined as:

"Any part of the rating unit that is, or is able to be, separately used or inhabited by the ratepayer, or any other person who has the right to use or inhabit that part by virtue of a tenancy, lease, licence or other agreement.

This definition includes separately used parts, whether or not actually occupied at any particular time, which are provided by the owner for rental (or other form of occupation) on an occasional or long-term basis by someone other than the owner.

For the purposes of the definition, vacant land and vacant premises offered or intended for use or habitation by a person other than the owner and usually used as such are defined as 'used'.

For the avoidance of doubt, a rating unit that has a single use or occupation is treated as having one SUIP.

For a residential property a SUIP will have a separate entrance, kitchen facilities (including sink or cooking facilities), living facilities and toilet/bathroom facilities.

By way of example the following would be considered to have separately used or inhabited parts of a rating unit:

- A single dwelling with flat attached
- Two or more houses, flats or apartments on one certificate of title."

The Council does not have a lump sum contribution policy and lump sum contributions will not be invited for any targeted rate.

#### 5.4.1 Water supply

The Council proposes to set targeted rates for water supply. For residential rating units it shall be on the basis of a fixed amount per separately used or inhabited part, and for all other properties a fixed amount per rating unit. The charge will be set on a differential basis based on the availability of the service (either 'connected' or 'serviceable'). Connected means the rating unit is connected to a Council-operated waterworks while serviceable means the rating unit is not connected to a Council-operated waterworks but is within 100m of such waterworks and Council would allow a connection. The serviceable rate will be 50% of the connected rate.

Rating units that are not connected to the scheme and are not serviceable will not be liable for this rate. The estimated rates for the 2024/25 year are:

Connected: \$427 Serviceable: \$213.50

There are situations where the Council will require water to be supplied on a metered basis. Where this occurs, the Council proposes instead of the above to set metered water targeted rates that comprise a fixed amount (estimated at \$230 per metered connection for connections of 25mm or less and \$490 for connections greater than 25mm) and a variable amount (estimated at \$1.78538 per cubic metre) based on the volume of water supplied.



#### RATING SYSTEM, RATES AND FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENTS

## 5.4.2 Wastewater disposal

The Council proposes to set a targeted rate for wastewater disposal. For residential rating units, it shall be set on the basis of a fixed charge per separately used or inhabited part, and for all other properties a fixed charge per rating unit. The charge will be set on a differential basis based on the availability of the service (either 'connected' or 'serviceable'). Connected means the rating unit is connected to a public wastewater drain, while serviceable means the rating unit is not connected to a public wastewater drain but is within 30m of such a drain, and Council would allow a connection. The serviceable rate will be 50% of the connected rate.

Rating units that are not connected to the scheme, and which are not serviceable will not be liable for this rate.

The estimated rates for the 2024/25 year are:

Connected: \$384 Serviceable: \$192

In addition, for the 2024/25 year the Council proposes to set a targeted rate for connected non-residential rating units of \$386 per pan (water closet or urinal) for each pan in excess of three.

#### **5.4.3 Resource Recovery**

## 5.4.3.1 Kerbside recycling

The Council proposes to set a targeted rate for kerbside recycling on the basis of:

• a fixed amount per separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit for residential properties receiving the Council's kerbside collection service

• a fixed amount per rating unit for non-residential and rural/semi-serviced properties receiving the Council's kerbside collection service

Where ratepayers elect, and the Council agrees, additional levels of service may be provided. These additional services could be providing more recycling bins or more frequent service. Each additional level of service will be charged at a rate of \$144. This may include charges to non-rateable rating units where the service is provided. Rating units for which the Council is not prepared to provide the service will not be liable for these rates.

The estimated rates for the 2024/25 year are:

Kerbside recycling \$144

## 5.4.3.2 Rubbish and public recycling

The Council proposes to set a targeted rate for rubbish and public recycling on the basis of a fixed amount per separately used or inhabited part of each residential rating unit and a fixed amount per rating unit for all other rating units. Rating units that are vacant land will not be liable for these rates.

The estimated rates for the 2024/25 year are:

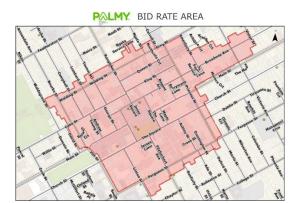
Rubbish and public recycling \$62

#### 5.4.4 Palmy BID

The Council proposes to set targeted rates on those properties within the central city Palmy BID area as shown on the following map that are categorised as non-residential for the Council's general rate. The rate will fund a grant to the Palmy BID group.

The targeted rates will comprise:

- A fixed amount of \$345 per rating unit; and
- A variable amount of 0.0137 cents in the \$ of the capital value of the rating unit.



#### 5.5 Differential Matters and Categories

#### 5.5.1 Objectives of Differentials for General Rate

The Council believes that a uniform general rate based on land value would not produce a fair and equitable allocation of rates. For this reason, it operates a system of differentials based on land use. Descriptions of the land use categories are shown in 5.5.2.

The Council describes the relationship between the rates charged to each group in terms of a factor expressed as a percentage of the rate that would apply if there were no differential rating in place – that is, the group described as Miscellaneous (MS). Each year, the Council reviews the differential factors applied to each land use category. The factors proposed for 2024/25 are outlined in 5.1 and are unchanged from 2023/24 except for code FM which has changed from 50% to 65% and for code FL from 25% to 35%.

The factors have been developed to address the following matters:

- rating units containing more than one residential unit will place an increasing demand on Council services as the number of units increase
- the land value for non-residential property is often driven by different influences from the land value for residential or rural land and therefore is not directly comparable as a rating base
- the Council's Revenue and Financing Policy identifies a number of activities where it believes non-residential users gain a greater benefit than other users and should bear a greater share of the cost
- for large rural rating units a pure land value system would produce rates charges that would be unsustainable
- rural and semi-serviced rating units generally have limited or, in some case no access to some Council activities funded through the general rate

#### 5.5.2 Differentials based on land use

The Council proposes to differentiate the general rate primarily on the basis of land use. Properties with more than one use will be placed in a category that the Council considers reflects the primary use.

The Council will consider partitioning the property into parts and allocate each part to the most appropriate category in situations such as the following:

- where there are discreet parts of the property used for different purposes such as a retail shop and a residence
- for manager's residences associated with motel complexes
- where part of the property is used for not-for-profit or other community purposes and the remainder is used for other purposes
- where the property is not serviced and is used for commercial, industrial or business purposes but a significant part is used for farming or horticultural purposes
- where a property has a rural zoning but is serviced and has one or more residential units then the first 2ha will be classified as group code R1 and the balance as FM or FL depending on its size
- where a property that is greater than 5ha (and residential use is a permitted
  activity under the city's District Plan) becomes serviced the first 5ha (or the
  area of the actual sub-divisional development if larger than this) will be
  categorised in group code R1 and the remainder will continue to be treated as
  not serviced for rating purposes
- where a property that is less than 5ha becomes serviced and features of the land or District Plan requirements impede subdivision the part that reflects the extent of the impediment will continue to be treated as not serviced for rating purposes

Note that, subject to the rights of objection to the rating information database set out in sections 29 and 39 of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002, the Council is the sole determiner of the categories.

In the context of the general rate, 'serviced' means the property is either connected or serviceable for wastewater disposal. Connected means the rating unit is connected to a public wastewater drain, while serviceable means the rating unit is not connected to a public wastewater drain but is within 30m of such a drain, and Council would allow a connection.

The following differential categories will be used:

#### Single-unit residential (R1)

Every serviced rating unit not otherwise classified:

- having a predominant or exclusive residential use (excluding home occupations) and on which is erected one residential unit; or
- being vacant property where residential use is a permitted activity under the city's District Plan.

#### Multi-unit residential (R2 - R8)

Every serviced rating unit not otherwise classified on which is erected:

- two residential units (R2); or
- three residential units (R3); or
- four residential units (R4); or
- five residential units (R5); or
- six residential units (R6); or
- seven residential units (R7); or
- eight or more residential units (R8).

In determining what is a residential unit, the Council will apply the same criteria as defined for a SUIP, as shown in 5.3.

Every rating unit not otherwise classified of the following types:

- property used primarily for not-for-profit or other community purposes, excluding retail shops
- property owned by the Council that is used by it for parking that is available for public use
- property where the ratepayer conducts or permits to be conducted a business (a Home Occupation, as defined in the city's District Plan), which would otherwise qualify for inclusion in group code R1
- vacant serviced property where non-residential use is a permitted activity under the city's District Plan (note such property is categorised as nonresidential for the purposes of any capital value based rate)
- property that is not serviced and would otherwise qualify for inclusion in group code FL, FS or FM but is used for predominantly commercial, industrial or business purposes (excluding farming and horticulture).
- property not specifically categorised in any of the other group codes.

Non-residential (CI)

Every serviced rating unit, not otherwise classified, used for commercial, industrial or business purposes including licensed hotel, serviced apartments or residential institution including a guesthouse, rooming house, boarding house, private hotel, motel, residential club or hostel. Network utilities in the street are categorised as non-residential.

#### Rural and semi-serviced (FL, FS and FM)

FL – Every rating unit not otherwise classified that is not serviced and has either

- an area of 5ha or more; or
- an area less than 5ha but on which there is no residential dwelling or nonresidential improvements.

When the rating unit becomes serviced, as defined above (and provided it is zoned to permit subdivision), the property will be reclassified to the higher rated differential category in the immediately following year.

**FS** – Every rating unit not otherwise classified that is not serviced and has an area of 0.2ha or less and on which there is a residential dwelling.

**FM** – Every rating unit not otherwise classified that is not serviced and has an area greater than 0.2ha and less than 5ha and on which there is either residential dwellings or non-residential improvements.

#### 6. Early payment of rates

Sections 55 and 56 of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 empowers councils to accept early payment of rates.

The Council will accept any payment of rates for either the current or future years in advance of the due date.



#### 7. Rates payable by instalment and due dates

The Council provides for rates to be paid in four equal instalments. For the 2024/25 year the due dates (that is, final dates for payment without incurring penalty charges) will be:

Instalment 1: 30 August 2024
Instalment 2: 29 November 2024
Instalment 3: 28 February 2025
Instalment 4: 30 May 2025

Ratepayers may elect to pay on a more regular basis if they choose. They may also elect to pay the full year's rates in one lump sum prior to the due date for instalment 2 without incurring penalty charges on instalment 1.

Rates may be paid using any one of a number of payment methods acceptable to the Council, including direct debit, cash or Eftpos at Council's office, direct credit and other bank transfer methods. Payment by credit card can be made using the Internet or at Council's office, subject to the payment of a fee to cover costs.

The due date for metered water targeted rates will be the 20th of the month following the invoice date as follows:

Monthly Invoicing	
Instalment	Due date
1	20 July 2024
2	20 August 2024
3	20 September 2024
4	20 October 2024
5	20 November 2024
6	20 December 2024
7	20 January 2025
8	20 February 2025
9	20 March 2025
10	20 April 2025
11	20 May 2025
12	20 June 2025

Two-mor	thly invoicing							
Linton, Ea	ast & North Rounds	Ashhurst, South West, PNCC &						
		Central Rounds						
Instal #	Due date	Instal	Due date					
		#						
1	20 July 2024	1	20 August 2024					
2	20 September 2024	2	20 October 2024					
3	20 November 2024	3	20 December 2024					
4	20 January 2025	4	20 February 2025					
5	20 March 2025	5	20 April 2025					
6	20 May 2025	6	20 June 2025					

#### 8. Rates penalties

To provide an incentive for rates to be paid by the due date, penalties will be imposed when rates are not paid on time. A penalty of 10% will be added to any portion of an instalment remaining unpaid after the due date for payment, as outlined in clause 7 above.

A penalty charge of 10% will be added to any outstanding rates (including penalties) assessed in previous years and remaining outstanding at 5 July 2024 and again on 3 January 2025.

Penalty charges will not be applied to the metered water targeted rate.

#### 9. Rating base information

The following are the projected number of rating units as at 30 June each year:

2024	34,900	2029	36,400
2025	35,200	2030	36,700
2026	35,500	2031	37,000
2027	35,800	2032	37,300
2028	36,100	2033	37,600

Approximately 670 of those projected at 30 June 2024 will be categorised as non-rateable under the Local Government Rating Act meaning rates cannot be assessed on them except targeted rates for water and wastewater.



#### 10. Rates Summary

	Basis of rates	AB 2023/24	LTP 2024/25	LTP 2025/26	LTP 2026/27	LTP 2027/28	LTP 2028/29	LTP 2029/30	LTP 2030/31	LTP 2031/32	LTP 2032/33	LTP 2033/34
Consuluator		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
General rates	rate in \$ of LV	0F CC1	C7 252	74.020	02.250	90.040	04.040	100 422	105,124	111 674	114 457	117.401
General rates	· ·	85,661	67,353	74,938	83,256	89,949	94,940	100,433	105,124	111,674	114,457	117,401
UAGC	(differentiated by use)	5,792	5,852	6,200	6,552	6,910	7,273	7,641	8,015	8,393	8,777	9,167
Targeted rates												
Innovative & growing city (transport/ economic development /urban design & housing)	rate in \$ of CV (differentiated by use)		29,871	33,234	36,919	39,909	42,156	44,608	46,712	49,622	50,890	52,231
Water												
- connected	fixed charge p SUIP (residential) or p rating unit (non- residential)	10,925	11,535	12,665	13,925	15,833	18,258	19,620	21,324	22,519	23,015	23,367
- serviceable	fixed charge p SUIP (residential) or p rating unit (non- residential)	120	126	137	149	168	192	204	220	230	233	235
- metered	\$ p m3 plus fixed charge	3,100	3,250	3,567	3,920	4,455	5,135	5,517	5,995	6,330	6,469	6,568
Wastewater												
- connected	fixed charge p SUIP (residential) or p rating unit (non- residential)		10,932	11,572	12,743	14,435	16,312	17,205	18,727	19,353	22,722	26,253
- serviceable	fixed charge p SUIP (residential) or p rating unit (non- residential)	92	115	120	131	147	165	172	186	190	221	253
- pans	fixed charge p pan	2,421	3,105	3,254	3,558	3,992	4,475	4,683	5,054	5,182	6,036	6,908

Rubbish & recycling												
-kerbside recycling	fixed charge p SUIP	4,128	4,049	4,172	4,297	4,426	4,559	4,696	4,837	4,982	5,131	5,285
-rubbish & public recycling	fixed charge p SUIP	3,112	1,857	2,300	1,890	2,282	2,600	3,580	3,902	4,496	4,409	4,636
Palmy BID	Fixed charge p	125	125	129	132	135	138	142	145	149	153	157
	rating unit & rate in \$ of CV for commercially rated properties in Palmy BID area of central city	125	125	128	131	135	138	141	145	149	152	156
Total Rates Revenue (GST Exclusive)		\$124,246	\$138,296	\$152,416	\$167,603	\$182,776	\$196,341	\$208,642	\$220,387	\$233,270	\$242,666	\$252,617



# 11. Source and application of funds statements (Funding Impact Statements)

The Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 prescribe the format for statements showing the sources and application of funds for the whole of Council and for each group of activities of the Council.

These statements are designed to show where operational and capital funding comes from, and how they are used.

This information is presented in two ways, firstly at the Whole of Council level, and in a slightly different form at the "Group of Activities" level. At the Group of Activities level, internal revenue and expenditure are shown as separate items, while at the Whole of Council level they are not displayed because the amounts balance each other out.

Capital Expenditure is grouped into three broad categories based on which one the programme most relates to. The three categories are:

- to meet additional demand
- to improve the level of service
- to replace existing assets.

The categories do not clearly represent the fact that some programmes will contribute to more than one purpose.

In addition to the statements mentioned, the Council is also providing Activity Financial Statements which show the revenue and expenses for the services provided, as well as how the rates are calculated (see section 1). The Funding Impact Statements differ from the Activity Statements in that they do not include depreciation as an expense, categorise capital revenue as part of operating revenue or include movements in the value of assets. For example, the forecast for 2024/25 assumes:

	\$000
Total comprehensive revenue	18,388
(as shown on page xx in Prospective	
Statement of Comprehensive	
Revenue & Expense)	
Less gain on property revaluations	(6,409)
Less capital revenue	(31,037)
Less cost of goods sold	(5,247)
Plus depreciation	49,614
Surplus of operating funding	25,309
(as shown in Whole of Council	
Funding Impact Statement on page	
xx)	

Fu	unding Impact Statements										
	/hole of Council	10 YP									
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
(S	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING										
	Sources of operating funding										
91,451	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	73,204	81,140	89,811	96,863	102,214	108,080	113,145	120,076	123,243	126,581
32,795	Targeted rates	65,093	71,276	77,792	85,913	94,127	100,563	107,241	113,195	119,423	126,037
7,880	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	6,400	6,499	6,637	6,695	7,449	7,592	7,808	7,897	8,039	8,258
8,022	Fees and charges	7,773	7,879	8,053	8,228	8,454	8,677	8,927	9,182	9,384	9,553
150	Interest and dividends from investments	356	359	363	366	370	373	376	380	383	386
25,132	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts	30,041	30,935	31,474	32,220	33,037	33,633	34,582	34,066	31,900	32,502
165,430	Total Sources of operating funding	182,867	198,088	214,130	230,285	245,651	258,918	272,079	284,795	292,372	303,317
	Applications of operating funding										
126,832	Payments to staff and suppliers	142,393	139,610	144,278	144,434	148,417	153,805	156,280	159,543	164,868	172,528
9,899	Finance costs	15,164	18,609	23,689	27,879	30,618	32,534	33,177	33,039	33,187	33,109
-	Internal charges and overheads applied										
136,731	Total Applications of operating funding	157,556	158,219	167,967	172,313	179,035	186,340	189,456	192,582	198,054	205,637
28,698 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	25,310	39,869	46,163	57,972	66,615	72,578	82,623	92,213	94,318	97,680
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
	Sources of capital funding										
17,725	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	27,076	34,927	45,777	147,439	149,651	178,335	242,725	178,203	108,415	93,044
3,249	Development and financial contributions	1,961	2,211	2,958	3,711	4,710	5,593	6,175	6,388	6,558	6,626
43,672	increase (decrease) in debt	50,155	90,947	95,231	61,629	40,274	26,988	1,927	990	4,304	3,350
64,646	Total Sources of capital funding	79,191	128,085	143,965	212,780	194,635	210,916	246,974	183,602	119,277	96,320
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
13,018	- to meet addtitional demand	12,309	13,171	29,710	25,463	35,456	49,235	45,968	38,845	18,369	27,891
52,186	- to improve the level of service	59,600	119,288	124,356	204,814	185,664	189,076	233,870	183,286	141,249	111,914
28,141	- to replace existing assets	32,592	35,496	36,062	40,474	40,131	45,183	49,758	53,683	53,977	54,194
93,345	Total applications of capital funding	104,501	167,954	190,128	270,751	261,250	283,494	329,597	275,814	213,595	193,999
28,699 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	25,310	39,869	46,163	57,971	66,615	72,578	82,623	92,213	94,318	97,679
To	otal Funding (Surplus) /Deficit	-		=	-		-	1	-1		-1



2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
·	Funding Impact Statements			·			·	•		·	
	Transport	LTP 2024									
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING										
	Sources of operating funding										
15,470	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	1,153	593	667	2,304	4,319	6,385	9,420	11,930	12,378	13,593
-	Targeted rates	15,322	18,190	20,937	23,569	25,547	28,082	29,800	31,705	31,938	32,702
4,678	5	4,992	5,092	5,209	5,329	5,446	5,560	5,672	5,785	5,901	6,013
187		197	201	205	210	215	219	224	228	233	237
-	Internal charges and overheads recovered	7,998	8,310	8,603	8,946	9,512	10,111	10,667	11,209	11,594	11,875
6,380	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts	6,856	7,018	7,179	7,345	7,506	7,664	7,817	7,973	8,133	8,288
26,716	Total Sources of operating funding	36,517	39,403	42,801	47,703	52,545	58,021	63,599	68,831	70,176	72,708
	Applications of operating funding										
17,124		17,725	19,929	21,487	22,233	22,152	23,262	23,649	23,980	22,951	23,420
2,512		3,212	3,934	4,949	6,174	7,151	7,837	8,139	8,139	8,519	9,346
1,065		8,059	7,456	7,553	7,941	8,800	9,738	10,594	11,422	11,926	12,241
20,701		28,996	31,319	33,989	36,348	38,102	40,837	42,382	43,540	43,397	45,007
6,015	Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	7,521	8,085	8,811	11,355	14,443	17,184	21,217	25,291	26,779	27,701
	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING Sources of capital funding										
16,007		15,519	20,199	28,887	30,613	23,990	26,341	25,559	44,144	44,738	64,833
1,022		414	467	625	784	995	1,182	1,305	1,350	1,386	1,400
10,517		12,491	14,824	23,734	23,988	14,108	12,236	798	1,206	13,533	18,781
27,546	Total Sources of capital funding	28,424	35,490	53,246	55,385	39,093	39,759	27,662	46,700	59,656	85,014
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
7,239	·	4,420	3,794	10,665	6,213	11,095	12,721	6,897	20,883	7,175	22,911
19,843		20,355	28,285	38,797	47,536	28,290	27,101	21,508	25,531	52,757	62,675
6,479		11,170	11,495	12,595	12,991	14,150	17,121	20,474	25,577	26,503	27,128
33,561	Total applications of capital funding	35,945	43,574	62,057	66,740	53,535	56,943	48,879	71,991	86,435	112,714
6,015	Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	7,521	8,084	8,811	11,355	14,443	17,184	21,218	25,291	26,779	27,701
	Total Funding (Surplus) / Deficit	-	-			-	-		-	-	-



2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	dia - Tarana - Chahaman -	\$'000s	\$'000								
	unding Impact Statements creative and exciting city	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
2023/24	creative and exciting city	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000								
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	·	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	·	· ·
	Sources of operating funding										
28,847	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	31,925	33,949	37,320	39,221	42,190	46,030	48,548	52,202	55,349	57,2
568	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	76	77	79	81	82	84	85	87	89	
1,670	Internal charges and overheads recovered	2,922	2,963	3,039	3,142	3,330	3,529	3,714	3,889	4,017	4,1
3,563	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement	4,166	4,250	4,343	4,438	4,532	4,653	5,019	5,111	5,208	5,3
•	fees, and other receipts	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	,	•
34,648	Total Sources of operating funding	39,089	41,239	44,781	46,882	50,134	54,296	57,367	61,289	64,663	66,73
	Applications of operating funding										
23,361	Payments to staff and suppliers	25,859	27,588	29,270	28,504	29,543	31,598	31,642	32,358	34,383	35,1
2,508	Finance costs	3,015	3,430	4,097	4,778	5,435	5,820	5,792	5,604	5,411	5,0
3,846	Internal charges and overheads applied	4,594	3,967	4,018	4,401	5,062	5,800	6,443	7,057	7,422	7,6
29,715	Total Applications of operating funding	33,469	34,985	37,385	37,683	40,040	43,218	43,878	45,019	47,216	47,85
4,933 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	5,621	6,254	7,396	9,199	10,094	11,078	13,489	16,270	17,447	18,88
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
,-	Sources of capital funding										
351	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	419	598	2,680	28,938	29,997	30,933	30,790	1,951	2,432	3
355	Development and financial contributions	285	321	429	539	684	812	896	927	952	9
6,167	increase (decrease) in debt	3,379	12,311	12,825	14,231	11,848	2,874	2,258	2,653	4,415	8,6
6,873	Total Sources of capital funding	4,083	13,230	15,934	43,708	42,529	34,619	29,429	225	1,031	7,3
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
-	- to meet addtitional demand	273	501	4,758	2,943	2,240	1,505	3,008	3,480	3,043	7
7,304	- to improve the level of service	5,891	13,468	14,357	42,524	46,072	39,734	35,127	9,040	9,133	6,3
4,503	- to replace existing assets	3,540	5,514	4,215	7,440	4,311	4,458	4,783	3,975	4,241	4,3
11,807	Total applications of capital funding	9,703	19,483	23,330	52,906	52,623	45,697	42,918	16,495	16,416	11,5
4,934 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	5,621	6,254	7,396	9,199	10,094	11,078	13,489	16,270	17,447	18,8
To	otal Funding (Surplus) /Deficit	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	

2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
	Funding Impact Statements										
	A connected and safe community	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
(	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING										
	Sources of operating funding										
21,984	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	23,673	23,715	26,287	27,572	29,461	31,407	32,647	34,541	35,734	36,598
683	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,546	Fees and charges	1,500	1,532	1,565	1,598	1,630	1,661	1,692	1,723	1,754	1,785
-	Internal charges and overheads recovered	360	368	376	384	393	401	410	419	428	438
4,465	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts	1,107	1,129	1,154	1,179	1,204	1,228	1,251	1,275	1,299	1,323
28,679	Total Sources of operating funding	26,640	26,744	29,382	30,733	32,688	34,698	36,001	37,958	39,216	40,144
	Applications of operating funding										
19,375	Payments to staff and suppliers	16,058	16,775	18,006	18,078	18,691	19,348	19,275	19,796	20,367	20,911
1,091	Finance costs	758	1,316	2,237	2,590	2,544	2,499	2,429	2,333	2,236	2,135
4,970	Internal charges and overheads applied	7,442	6,236	6,279	6,927	8,109	9,349	10,473	11,529	12,159	12,496
25,436	Total Applications of operating funding	24,258	24,327	26,521	27,595	29,344	31,195	32,178	33,658	34,762	35,541
3,243	Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	2,382	2,417	2,860	3,138	3,344	3,502	3,823	4,300	4,454	4,603
(	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING Sources of capital funding										
162	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6,121	increase (decrease) in debt	705	20,765	14,318	805	831	867	1,455	1,913	1,699	2,038
6,283	Total Sources of capital funding	1,055	20,765	14,318	805	831	867	1,455	1,913	1,699	2,038
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure: to meet addititional demand										
6.616	- to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service	1 474	21 466	14 605	437	EC 4	627	FOF	380	513	405
6,616 2,910	- to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets	1,474 1,963	21,466 1,717	14,695 2,484	437 1,896	564 1,949	2,008	585 1,784	380 2,007	2,242	465 2,100
•	- to replace existing assets	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2,007	•	•
9,526	Total applications of capital funding	3,437	23,182	17,178	2,333	2,512	2,635	2,369	2,386	2,755	2,565
3,243	Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	2,382	2,417	2,860	3,138	3,344	3,502	3,823	4,300	4,454	4,603
	Total Funding (Surplus) /Deficit			-	-		-		-		-



#### 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s **Funding Impact Statements Budget A sustainable and resilient city** LTP 2024 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 2027/28 2028/29 2029/30 2030/31 2031/32 2032/33 2033/34 \$'000s (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING Sources of operating funding General rates, uniform annual general charges, 1,258 3,723 3,964 4,495 5,022 5,112 5,410 5,770 6,173 6,452 6,669 rates penalties 5,908 8,276 8,740 9,479 9,921 7,240 Targeted rates 6,471 6,187 6,709 7,160 9,540 901 Subsidies and grants for operating purposes 1,190 1,184 1,200 1,285 1,921 1,948 2,051 2,025 2,049 2,154 Internal charges and overheads recovered 256 242 248 264 307 326 343 356 286 366 Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement 2,953 3,875 4,108 4,311 4,483 4,595 4,701 4,809 4,915 5,018 5,124 fees, and other receipts 12,352 **Total Sources of operating funding** 14,951 15,969 16,441 19,074 20,642 22,934 24,234 17,764 21,696 23,416 Applications of operating funding 9,238 10,142 10,883 10,451 10,801 11,400 12,133 12,420 12,743 12,964 13,383 Payments to staff and suppliers 418 Finance costs 623 1,006 1,470 1,688 1,777 1,832 1,827 1,774 1,712 1,619 1,595 3,271 3,044 3,108 3,326 3,677 4,052 4,403 4,754 Internal charges and overheads applied 4,968 5,082 14,933 11,251 **Total Applications of operating funding** 14,037 15,029 15,815 16,853 18,018 18,649 19,271 19,644 20,083 1,101 Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING 914 1,036 1,413 1,949 2,221 2,624 3,046 3,662 3,772 4,151 (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING Sources of capital funding 250 685 2,325 2,035 179 Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1,057 149 873 2,223 increase (decrease) in debt 3,162 11,447 6,125 2,352 1,199 909 789 1,582 1,889 2,473 3,847 13,772 8,160 3,409 1,348 1,582 Total Sources of capital funding 1,088 873 789 1,889 **Applications of Capital Funding** Capital Expenditure:-- to meet addtitional demand 3,010 - to improve the level of service 4,000 14,211 9,128 4,541 2,730 2,602 1,575 1,466 1,492 1,519 564 - to replace existing assets 760 597 444 817 839 1,110 598 1,407 698 742 3,574 4,760 14,808 9,572 5,358 3,569 3,712 2,173 2,873 2,190 2,261 Total applications of capital funding 1,101 Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING 914 1,036 1,413 1,949 2,221 2,624 3,046 3,662 3,772 4,151 - Total Funding (Surplus) / Deficit

2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
	Funding Impact Statements										
	Water	LTP 2024									
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s									
	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING										
	Sources of operating funding										
-	General rates, uniform annual general charges,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	rates penalties	44040	46.060	47.000	20.455	22 525	25.244	27.520	20.070	20 746	20.470
14,145		14,912	16,369	17,993	20,455	23,585	25,341	27,538	29,079	29,716	30,170
50		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
258		3,419	3,502	3,610	3,761	3,982	4,215	4,435	4,650	4,806	4,922
52	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	52	53	54
14,505	fees, and other receipts	18,374	19,915	21,649	24,263	27,616	29,606	32,024	33,781	34,575	35,145
14,505	Total Sources of operating funding	10,374	19,915	21,049	24,203	27,010	29,000	32,024	33,761	34,373	33,143
	Applications of operating funding										
4,633		8,329	8,571	8,783	8,962	9,310	9,550	9,827	10,088	10,360	10,828
1,402		1,760	2,300	2,927	3,700	4,431	4,978	5,359	5,665	5,883	5,761
2,038		2,159	1,955	2,010	2,182	2,469	2,774	3,057	3,341	3,510	3,606
8,073		12,247	12,825	13,720	14,844	16,210	17,302	18,243	19,094	19,752	20,195
-			-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	
6,432	? Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	6,127	7,090	7,929	9,419	11,406	12,303	13,780	14,687	14,823	14,950
	(SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
	Sources of capital funding										
_	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	_	_	_	_	277	566	4,317	3,552	1,209	2,716
423		394	444	595	746	947	1,124	1,241	1,284	1,318	1,332
5,512		9,283	11,255	12,643	17,488	10,933	10,090	5,329	7,494	944	5,257
5,935		9,677	11,699	13,238	18,234	12,157	11,780	10,887	12,330	3,471	1,209
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
1,730	- to meet addtitional demand	3,269	4,503	7,352	8,381	8,134	8,098	10,834	8,324	2,297	3,209
5,257		7,525	8,804	7,884	12,057	8,188	8,281	3,615	10,385	7,873	2,247
5,380		5,010	5,482	5,931	7,215	7,240	7,704	10,218	8,308	8,124	8,285
12,367	Total applications of capital funding	15,804	18,789	21,167	27,653	23,563	24,084	24,667	27,017	18,294	13,741
6,432	Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	6,127	7,090	7,929	9,419	11,406	12,303	13,780	14,687	14,823	14,950
	Total Funding (Surplus) / Deficit	-		-		-	-		-		
	<i></i>										

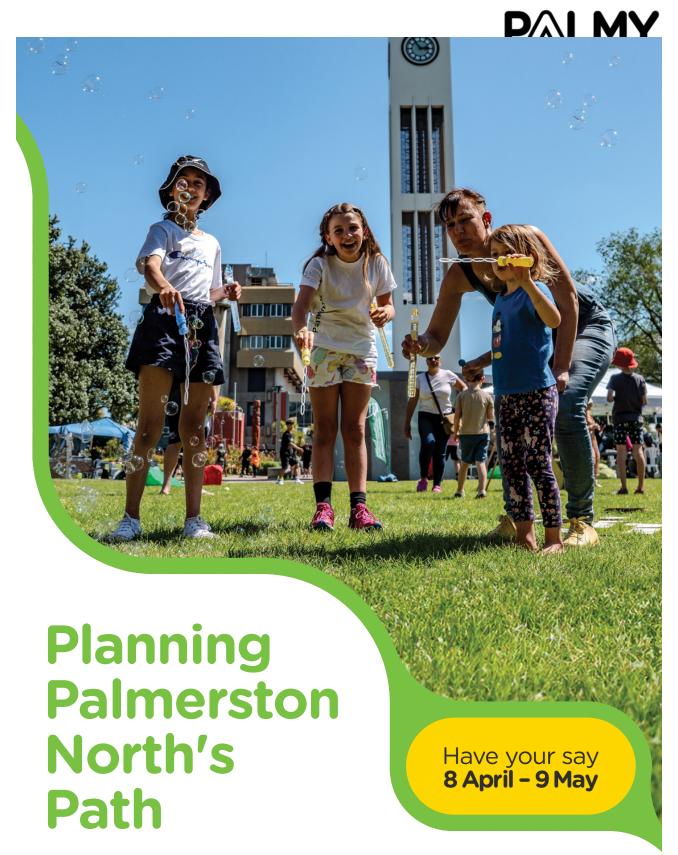


2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
	unding Impact Statements										
	/astewater	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34
\$'000s	CURRILIES / DESTOTE OF ORED ATTIMO FUNDAMO	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING Sources of operating funding										
	General rates, uniform annual general charges,										
-	rates penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11,159	Targeted rates	14,152	14,948	16,431	18,573	20,953	22,060	23,966	24,725	28,980	33,414
-	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes		- 1.,5 .6	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
6	Fees and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	Internal charges and overheads recovered	2,235	2,242	2,298	2,373	2,478	2,589	2,696	2,801	2,885	2,955
1,297	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement	1,173	1,203	1,235	1,267	1,299	1,329	1,359	1,389	1,419	1,448
•	fees, and other receipts	•	•	•	•	,		•	•	•	•
12,462	Total Sources of operating funding	17,561	18,393	19,964	22,214	24,730	25,978	28,021	28,915	33,284	37,817
	Applications of operating funding										
5,621	Payments to staff and suppliers	6,062	6,408	6,650	6,882	7,510	8,026	8,828	8,570	11,263	15,331
855	Finance costs	1,357	1,712	2,289	2,706	2,944	3,251	3,425	3,358	3,155	2,871
805	Internal charges and overheads applied	4,519	4,444	4,576	4,813	5,167	5,541	5,892	6,247	6,485	6,653
7,281	Total Applications of operating funding	11,938	12,564	13,515	14,400	15,621	16,817	18,145	18,175	20,903	24,855
5,180 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	5,623	5,829	6,449	7,813	9,109	9,161	9,877	10,740	12,380	12,962
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
(3	Sources of capital funding										
_	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	5,000	6,150	6,316	85,436	90,395	102,897	158,960	121,370	58,032	24,935
1,283	Development and financial contributions	373	421	563	706	896	1,064	1,175	1,216	1,248	1,261
4,884	increase (decrease) in debt	4,101	9,472	12,605	3,709	5,842	6,090	1,288	2,960	4,638	5,882
6,167	Total Sources of capital funding	9,474	16,043	19,484	89,851	97,133	110,051	161,423	119,626	54,642	20,314
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
759	- to meet addtitional demand	104	461	3,316	3,583	6,599	8,211	6,199	3,967	3,929	555
6,204	- to improve the level of service	10,240	15,980	17,464	89,016	92,875	103,791	157,900	120,352	56,374	26,108
4,384	- to replace existing assets	4,753	5,431	5,152	5,065	6,768	7,209	7,200	6,048	6,719	6,613
11,347	Total applications of capital funding	15,097	21,872	25,933	97,665	106,242	119,212	171,299	130,366	67,022	33,276
5,180 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	5,623	5,829	6,449	7,813	9,109	9,161	9,877	10,740	12,380	12,962
- To	otal Funding (Surplus) /Deficit	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-

2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000								
	unding Impact Statements										
	cormwater	LTP 2024	LTP 202								
2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	\$'000s	\$'00								
(5	Sources of operating funding										
	General rates, uniform annual general charges,										
3,871	rates penalties	4,913	5,334	5,765	6,605	7,572	8,339	9,200	10,091	10,688	11,
_	Internal charges and overheads recovered	1,246	1,277	1,309	1,341	1,375	1,409	1,445	1,481	1,518	1,
_	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement	1/2 .0	•	2,505	1/5 .1	1,5.5	2, .03	275	1, 101	1,010	-/
7	fees, and other receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3,877	Total Sources of operating funding	6,159	6,611	7,074	7,947	8,947	9,748	10,645	11,572	12,205	12,7
	Applications of operating funding										
2,629	Payments to staff and suppliers	1,476	1,518	1,569	1,628	1,713	1,817	1,901	1,986	2,108	2,
443	Finance costs	844	1,147	1,450	1,833	2,194	2,479	2,631	2,743	2,821	2,
9	Internal charges and overheads applied	3,118	3,136	3,250	3,408	3,623	3,846	4,057	4,270	4,422	4,
3,063	Total Applications of operating funding	5,438	5,801	6,269	6,870	7,530	8,142	8,589	8,999	9,350	9,
814 To	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	721	810	805	1,077	1,417	1,606	2,056	2,573	2,855	3,1
(S	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
	Sources of capital funding										
-	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	1,052	3,053	3,198	1,395	4,484	17,230	18,624	1,776	1,502	
166	Development and financial contributions	495	558	746	936	1,188	1,411	1,558	1,611	1,654	1,
5,013	increase (decrease) in debt	7,069	4,473	7,133	7,681	6,277	4,668	1,383	3,233	260	1,
5,179	Total Sources of capital funding	8,616	8,084	11,076	10,013	11,949	23,308	21,564	6,621	2,896	
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
3,289	- to meet addititional demand	4,244	3,911	3,619	4,344	7,387	18,700	19,029	2,191	1,925	
2,475	- to improve the level of service	4,743	4,368	7,683	6,395	5,620	5,846	4,214	6,677	3,494	2
230	- to replace existing assets	350	615	579	351	360	368	377	326	332	_
5,994	Total applications of capital funding	9,337	8,895	11,881	11,090	13,366	24,914	23,620	9,193	5,751	3
815 Total (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING		721	810	805	1,077	1,417	1,606	2,056	2,573	2,855	3
					,			•		,	
To	otal Funding (Surplus) /Deficit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		



023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/3
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
	unding Impact Statements										
Budget Supporting the Organisation		LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 2024	LTP 20:
023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/
\$'000s		\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'000s	\$'00
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING										
	Sources of operating funding										
11,096	General rates, uniform annual general charges, rates penalties	6,971	13,349	15,028	14,809	11,026	7,029	2,498	1,313	4,407	6,4
	Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	143	146	149		-	_			-	
215	Fees and charges	150	153	157	160	163	166	169	172	175	
36,171	Internal charges and overheads recovered	58,234	56,953	62,636	69,686	78,118	86,104	92,215	97,301	100,579	102,3
4,938	Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts	4,671	4,867	4,703	4,765	4,971	4,945	5,035	5,254	5,211	5,3
52,421	Total Sources of operating funding	70,169	75,467	82,673	89,420	94,278	98,245	99,917	101,415	101,558	101,4
	Applications of operating funding										
41,356	Payments to staff and suppliers	44,575	43,890	44,102	43,804	45,115	45,951	47,002	48,641	49,212	50,
665	Finance costs	16,177	19,795	24,920	29,076	31,661	33,400	33,863	33,582	33,647	33,
10,139	Internal charges and overheads applied	9,332	8,381	8,441	8,854	9,925	11,046	12,072	13,031	13,635	14,
52,160	Total Applications of operating funding	70,083	72,067	77,463	81,734	86,701	90,398	92,937	95,254	96,494	97,0
261 T	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF OPERATING FUNDING	86	3,401	5,211	7,686	7,577	7,847	6,980	6,161	5,065	3,7
(5	SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING										
	Sources of capital funding										
-	Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	861	292	
3,273	increase (decrease) in debt	5,002	798	322	2,186	3,691	3,053	3,110	1,507	796	
3,273	Total Sources of capital funding	5,002	798	322	2,186	3,691	3,053	3,110	645	504	:
	Applications of Capital Funding Capital Expenditure:-										
	- to meet addtitional demand										
408	- to improve the level of service	1,265	961	2,339	2,192	850	838	685	640	622	
3,126	- to replace existing assets	3,823	3,238	3,193	3,308	3,036	3,955	3,185	4,876	3,938	3,
,	, ,	-,-	-,	•	, , , , , ,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,	,	,,,,,,,	- 7
3,534	Total applications of capital funding	5,088	4,199	5,532	5,500	3,886	4,794	3,870	5,516	4,560	4
261 T	otal (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT OF CAPITAL FUNDING	86	3,401	5,211	7,686	7,577	7,847	6,980	6,161	5,065	3,
Te	otal Funding (Surplus) /Deficit	-	-		-		-		-	-	



Draft Long-Term Plan 2024-34

Consultation Document



# Kiaora

## Trying to plan for ten years is hard at the best of times.

Looking back at the last decade, we'd never have expected (and certainly didn't plan for) a global pandemic, soaring inflation and interest rates, supply shortages, and much more. Some of these things continue to impact how we plan for our city for the next decade, plus we need to factor in new legal requirements for waters, growth and seismic upgrades to our facilities. A change in government will also see some changes for our work, especially in the water area.

Our draft Long-Term Plan is a balance between meeting all of the new legal requirements, maintaining our infrastructure, and continuing to look after the needs of our community. Striking that balance has seen months of work, going over every expense and project. We're keen to hear if you think we've got that right.

This is the blueprint for ensuring our city is a great place to live, visit, and do business over the next ten years and for future generations. It's a roadmap that outlines the services, projects, and priorities aimed at taking care of our city and community. It helps us determine what work we need to do, when, how much it will cost, the funding required, and what that means, ultimately for rates over the coming years.

By far the biggest challenge we have in front of us is a financial one, and we'll now need to look at more external funding including exploring new types of funding, to ensure we can afford to do the work we're required to do. This consultation document outlines that, and the impact for you, in detail.

We also want your feedback on a few key topics too, like expanding or creating new community facilities, whether we change our entire rating system, and our plan of attack for seismic upgrades for our Central Library and Te Manawa museum.

There's a lot to read – but we are here to help answer every question you have and hear your ideas, any concerns, and feedback.

#### We're listening.

Please make sure your voice is heard as we shape the future of the city that we're all so proud to call home.

**Grant Smith** JP Mayor

Waid Crockett
Chief Executive





# Five facts to know about our Long-Term Plan.

We know there's a lot to read in our proposed Long-Term Plan. Here are the five key things you need to know.

Cost increases, including interest rates on our debt, inflation, insurance, electricity and software make up 8.0% of our Year 1 rates increase before we even started looking at the legally or critically required work we need to do.

We've cut a lot of initially proposed budgets and new projects to get Year 1's rates down to 11.3%.

We can assure you that we believe we have considered every expense to keep rates down.

> We're proposing moving to a new hybrid rating system.

This means 70% of activities funded by the general rates would continue to be funded by the land value general rate with 30% being funded by a targeted rate on capital value. Read the options in this document and search our website for what the options mean for you.

We're continuing to look after our community, with investments in housing, community facilities, transport and water.

The amount of work we're legally required to do in regards to water, growth and seismic upgrades mean we're looking into alternative funding and different financing options to be able to do this essential work.

We're here to answer questions, and to listen.

Please come and chat to us at one of our many sessions. Make sure you have your say and ensure your voice is heard to help shape our city's future.

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034

Consultation is good, I appreciate efforts to keep the information simple and not complicated.

Absolutely beautiful place to live. Amazing, friendly, happy people, I would love to move back.

We hope a lot more homes such as these will go up (Papaioea Place). Affordable, livable, cheap and health conscious and safe. We pray that three or four bedrooms are in your scheme as well.

The smaller suburb parks often lack equipment and are not maintained at all. Just more transparency please. I would like to see more reporting on the different areas that councillors are involved with.

Palmerston North is a real great place for families because it is a good solid stable place to live with good facilities and services for that kind of thing.

The emphasis on cycling as a transport road use is very slow, too slow.

ус

Fix the roads.

I've used this intersection (Ferguson / Pitt Street) five times a week for 30 years. So pleased the area has finally been improved.

been telling

I think the direction of travel is good. The development of the Māori wards and relationship with Rangitāne is helping to make an inclusive, dynamic City.

Take opinions of your ratepayers into account when making expensive decisions. It is their money you are spending.

Recreation facilities we find are relatively safe for my moko, so we're very happy.

Most footpaths are safe, a few places less so for elderly. Good progress with intersection upgrades. Hopefully will alleviate pressure during rush hour. Staff are always friendly, practical, and approachable when I have had contact with them seeking advice or help. I biked all over Palmy as a child but not now, it's too dangerous.

This feedback comes from our annual residents survey and from our social media channels

We have more information on our website and customer service centre and libraries to help you give informed feedback.

You have until 9 May to have your say.



Our Long-Term Plan is the blueprint for making sure Palmy is a great place to live, work, visit, play and do business.

It's our roadmap that shows the services, projects and priorities for taking care of our city and community for the next decade. Our plan helps us determine what work the Council needs to do, when, and how much it will cost. It also helps us determine what your rates will be in the coming years. We review our Long-Term Plan, in consultation with you, every three years to make sure it's still meeting Palmy's needs.

Each year we do a check-in which we call our Annual Budget. We see what we've achieved and see if our priorities remain the same or need altering. You get to have your say on this each year too, usually in March.

Our consultation document which you're reading right now outlines the big parts of the puzzle – the challenges, the finances, and what it means for you. We want your feedback on our plan as a whole, but there's also a handful of topics we especially want you to weigh in on to make sure we get it right.

These include reviewing our rating system, upgrades to or new community facilities, and seismic upgrades to our city centre landmark buildings like Te Manawa and Central library.

National legislation and goverment direction

Regional plans and regulations e.g. Horizons One Plan, Regional Transport plan

#### **Our Long Term Plan**

Our vision Our goals Our strategies Our 14 plans

Each of

these three

boxes have

community

Our internal plans, bylaws asset management plans, infrastructure strategy, finance strategy

Review coming years proposed budget as part of Annual Plan and Annual Budget

**Annual Report** 

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034

# Your wellbeing is at the heart of everything we do

We know Palmerston North is a great place to be and we want people to enjoy living, working, visiting and doing business here.

To ensure that's the case, we have a vision that sets the direction for all the work we do.

Our vision for the city is

He iti rā, he iti pounamu Small city benefits, big city ambition. At the heart of our vision is ensuring every resident is able to enjoy the benefits of living in a small city, with all the advantages of a big city. That means we're known for having a great quality of life while at the same time offering the lifestyle, education and business opportunities available in much larger cities.

To ensure this is achievable, we break it down to four goal areas which are on the next two pages.

Our Oranga Papaioea City Strategy describes the vision and goals in more detail. Everything we do is about the economic, cultural, social and environmental wellbeing of communities now and in the future. Our strategy helps prioritise the investment and resourcing of our services and facilities so that everyone is well supported and can thrive.

An important part of our strategy is you having the opportunity to provide input into decisions!



## Our four goals are:

Whāinga 1: He tāone auaha, <u>he tāo</u>ne tiputipu

Goal 1: An innovative and growing city

#### Ngā hua Outcomes

- a city that fosters pride, and supports the aspirations of people and communities
- a business environment that encourages investment and delivers career opportunities in a range of sectors
- enough land and infrastructure to enable housing development and business growth
- > the efficient movement of goods and services alongside safe and affordable transport options for people
- a globally connected city that fosters opportunities for local people, businesses and organisations
- an economy that embraces innovation and new ideas and uses resources sustainably
- a resilient, low carbon economy

Whāinga 2: He tāone whakaihiihi, tapatapahi ana

Goal 2: A creative and exciting city

#### Ngā hua Outcomes

- a vibrant city that connects people and where creativity is built into our cityscape
- an arts community and cultural facilities that are well supported and invested in
- our unique heritage preserved and promoted
- opportunities to celebrate our many cultures
- access to exciting well-managed events and activities throughout the city and our neighbourhoods
- places across the city and its neighbourhoods for communities to participate in play and recreation

Whāinga 3: He hapori tūhonohono, he hapori haumaru

Goal 3: A connected and safe community Whāinga 4: He tāone toitū, he tāone manawaroa

Goal 4: A sustainable and resilient city

#### Ngā hua Outcomes

- access to services and facilities that are inclusive and appropriate for their needs
- the support they want to live healthy lives
- access to healthy and affordable housing
- opportunities to contribute to the design of their city
- access to safe and accessible community places
- opportunities to contribute to Council decision-making

Tell us what you think about these goals in our submission form

#### Ngā hua Outcomes

- > a sustainable, low-emissions city
- a resilient city and communities, prepared for the impacts of climate change
- a circular economy with more resource recovery and less waste
- a healthy, thriving ecosystem, including native biodiversity and food security
- the Manawatū River and waterways restored to a healthy, respected and connected state
- sustainable urban planning with a low-carbon built environment
- a safe, affordable, sustainable and resilient water supply
- effective, low-carbon, wastewater collection and treatment
- appropriate infrastructure and development to avoid and minimise the effects of flood events
- access to relevant information and education to support more sustainable choices



# We break these goals down into 14 plans

Our plans have actions and projects to ensure we meet our vision and goals



You can read the full strategy at pncc.govt.nz/LTP Let us know your thoughts on the submission form!

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034

# We've achieved a lot over the last three years

Despite some fairly big challenges we've made a lot of positive progress for, and with, our community over the last three years, since we adopted our last Long-Term Plan. Some of the things we've delivered helping to improve our community's social, cultural and environmental wellbeing are:

#### **Housing/Community facilities**

- > A new Bunnythorpe Community Centre
- Created an additional 38 new social housing units at Papaioea Place (Constructed 83 homes in total as well as a tenants lounge)
- Tamakuku Terrace subdivision development stage 1 complete
- Seismic strengthening at our water plants and crematorium
- New animal shelter
- Major housing rezoning projects underway
- Central Energy Trust Arena entrance plaza, artificial turf and pit upgrades completed

#### **Parks**

- Memorial Park playground and splashpad opened
- New and improved river entrances at Victoria Esplanade, Albert St and Karaka Grove
- > Turitea Pā lookout opened
- ➤ Urban Eels sanctuary created
- Cloverlea, Savage, Awapuni Park playground upgraded
- Trialled and continued under 5 free swimming with a caregiver at the Lido, Freyberg and Splashhurst

#### **Resource Recovery**

- > Food scrap collection trial completed
- ➢ Rubbish bag trial completed
- ➤ We introduced tyre and tetrapak recycling

#### **Transport**

- ➢ Park Rd/Cook St intersection upgraded
- > Ferguson/Pitt widening and intersection upgraded
- Cuba St (Taonui to Rangitikei Street) upgraded
- > Featherston St cycleway under construction
- NZ Transport Agency Waka Kotahi and Council formally partner on the Palmerston North Integrated Transport Initiative (PNITI)

#### Water

- Duplicate main for Turitea Dam completed, providing added resilience for our drinking water supply
- Railway Road Bore completed to support growth in the area
- Nature Calls wastewater consent lodged
- Introduced Summer Water Use to change the approach to water restrictions. This resulted in three summers without restrictions, so far

#### **Community wins!**

- > Highbury shops safety upgrades
- Our volunteer rescue emergency support team deployed 26 times in the past 3 years
- > Hundreds of tamariki took part in our City Library Summer Reading programme
- New advisory boards established
- ightharpoonup Māori wards now on council
- > First Puanga Matariki events have been held
- Sister City established with Mihara City, Japan
- Formal establishment of the Palmy Business Improvement District (BID)
- ➢ Hosted more than 9,500 public events at Central Energy Trust Arena/Palmy Conference + Function Centre
- Supported our neighbours during multiple civil defence responses
- Almost 3000 community events held at Central Energy Trust Arena
- Sx more CCTV cameras available for city centre crime prevention. This comes following upgrades, reconfiguration of software and installation of new cameras



# We're planning for the Palmy of the future

## In the next 10 years

To make sure everyone has a home, we need to ensure there is enough land available to build 400 new homes each year, or 4,000 in total over the next 10 years.



The population of Palmy is expected to grow by 9.3%.

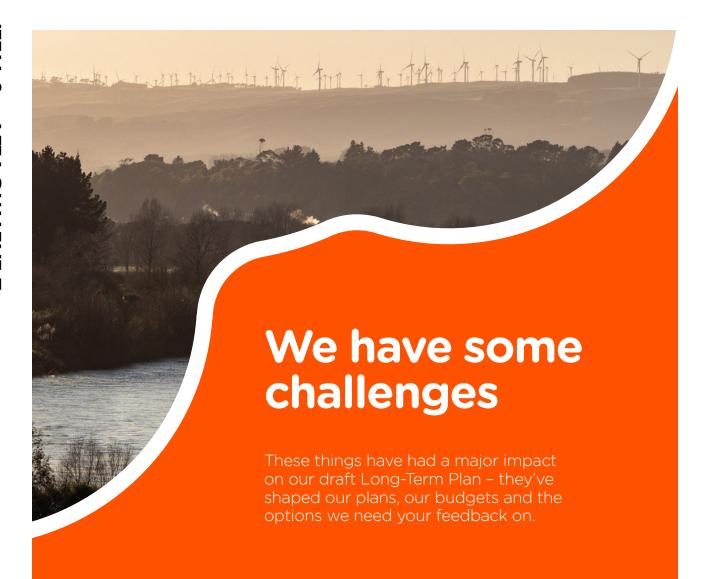
103,980 people are expected to live in the city by 2034.

We are aiming to rezone 288 hectares of land in stages to industrial to support business growth at Te Utanganui, the Central New Zealand Distribution Hub.

% of population by ethnicity

European 58.1%
 Māori 19.7%
 Asian 16.0%
 Pacific 6.1%

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034



In our Long-Term Plan, we have a number of projects reliant on external funding. These are detailed throughout this consultation document. If we do not get external funding, we will need to look at finding other ways to fund projects, pausing work, stopping projects, or looking at making changes to other council projects so we can fund this work.

Tell us what you think about this in our submission form



#### Climate change

The past year's weather events around the country have demonstrated how important it is that we look at how we can reduce our emissions and make better choices to help prepare for the impacts of climate change on our community. For us this includes work to help manage flood water, planting more trees and supporting people and businesses to reduce their emissions.

#### Interest rates and increasing debt

Just like the rising repayments you may be facing on your personal loans or mortgages, interest rates for our debts have also increased. We're also increasing the size of our debt to fund more work. This means we're having to pay more towards debt than we were previously.

#### Inflation, insurance, and power bills

Those cost-of-living pressures you're facing are also hitting us - the cost for goods, materials and services have increased significantly. We're also having to pay far more for our insurance and power bills for all of our facilities.

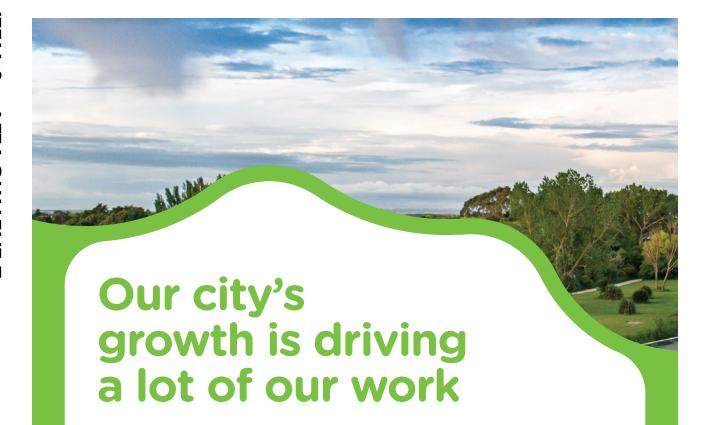
#### Cost of living for our residents, businesses and ratepayers

We know it's hard out there financially for our residents and businesses, and we've been conscious of that every step of the way to limit the rate increase as much as we can – while still being able to provide the services you enjoy and maintain our infrastructure.

#### Change in government direction

A change in government isn't a challenge as such, but as we get new direction from them, that may change our work or potential funding. While the new coalition government has only been in place for a few months, we already know of some of these. They include not proceeding with the previous government 3 waters reforms, as well as repealed changes to the Resource Management Act. The Government has said it will be making changes in the future to make it easier to consent new infrastructure.

We also have a range of challenges to do with growth, housing, water and transport. These are outlined in more detail over the following pages.



Most of us already know that Palmy is the place to be, but others are starting to cotton on, leading to significant growth in our city.

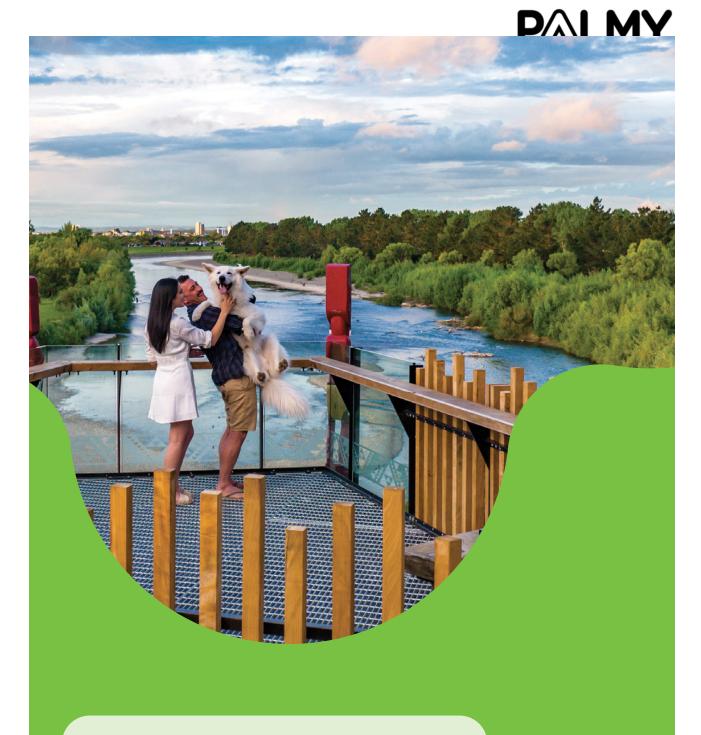
By 2034 we're expecting a population of more than 103,000 people – 9,000 more than now. That means more housing will be needed within our existing urban areas, as well as expanding into new areas. We're also seeing commercial and industrial growth as our city becomes known for being one of the fastest growing freight hubs in the country. Many big companies already call us home, and many more are wanting to. KiwiRail's plan to have a freight hub to the northeast of the city will only drive that growth more as part of Te Utanganui – Central New Zealand Distribution Hub.

Whether it's residential growth or industrial growth, the work behind the scenes remains the same. It starts with investigating and beginning the process of rezoning land for this growth, which you can read more about in the following pages and in our proposed Future Development Strategy, which we're also consulting on at the moment.

We also need to make sure we have the infrastructure and funding to support this growth. Where we are developing in existing areas, that typically means we will need to install bigger water pipes and more pump stations, as well as safety and efficiency improvements for our roads. Where we are developing in new areas that means new roads, new water pipes, pumps and connections and new parks and community facilities. Other service providers also need to be involved to provide things like telecommunications, fibre, gas and so on.

This is costly work – the infrastructure costs associated with this growth in our Long-Term Plan is \$296M. There's also \$2M in operational costs as we carry out important investigations and modeling to ensure we're allowing development in the right place.

While developers pay fees for new developments in the city to help support these large infrastructure costs, we need to borrow to cover the upfront costs. Given the constraints on our borrowing, we will need to look at other funding options for this work. If we can't seek external funding, this may slow down some of this important development for our city, including Aokautere, Kākātangiata and Ashhurst.

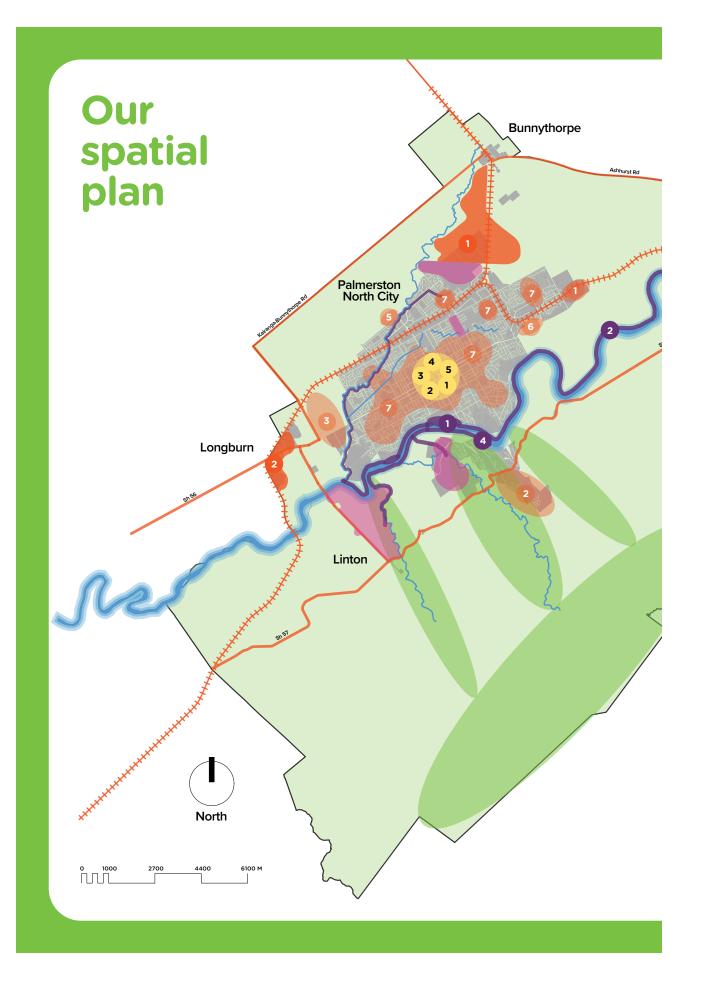


You can read the full Future Development Strategy at pncc.govt.nz/FDS

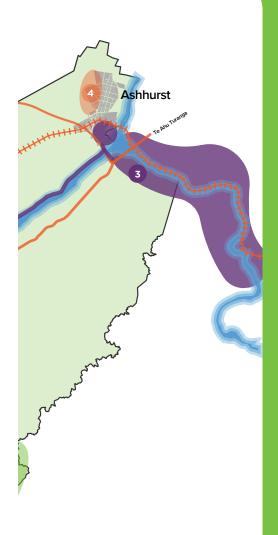
The following water, transport and housing sections outline our growth needs, and what we're doing, in more detail.

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034

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#### **Mapping the Future**



#### **Sustainable Growth (Industrial)**

- 1. Te Utanganui Central NZ Distribution Hub
- 2. Longburn (Wet Industries)



#### **Sustainable Growth (Residential)**

- 1. Whakarongo
- 2. Aokautere
- 3. Kākātangiata
- 4. Ashhurst 5. Mātangi
- **6.** Napier Road
- 7. Proposed Urban Intensification



#### **City Centre Transformation**

- 1. Streets for People street upgrades
- 2. Civic and cultural landmark facilities requiring seismic work
- 3. Central Energy Trust Arena
- 4. Heritage Support Package
- 5. Palmy BID



#### Manawatū River Network

- 1. Victoria Esplanade Masterplan and Projects
- 2. Manawatū River Shared Pathway
- 3. Te Apiti Biodiversity and Recreation
- 4. Te Motu o Poutoa (Anzac Park)



#### **City-wide Partners:**

Rangitāne o Manawatū, Businesses, Massey University, Food HQ, NZ Defence, Te Whatu Ora Mid-Central, Palmerston North Airport, Central Governement and neighbouring Councils



Manawatū River and Tributaries



**Biodiversity Corridors** 



**Urban Areas** 



Rail



**Regional Freight Ring Road** 



**City Boundary** 

Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034

# Water poses our biggest challenge

Parliament has recently repealed the previous Three Waters legislation, which would have seen new water entities created. The new Government has now introduced its 'Local Water Done Well' approach which is its plan for water management.

# The government says the principles of this approach are:

- Introducing greater central government oversight, economic and quality regulation.
- Fit-for-purpose service delivery models and financing tools, such as improving the current council-controlled organisation model and developing a new class of financially separate council-owned organisations.
- Setting rules for water services and infrastructure investment.
- Ensuring water services are financially sustainable. Financial sustainability means revenue sufficiency, balance sheet separation, ring-fencing and funding for growth.

The Government has confirmed that councils will keep ownership of water assets. It has also said councils are able to form regional groupings with other councils (to get the benefits of size) to create Council-Controlled Organisations. Grouping together would mean that infrastructure improvements will be able to be funded separately from councils main borrowing channels. Local councils have had very early conversations and have agreed to consider options both as individual councils, as a region or a sub-region.

All councils agree that any model needs to improve how we operate and deliver services for the better, seeing improvements and innovations. Conversations will continue with Mayors and Chief Executives over the coming months, and more information will be available to communities likely later this year.

For now we still need to plan and budget for water in our Long-Term Plan. Water is the largest portion of our capital spending over the next decade with nearly a billion dollars proposed. The following pages outline why there is such a large cost.

They include:

# New drinking water quality assurance rules

Our water comes from both the Turitea Dam in the Tararua Ranges and a number of bores around our city. New drinking water quality assurance rules will require us to add reservoirs or ultraviolet (UV) treatment to some of our bores. This is to guarantee the treatment is effective. We've switched off two bores while we do work over the coming year to ensure they meet the new standards.

You can read more about these changes at taumataarowai.govt.nz



#### **Growth areas need water**

As we grow our city with more homes and businesses, we need to make sure we have enough water to meet demand. This will require us to build pipes to areas of development, pump stations to move the drinking or waste water around our city from homes and businesses, stormwater management for heavy rain, and in some instances we may need to build new water bores to supply growing areas like Milson and Kelvin Grove/Whakarongo.

#### Mitigating climate change

Doing everything we can to reduce the impact of large rainfall events for our city is essential. Over the coming decade, we will be doing more work on this front. This will include things like installing larger underground pipes, creating wetland type environments and maintaining our streams. We'll also be working closely with developers to ensure new developments are well designed to cope with more intense rainfall events in the future.

We've had to strike a balance between doing a lot more work, while managing the cost for our ratepayers Over the next decade, we're spending and doing more work maintaining our water infrastructure than we are currently. We had wanted to spend around \$80M more on work over the decade in the drinking water and wastewater areas to support growth and upgrade more of our infrastructure. We have removed these proposed projects to help keep us within our updated debt limit. Stormwater budgets, which help mitigate the impacts of increased heavy rainfall events, have not been removed. You can give feedback on our proposed work on our submission form.

#### Over the next decade, we're planning to spend \$989M on water projects.

Projects over \$10M include:

on our Nature Calls on stormwater work for \$647M \$20M wastewater project growth in Aokautere \*Through IFF and an additional levy for ratepayers See page 18 on drinking water on stormwater \$32M \$25M upgrades across the city standard upgrades on stormwater work to support to reduce the chance of \$27M \$15M growth at Kākātangiata flooding across the city on drinking water needs to to replace key water mains \$11M support growth at Kākātangiata for your drinking water

\$10M water supply growth for North East Industrial Zone

# Nature Calls wastewater (resource water) project

Our current consent for how we treat and discharge wastewater (the water that goes down the drains inside your home or business) expires in the coming years.

We're required to apply for a new consent for the treatment and discharge of our wastewater for the next 30 years. Horizons Regional Council is currently processing our consent application, which will see some of the highest quality treated wastewater in New Zealand be discharged to a combination of the Manawatū River and land. It will go to the river when it is in high flow, typically in winter, and to land in summer. This ensures the best outcome for our awa (river). We've spent the past five years investigating and determining this option, working with our community and stakeholders every step of the way.

The cost for this project is made up of things like: the consenting process and investigations and reports, buying or leasing land (we need up to 700 hectares), installing water pipes from our treatment plant to the land site, irrigation equipment, building a new discharge location at the river, upgrading and installing new technology and processes at the treatment plant and much more.

Currently, we have a very high level cost estimate of up to \$647M. We will get more certainty on this as we work through the detail design during the consenting phase.

That's an eye-watering amount for everyone involved. It's so much money that we can't borrow enough to fund it through normal council borrowing mechanisms.

We're not the first council to be in this position with a large infrastructure project, and we certainly won't be the last.

The foresight of our Elected Members means we were somewhat prepared for this outcome. Eighteen months ago we commissioned a report to give us advice about how we could fund Nature Calls if there happened to be a change in government. That means we knew the tools available and that's helped save valuable time.

You can read more about the history of Nature Calls at pncc.govt.nz/LTP

You can give feedback on our plans for water in the 'general feedback' section of our submission form!



#### So, what's the plan for now?

We're proposing to fund Nature Calls through a 'special purpose vehicle' as provided for in the Infrastructure Funding and Financing Act. This allows councils to fund specific projects through a government agency, Crown Infrastructure Partners. We would apply and, if successful, work with them to come up with the terms of the funding. The external entity would provide the funds to the Council and levy ratepayers annually (over a term such as 30 years). The levy would show as a separate line on the Council's rates bill. We're proposing this would start when construction of the project is due to start.

Council does not have the debt capacity to fund this programme itself, and we will need to keep borrowing money for other things like transport and property based projects. Using this type of funding means that we wouldn't exceed our borrowing limit.

There are some downsides though – our ratepayers would still need to pay the annual levy for this debt and it will be significant.

### Early estimates are that the levy could be at least \$1,000 per year, for 30 years, on top of rates.

This tool is used by other councils already. Tauranga is using it to fund some transport projects, and Wellington has also used it for a large wastewater project. However, ours is for a much larger amount of money.

It is still early days, and we will need to have conversations with Crown Infrastructure Partners to work out the terms of how this could work. We will be consulting with ratepayers about these terms, including the levy charge. We'll also look at the options to reduce the amount needed to borrow. This could include things like getting government funding or talking to businesses or other organisations who currently manage their own wastewater treatment and discharge, to consider joining us.

It's likely we could use this model over time for other projects too, like some of our growth areas to help fund the roading and water infrastructure that's needed.

If Council is unable to proceed with funding Nature Calls by debt provided through an IFF arrangement, an alternative funding source(s) would need to be identified or the programme would unlikely be able to proceed in its current form. Alternative funding sources could include a government subsidy. We'd be exploring this anyway with the proposed IFF arrangement to reduce the impact on ratepayers. Other funding sources could include a public — private partnership (PPP) where a private company finances, builds, and potentially operates the infrastructure, charging Council (and ratepayers) over a period of time.



# We want to be able to move people and goods around efficiently and safely

Over the past few years, we've heard your concerns loud and clear - you want better roads and we're working hard to make that happen.

Our roads are a tricky challenge though – they were built decades ago and were not built to cope with the number of vehicles and heavy trucks using them as they do today, which is only increasing. We also have another complicating factor that most other cities don't have to deal with – underlying weak supporting clay soils beneath our roads. This means water absorbs easily and can lead to pavement cracks, potholes or damage in our roads more quickly.

The regional freight ring road will assist with this by redirecting heavy traffic away from residential streets and help enable the development of identified growth areas.

Rebuilding roads once they have completely deteriorated so that they need to be replaced rather than repaired is very costly, sometimes costing 20 times more than if they are kept on top of. Fixing all our roads isn't going to be something that happens overnight, but you can be assured that we will continue to be investing in improving our roads. Currently, we spend \$13M a year in our road maintenance contract which looks after road repairs, drainage, road vegetation, traffic signage, footpaths, reseals, pavement reconstruction, street sweeping, streetlights, cycle paths and structural maintenance for culverts and bridges.

We have a partnership with NZ Transport Agency – Waka Kotahi, which funds around half the cost of our transport projects.

Over the past year we formally entered a partnership called Palmerston North Integrated Transport Initiative (PNITI) to make major changes to improve our transport network.

The proposed regional freight ring road is the critical project within this initiative. This includes 70 new major projects over the next 30 years and will help us to build a more balanced network that allows for more people to walk, cycle or use public transport to get around. By creating a system that allows for all transport modes we can reduce the congestion on our roads and reduce the wear and tear of the road surfaces. It is likely that the priority of the projects will change under the Government's new transport policies and we will be advocating strongly for the regional freight ring road to be delivered earlier then previously planned.

We know people are keen to see trucks stop using our residential streets, and that will come to life in time with a regional ring road around our city, as well as a second bridge across the river. We will also need to do other core transport-related projects first to make our city streets safer, offer more choices for people to travel and ensure we're planning new or upgraded roads to support new residential and industrial growth.

Projects to do this include new roads, safer intersections, cycleways throughout our city, and making it safer and easier for people to choose to walk or catch a bus, and slowing down and making it easier for pedestrians to use our city centre safely.

Over the next decade, we're planning to spend **\$481M** on new transport projects. We have assumed around **\$210M** of that will come from New Zealand Transport Agency – Waka Kotahi.

You can read more about this project at **nzta.govt.nz** 



The list below outlines proposed new transport projects that will cost more than \$10M. The amount stated is the total cost of the project. We've assumed that for these projects we may receive around \$210M from NZ Transport Agency - Waka Kotahi

\$88M	on low-cost measures to meet government direction	\$23M	for new roads to support industrial growth in the north- east of our city (Te Utanganui
\$69M	on improvements for key streets in the city	\$22M	for our City Centre Transformation – Street upgrade programme
\$55M	on shared pathways (including Manawatū to Ashhurst River Pathway and Feilding to Palmy shared pathway)	\$21M	for a new bus hub to replace the Main St terminal
\$31M	on cycleways in the city	\$16M	to replace bridges around Bunnythorpe to support growth
\$32M	on new roads in Kākātangiata	\$12M	for safety improvements for Stoney Creek Rd
\$28M	on improving roads in Aokautere to support growth	\$12M	for safety improvements for Kelvin Grove Rd

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## We want everyone to have a place they can call home.

Our city needs 400 new homes each year to make sure everyone has a home, and we're working hard to make that goal achievable. You can be assured that when it comes to housing for our community, we've got all fronts covered.

#### Rezoning land at Aokautere, Ashhurst, Roxburgh Crescent and Kākātangiata to the west of the city.

Rezoning is where we allow different types of development in an area, than what had been there before. These projects are still in the investigations, consulting or hearing stages, but are expected to result in more than 8000 additional homes available in our city. Development at Aokautere, Ashhurst and Kākātangiata are subject to Council seeking external funding for new infrastructure required to service growth in these areas.

#### Planning or working on construction projects that help support growth – primarily water and transport work.

This work is at Kikiwhenua, Hokowhitu Lagoon, Napier Road, Whakarongo, and Mātangi (Whiskey Creek by Cloverlea and Milson).

#### Investigating a medium density zone in our urban area to allow people more housing options.

Housing in this zone could be a bit taller, up to three storeys, and closer together. Section sizes in this zone could also be smaller, with landowners able to subdivide down to 150m². The types of housing within the medium density residential zone could include duplexes, multi-units, town houses and apartments. This would widen the range of housing options available from what we have today, which are mostly stand-alone homes on single sections. We expect to consult with our community on this in 2024.

#### Developing land ourselves at Tamakuku Terrace.

We're converting unused land on James Line into subdivision sections for people to build their dream home. The final stage of this development is proposed to take place in 2024/25 which will bring another 35 sections to the market.

#### $\, > \,$ Use of Council land for housing.

Plans are underway to provide around 50 or more homes. These homes will be on the Huia St Reserve on the corner of Park Rd and Fitzherbert Ave.

#### Looking into options to deliver more social housing units.

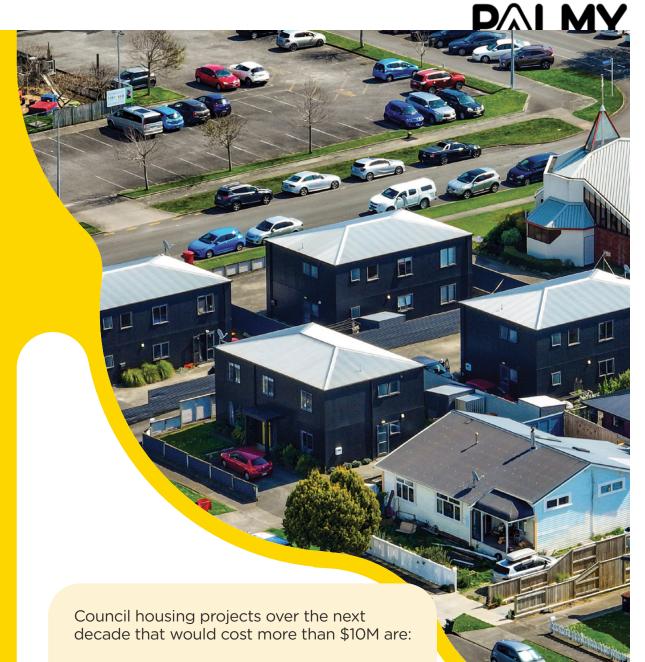
These are on the site of the former Terrace End Bowling Club on Summerhays St.

#### We are planning on investing more money in social housing for our community.

This will be on top of the 442 properties we already have.

#### We're also proposing spending \$230,000 per year, for three years, on three pilot initiatives to respond to homelessness.

This includes an outreach service to connect rough sleepers with appropriate support, trial of a local Housing First wrap around support programme, and a Flexi-fund people could apply to for support with small costs if they were at risk of losing their tenancy due to unforeseen circumstances.



\$17M

on additional social housing units. A portion of this to be allocated to future development at the former Terrace End Bowling Club on Summerhays St.

We are also looking at options for housing at Huia St reserve. No decisions have been made yet. This project will be consulted on again in future Long-Term Plan's as this work will be a few years away.

> You can give feedback on our plans for housing in the 'general feedback' section of our submission form!

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## We've looked at a range of options to keep rate increases down

Despite all of these challenges, the cost of living for our residents, businesses and ratepayers has been top of mind for us as we work on our draft Long-Term Plan for your feedback.

To get the rates increase down to 11.3% in Year 1 we've used a range of tools we have available to help minimise costs where possible.

These include both financial and service level options.

#### We've looked at a range of financial measures:

#### Increasing our debt limit

We borrow money just like you may do for big purchases, and it works the same – we borrow a certain amount of money and pay it off in instalments over a set time period. Just like how banks test that you can afford to pay your mortgage, the same thing is done to us to ensure we don't borrow more money than what our community can pay back. Borrowing also means that debt is paid for over time, which means current ratepayers aren't lumbered with all the costs of future generations.

We borrow money for capital programmes which are typically our infrastructure projects – like building a new building, transport projects or getting new equipment. Our budgets assume we will need to increase the amount we're borrowing from \$258M to \$660M over the next decade, which means we can do more projects to improve services for you. The risk of this is that, just like for your mortgage, interest rates change over time. If they go up this will cost us more to pay off that debt. Currently we borrow up to 200% of our operating revenue and are proposing to increase this to 250%.

#### **Keeping costs down**

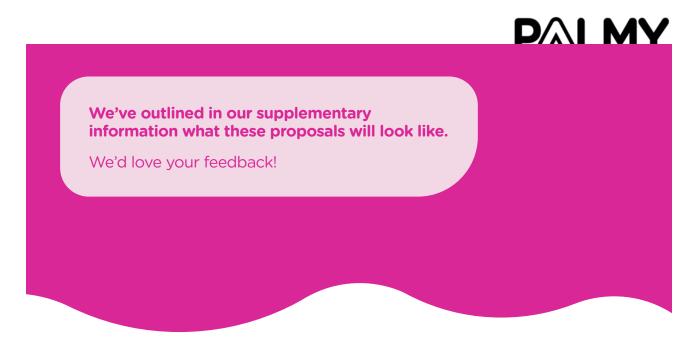
We know you don't want to pay more rates, and we don't want to have large increases for our community. But we also need to balance that with maintaining our assets to ensure they don't degrade further and continue to provide the services you love.

Months of work has gone into getting rates down to this point — we have looked at everything we spend money on and assessed whether it's needed or not, and what we can do to reduce costs. This process was done initially by staff to reduce the rating impact, and then Elected Members reviewed and reduced these further. In some instances, some additional operational programmes were also added.

#### Seek co-funding for some work

There are many things we do where another organisation often chips in to help cover the costs. We've always done this through co-funding for transport projects with NZ Transport Agency — Waka Kotahi, grants for many of our library and playground initiatives, partnerships for our Central Energy Trust Arena and Central Energy Trust Wildbase Recovery and many more.

We're planning on doing this far more in the future, and in some cases we've decided work will not occur unless we get co-funding.



#### Increase fees and charges

Some of our services are based on a user-pays model, which means that some services are funded from a mix of fees and charges and rates as both direct users and ratepayers benefit from them. These fees and charges are across the board and can include things like rubbish bags, e-waste disposal, commercial water use, cemetery or sports field fees, obtaining a building or resource consent, hiring a facility, parking meters, dog registration and many more.

Most of these fees and charges will increase by at least 7% from 1 July 2024 to cover the increasing costs of providing the services.

On street metered parking will increase from \$1.70 to \$2.00 per hour. The maximum retail price for Council 60L rubbish bags will increase from \$2.90 to \$3.80.

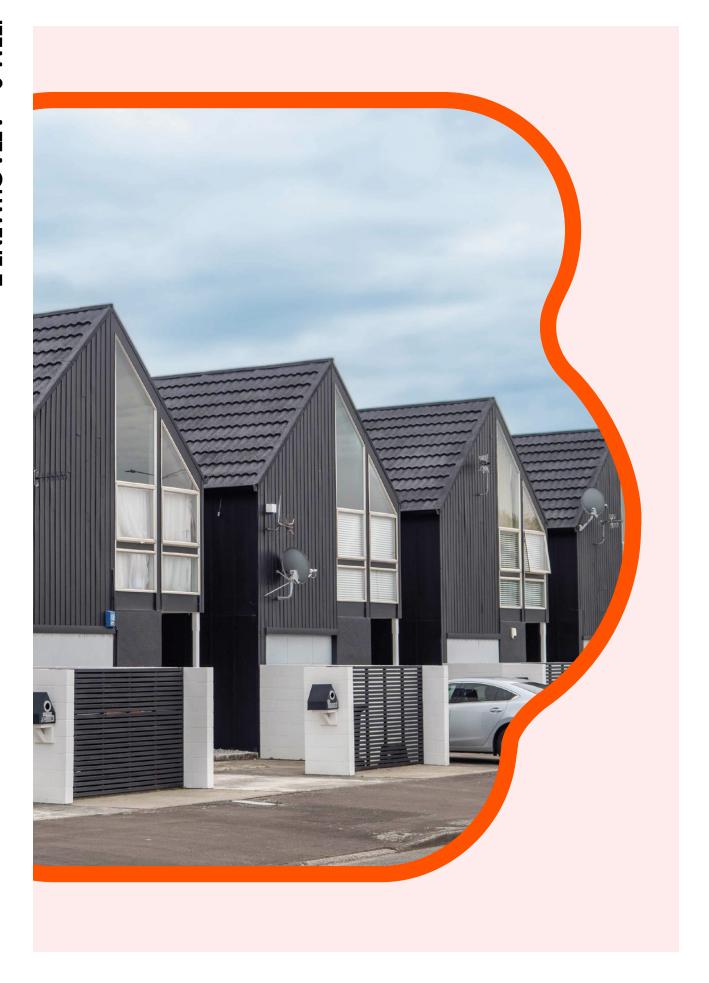
#### Slow down or stop projects or improvements

There are instances where we have delayed when we were planning to do some work or projects, or just decided to stop them. These are explained throughout our document.

#### Stage the timing of replacements

Lots of the assets that provide our services require replacement over time. We call these renewals and things like road repairs, roofs, park benches and water pipes are just a few examples. We're proposing to spend a lot more on maintaining our assets over the next decade. These types of projects are funded through rates, not borrowing, so we can delay some of these renewals.

This means we can reduce the rates increase, but it means we may not meet your expectations and may have more urgent repairs if some of our assets fail, e.g. a water pipe bursting.





#### Over the past few years, you've been asking us to take a look at the system we use to determine rates

#### Rates are a form of tax that all property owners pay to fund the services provided by their council.

Rates make up roughly 77% of the money needed to run our city, with the remainder coming from things like fees and charges as well as government and other subsidies, along with small amounts of rental revenue and sponsorship agreements.

Each year we prepare budgets that determine how much money we need to get from rates, and then that sum is distributed between our different types of ratepayers – residential, commercial/industrial and rural.

#### Currently the rating system is made up of the following elements:

- > A uniform annual general charge (UAGC) for all properties – this is a rate all ratepayers pay;
- > Fixed annual charges to fund water supply, wastewater disposal and treatment and recycling and rubbish collection;
- ➤ A general rate based on land value (LV) with the level of the rate varying depending on the use made of the property.

While some councils use a property's land value (LV) as the basis for how much general rates the property owner pays, some others use capital value (CV), which is the total value of the property (the land value plus any buildings/improvements). Some of you have been asking us to do this instead.

As rates are a tax some people believe rates should have a relationship to wealth or ability to pay. That is subjective, and you may think one option is better than the other. The proposed changes are likely to affect everyone to some extent so it's important you use our website to see what it means for your property.



#### Over the past year we've undertaken a thorough review of the current rating system and possible options. We considered:

- > What the level of rates would be for individual properties for each of the options. We also looked at whether the overall outcome would result in an appropriate split for different categories of ratepayers (e.g. rural or residential);
- > Whether the options align with our planning objectives to encourage more development to support residential and commercial growth in our existing urban areas;
- > Whether implementation of a different rating system is practical from 1 July 2024;
- > Whether the preferred option would give flexibility for us to make further changes (if required) in future.

- Fixed annual charges to fund drinking water, wastewater treatment and discharge and recycling and rubbish collection;
- > Properties are to be categorised by use (e.g. commercial/rural/residential) and the level of the general rate general rate will vary for each;
- > Each of the categories of property should pay a similar proportion of the total general rates required as under our current system.

#### Some significant changes proposed are:

- Reduce the level of discount on the general rate that is currently provided to properties outside of the urban serviced area, in particular, properties between 0.2 and 5 hectares. Often referred to as lifestyle blocks, these properties are generally classified as rural. We would do this regardless of the option selected.
- > Base a proportion of the rates calculation on the Capital Value (CV) instead of the Land Value (LV) -See following pages for more information.
- > The options detailed and the examples are based on the draft budget for 2024/25. Following consultation there will most likely be some changes to the budget before it is finalised in June. This means the actual rates set for 2024/25 could change slightly from what the website search tool will show.



#### **Option one**

A hybrid option with the majority of general rates being based on land value, and the remainder on capital value (around a 70/30 split)

We think that using a combination of land and capital value to determine rates would be appropriate for our city at this point in time.

We're proposing that 70% of the activities currently funded from general rates remain based on a property's LV and 30% be funded by a targeted rate based on the CV (both charged on all rateable properties).

The part that is calculated using the capital value would be to cover costs for work that comes under our 'Goal 1' which includes things like roading and economic development.

This would also mean that utilities under a road (such as energy, water and communication networks) will be rated for the first time and we intend for them to be rated in the same way as other commercial/industrial properties.

This option would also see us treat commercially zoned vacant land as commercial/ industrial (for the purposes of the CV based rate) rather than the current miscellaneous category used for the LV based rates. Without this change, rates for this land would have reduced and this would be at odds with our planning objective that owners are encouraged to develop their land.

We think the Capital Value (CV – the closest to the market value) is a better measure of the benefits received from council services and could demonstrate a ratepayer's ability to afford rates.

However, the hybrid option is preferred because it would also limit the extent of change experienced by the most adversely impacted ratepayers. This includes those residential and commercial/industrial ratepayers with highly valued improvements (relative to the LV). However, this also means property owners with lower levels of improvements on higher valued land may not get as much of a rates reduction than the full CV option.

This hybrid option, if chosen, would come into effect from 1 July 2024.

In all options we're proposing to reduce the level of discount on the general rate that is currently provided to properties between 0.2 and 0.5 hectares. These properties are generally classified as rural and commonly referred to as lifestyle blocks.

## Our preferred option

#### **Pros**

- A Better correlation to benefits received and ability to pay.
- A Reduces the rates for properties that have relatively low levels of improvements on high value land.
- significant improvements on lower value land.
- Marginally expands the rating base to include utilities (e.g. power and phone infrastructure) located in the street.

#### Cons

- Properties with lower levels of improvements on higher valued land may not get as much rates reduction compared to the full CV option.
- It may be confusing for ratepayers to understand how this system works.

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#### **Option two**

#### Capital Value (CV)

For many years, and especially after the last revaluations, some of you have asked us to change the rating system to Capital Value (CV).

Capital value is pretty well understood, as it's the number used when you are purchasing a property, and would also mean we had the same rating system as many other towns and cities throughout New Zealand. Capital Value is the value of the property (the land value and any buildings or improvements). This would see us use your CV at the point of revaluation (every three years) to determine your rates, just as we do now with land value.

For this option the general rate would be based on the CV.

This option would also see us treat commercially zoned vacant property as commercial/industrial (for the purpose of CV based rate) rather than the current miscellaneous category used for the LV based rates. Without this change rates for such land would reduce and this would be at odds with our objectives to encourage owners to develop their land.

We've not identified this as our preferred option due to the significant impact it would have on some property owners including the commercial/industrial sector that play a vital role to our city's economy and employment. Changes to a full CV would reduce rates significantly for some people, but raise them significantly for others.

Due to this level of impact, if this option was preferred by our community, and our council chose to move to this rating system, it would need to be phased in, possibly over a three-year period. This is what other councils have also done when they've moved to a CV based system.

On our website we are showing you what the rates would be if we transitioned immediately to 100% CV. This will ensure people see the true impact to them.

In all options we're proposing to reduce the level of discount on the general rate that is currently provided to properties between 0.2 and 0.5 hectares. These properties are generally classified as rural and commonly referred to as lifestyle blocks.

#### **Pros**

- ♠ Easy for people to understand as it's based on the market value of the whole property (including improvements) as at the revaluation date.
- A Changes in rates following a city revaluation are likely to be less volatile as the revaluation has historically seen smaller percentage increases for capital value than for land value.
- Rates are a tax and the CV is more likely to reflect ratepayer's ability to pay than the LV.
- A Benefits those with low valued improvements on high valued land.
- Marginally expands the rating base to include utilities (e.g. power and phone infrastructure) located in the street.

#### Cons

- The impact of changing from the current LV rating system for some ratepayers with a very high CV compared to LV is significant.
- Potential rates for some commercial/ industrial properties may discourage further development in the city, particularly in areas on the outskirts of the city.
- ▼ There may be less incentive to develop vacant residential land as well as new medium density housing developments as the rates would be lower for unimproved land than under a LV system.



#### **Option three**

#### Maintain the present system

This option in essentially the status quo with minor changes including those related to lifestyle blocks.

In all options we're proposing to reduce the level of discount on the general rate that is currently provided to properties between 0.2 and 0.5 hectares. These properties are generally classified as rural and commonly referred to as lifestyle blocks.

#### **Pros**

A Incentivises development of land as the general rates are unchanged when improvements are added to the property. (Except where those improvements lead to the property being categorised differently due to a change in use).

#### Cons

- LV may not be an accurate indicator for your ability to pay and therefore a LV based rate may not be considered fair by those who believe this is an important principle for a rating system.
- Revaluations historically in our city tend to see larger percentage increases in land values compared to capital values, meaning there is potentially more volatility in the rates based on LV than CV.

Please make sure you check our website to see what each option looks like for you for your property

He aha te mea nui? Māku e kii atu, he tāngata, he tāngata, he tāngata.

What is the most important thing in the world? Well, let me tell you, it is people, it is people.

You are at the core of what we do - and over the coming years some of our big projects are focused on the places you love to spend time in our city.

### We're preparing our community facilities for future needs

With a growing city, some of our community facilities are bulging at the seams, some are no longer fit for purpose, and there is potential for new facilities too.

Our goal is to have a connected community, but for that to happen we're going to need to invest in some upgrades and new facilities.

We've spent a lot of time working with the community and stakeholders, completing feasibility and financial assessments, creating masterplans and even early-stage concept designs for these projects.

You can read all of this important background information on our website at pncc.govt.nz/communityfacilities















These are all very high level concept pictures. No detailed design has been done on any of these projects and what they will look like

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## Over the next decade, proposed work includes:

#### **Multicultural Centre**

Lease space for multicultural communities to use for activities, events and services.

We're proposing to lease a city centre facility to provide a dedicated space for multicultural communities. With more than 130 ethnicities in our city, and Palmy being one of the 13 locations for refugee resettlement, we need space for these communities to gather for events and activities, and space for the delivery of services to meet their needs.

Currently, multicultural community groups are trying to use locations around the city for events, but there aren't enough facilities of the right size.

The Manawatū Multicultural Centre in Hancock Community House is also no longer fit for purpose for the types of activities and services they deliver. We're proposing leasing a facility in the city centre, and we expect we will need to do a complete refurbishment of the space to ensure it is fit for purpose. We have some external funding available that may be able to help contribute to this fit out.

We're proposing to do this in Year 1. A city centre location would help support local businesses and add to the vibrancy of our city centre. We believe the lease for a facility could be up to \$100,000 per year and it's likely we will need to spend \$750,000 on making it fit for purpose.

The Manawatū Multicultural Council would pay a lease for the new facility to help cover the costs, and it would also be available for bookings for multicultural events and activities.





#### **Pasifika Community Centre**

#### Expand and refurbish existing building.

Our Pasifika Community Centre at Bill Brown Park is in need of expansion to cope with the huge number of people attending events.

We're planning on spending \$3.9M in Year 2 on this upgrade to ensure we can continue to meet the needs of our communities that use this space. This includes expanding the main hall area for events, installing a commercial sized kitchen for community use, and workspaces for people to work from – which could include agencies hosting drop-in sessions for the community. Draft concept images on our website show the potential for a Fale to be built at the centre too. This was a community desire, but is not currently budgeted or planned for in this Long-Term Plan.

#### Te Pātikitiki Library

Expand and refurbish existing building.

This library located in Highbury is an important hub for the local community, but it's in need of some refurbishment and expansion to cope with the growth occurring in this area. We're proposing a \$3.6M expansion in Year 2. While the traditional collection area where books are wouldn't be increased in size, it would have meeting rooms that could be booked by the community as well as a kitchen for the public to use. Draft concept images on our website show the potential for future play areas around the facility but these are not proposed nor budgeted for in this Long-Term Plan.

On the submission form, we will be asking you to provide feedback on each of these projects.

This is being done incase you have different views about different projects.



#### Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park

Create a civic marae with public facilities, as well as visitor and education attractions at Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park.

This is one of our most culturally significant sites in the city and a memorial site for those who fought for our country in various conflicts around the world. In 2019 we entered into a formal co-management agreement with Rangitāne o Manawatū to preserve this wāhi tapu (sacred place) and help to more confidently represent the mana and identity of this ancestral site for Rangitāne and the fallen. The proposed visitor attraction would include a building to cater for a variety of uses including a café, meeting rooms, shop and gallery, with capacity to host overnight stays. It would be available for cultural and civic events, education and casual drop-in visits — everyone would be welcome.

We'd also upgrade Cliff Rd which leads to the top of the site as part of this project. Council would fund the roading upgrade (\$2.1 of \$4.3M) as well as contribute \$9.8M to the project. Rangitāne would fund \$2M, and the remaining \$3M would be funded through an external partnership.

At this stage, the assumption we've made in our draft Long-Term Plan is that in Year 1 and Year 2 we will be working on the detailed design. This is primarily funded from existing funding Council has received from government. We'd begin looking for co-funding during this time, but having the detailed design will provide further information potential co-funders will be interested in, closer to construction. Construction would not occur until external funding and Rangitāne's funding was confirmed. Our plan has construction scheduled to occur between 2025-2027, but those dates may change subject to when funding is confirmed. More information about the park and its significance for Rangitāne can be found on our website.

#### **Central Energy Trust Arena**

We're proposing to replace Arena 5 at the Central Energy Trust Arena, as well as build new turfs, toilets and changing blocks.

Our Central Energy Trust Arena is home to more than 3,000 events each year.

We've already completed upgrades to the facility – with new speedway pits, an entrance plaza, and an artificial turf. The next stage of work proposed is to build a new Arena 5 on the corner of Cuba St and Pascal St before demolishing the current Arena 5 venue. Arena 5 is home to Barber and Bell Halls, Waldegrave Lounge, Gym and Speedway offices.

The buildings are deteriorating quickly, no longer fit for purpose for community needs, and Barber Hall specifically needs seismic repairs before 2034 if it is to remain in the current location. The new facility will be a multi-use indoor stadium, able to accommodate a wide variety of community activities, including community sport, to meet the growing demand.

We're also planning on building a new artificial turf which we would seek co-funding for. Re-alignment of the back fields will also occur, with all turfs then shaped like a quad, and around them there will be new changing room facilities, toilets, storage, shelter for spectators, and trees situated throughout. These turfs will be designed for multi-use, including rugby and football, which clubs use for sports and events for all ages. The sporting community has been asking for more turfs to help meet the demand for school, casual, training and competition sports. We would complete the artificial turf first, with work starting later this year and next. The work around the other turfs would occur in years 2, 3, 5 and 6.

Replacing Arena 5 with a new building would occur in years 2, 4, and 5. Our draft Long-Term Plan has the costs of this project at \$36M over years 1-6. All of our Central Energy Trust Arena facilities have hireage fees, which means that while we pay the upfront cost of the development, revenue does help contribute to the maintenance of the facility.

We're also proposing, in partnership with Massey University and Central Football, to create a new artificial turf at Massey's public sporting facilities. These facilities are well used by the community and help bring major sporting events to our city's local economy. Our contribution would be \$850,000, but it's reliant on considerable external funding before construction occurs.





#### **Awapuni Community Library Hub**

Build a new Awapuni Community Library Hub, which includes expanded community space within a new library.

We lease our current Awapuni library, and it is far too small for what will soon be the suburb with the highest population in our city. This past year we've also had to shut it down for vital repairs to take place due to the age of the building.

Our libraries are very well used, with 5.4 visits per capita, compared to the Australasian standard of 4.5. Our libraries in our suburbs have higher visitor numbers than the Central Library, due to them being homes for community meetings and connection points in neighbourhoods.

We're proposing ending that lease and building a new facility across the road on the site of St Mark's Church. Council purchased this property in early 2024. The 1500sam building would be home to a library and community facility that could free up space at the Awapuni Community Centre.

This 'community library hub' model is similar to what other cities have created to bring communities together into a shared space. The project provides us with an opportunity to create a sustainable, agile, and future proofed site that can establish a focal point in the Awapuni Community and continue to grow with us in the future – it can include things like meeting spaces and a community kitchen.

The Awapuni hub would also be built to high building standards so it could be a civil defence centre if needed

We're proposing to start building in Year 2. Building early means that when seismic repairs take place at our Central Library, we would have a large library available for our community. We'd still have a temporary option in the city centre though, as we know how important the foot traffic of people using the library is for businesses in our city centre. The cost to build the Awapuni Community Library Hub is \$27.1M.

#### **Option one**

#### Proceed with plan as proposed

#### **Pros**

- Community needs are met, and our goal of having a vibrant and welcoming city with a connected community is realised.
- A Facilities are future-proofed for community needs long-term.
- Additional spaces are provided for communities to meet, host events, play sport and be together improving social, cultural and physical wellbeing.
- A new community library hub will have benefits for Awapuni, but also the rest of the city's residents who choose to use it.
- The Awapuni Community Library Hub would provide resilience during a potential civil defence response.
- The Awapuni Community Library Hub would be able to take on additional library services and staff when the Central Library is getting seismically strengthened.
- Restore and enhance the mana and identity of Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park.
- Meet Rangitāne's aspirations for Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park and strengthen the partnership with Council, and the community.
- A civic marae will allow us to formally welcome dignitaries and others to our city.
- No more sunk maintenance costs in keeping Barber Hall operating long-term.
- ♠ Economic development for the city because of people using the new facilities or bringing events to the city.
- ♠ Increased revenue opportunities due to the user-pays model for some of these facilities.

#### Cons

- One project, Te Motu o Poutoa, relies on external and co-funding. If those funds cannot be found, the project would likely be delayed.
- People may prefer to see the costs used on other projects, or saved.
- ✓ Increased debt and related repayment costs
- New facilities will require new operations and maintenance budgets.

#### **Financial impact**

- ➤ The Pasifika Centre \$3.88M
- > Te Pātikitiki Highbury Library \$3.55M
- Central Energy Trust Arena upgrades – \$36M
- New Awapuni Community Library Hub – \$27.1M
- Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park would cost \$19.1M for the roading upgrade and the construction. This project relies on Rangitāne and external funding.
- The fitting out and lease for the Manawatū Multicultural Council costs will include an additional retrofitting cost for the facility, expected to be a few hundred thousand dollars, as well as an annual lease which could be up to \$100,000.

These projects would add \$80.6M to council's debt. Known operating costs in Year 1 are \$366,000 increasing to \$8.8M in Year 10. \$6M of this relates to debt and interest payments. The other \$2.8M covers costs for things like lease payments and insurance, power and rates. Every \$1.3M of operating costs would add 1% to rates each year.



#### **Option two**

Supportive of project/s, but with some conditions

#### In this option, you can let us know what you would do differently.

It's important for us to know what projects you are in favour of, but that you'd like to make some comments on for us to consider further. Please share feedback about why you would like to proceed with some projects, and the reasons why you'd like to see changes made to others.

#### **Financial impact**

Would depend on the project and the changes made.

#### **Pros**

- Our community may provide insight and information we hadn't thought of or considered.
- Lower debt and repayment costs if scope of project was reduced, or delayed.

#### Cons

- Depending on the project, some of the pros detailed in our preferred options may not be realised.
- ✓ If the upgrades to Central Energy Trust Arena were not supported, Council would need to consider what this means for Arena 5 long term, with seismic upgrades being needed to continue operating. This could impact the city's local economy which is boosted by events.

#### **Option three**

Do not proceed with any of the projects

This option would mean you don't support any of the projects occurring. Please explain your reasons for this in the submission form.

#### **Pros**

- Our community may provide insight and information we hadn't thought of or considered.
- We wouldn't need to borrow money to fund these projects, which means ratepayers wouldn't have repayment costs.

#### **Financial impact**

We wouldn't need to borrow money to fund these projects, which means ratepayers wouldn't have repayment costs. The money could be reallocated to another area of council services, or it could be saved.

#### Cons

- We believe there are significant impacts to not proceeding with any projects and this outcome would negatively affect the economic, social, and cultural wellbeing of our community, as none of the pros identified in Option 1 would be realised.
- ✓ If the upgrades to Central Energy Trust Arena were not supported, Council would need to consider what this means for Arena 5 long term, which needs seismic strengthening to continue operating. This could impact the city's local economy which is boosted by events.

## We need to strengthen some of our city's favourite facilities

Time is ticking for us to seismically strengthen some of our facilities and structures. Palmy is considered a high seismic risk area.



















We have 26 buildings that have been considered 'earthquake prone' because they meet less than 34% of the new building standard (below 34% NBS).

Buildings or other structures can be considered earthquake prone due to their age, size, shape or construction materials. For some of our properties the fix is relatively simple, but for others it's far more significant.

We have until 2039 to get all our buildings or structures up to at least the 34% standard. However, the clock is already ticking on a few of our buildings such as The Regent Theatre, Central Library, and Te Manawa which all need to be addressed before 2033.

While the buildings are considered earthquake prone, they are not considered dangerous so are still ok to be used over the coming years.

Twenty-six is a lot of buildings to get through, and the cost will be high - both for the seismic upgrades but also if we need to move some of these operations (like the library or museum) during construction. Seismic upgrades can be done in different ways – strengthening, rebuilding, retrofitting or partial or full demolition of the building.

For the 26 buildings in total, we used a set of criteria to decide the order in which to complete the seismic upgrades.

Those criteria include:

- Business continuity (would we need to close all or part of the building),
- > How critical the facility is especially for a civil defence response.
- Priority buildings under the legislation (this only includes The Regent Theatre),
- Occupancy (how many people work and visit the building),
- The importance of the building under legislation,
- > Heritage value, iwi value and how it aligns with our other strategies,
- We also considered potential costs and other work that needs to be done in the building which could be done as part of the seismic work or after it (e.g. a new roof is needed).

We're proposing to only do eight buildings over the next decade, and the rest would be considered and completed in the following five years. We're estimating the costs for the next decade to be \$170M (eight buildings), and then about \$32M for the rest. By doing the eight most critical buildings first we can ensure there are enough specialist contractors available and those most used and needed by the community are completed.

Those eight critical buildings costs and timings are:

- The Regent Theatre \$13M construction in years 2 and 3
- The Central Library \$65M, seeking 90% external funding, construction in years 4 and 5
- Te Manawa Museum of Art, Science and Heritage – \$67M, seeking 90% external funding, construction in years 6 and 7
- ➢ Civic Administration Building (Council's city centre office complex) - \$17M construction in years 8 and 9
- Caccia Birch House \$6M, construction in Year 10
- Crematorium underway now
- Wastewater Treatment Plant underway now
- Water Treatment Plant underway now.

You can see the list of all 26 buildings and structures on our website

The costs for seismic upgrades are highly indicative - we need to decide what type of strengthening is needed for each of the buildings or structures and then work on the detailed design. In Year 1, we will be working on design and other lead-in work for the Library, Regent and Te Manawa.

For some of these projects in our city centre, we have also assumed the need for more planning work and to seek some form of co-funding. This is explained in more detail over the following pages. Every project will see us work with stakeholders, undertake a procurement exercise for the best price, and have our Elected Members consider the project multiple times before going ahead.

We know these are very big costs and they're top of mind for us. The cost of seismic upgrades can often be the same cost as demolishing and rebuilding a facility. We expect the costs for Te Manawa and the Library will be similar for seismic, or rebuilds that maintain heritage features. This level of detail will be worked through over the coming years. It's essential we spread these costs out for our ratepayers. These first eight facilities are essential services for our community so we have assumed they will all be replaced/upgraded in some shape or form. In the future we will ask you about what you'd like to see for the remaining structures/facilities.

You can give feedback on this work in the 'general comment' section on our submission form'

## Our City Centre landmarks have an opportunity to shine brighter

With the Central Library, Te Manawa, and Council's offices all needing seismic upgrades, there is an opportunity for us to seek co-funding, and make these facilities even better than they are now!

The seismic upgrades detailed on earlier pages will cost significant sums – but some also have the opportunity to transform our city centre. If you've been to Christchurch recently, you'll have seen the impact of this firsthand with their new Library and Conference Centre. Tauranga, Invercargill, Hamilton, and many other cities are doing the same with these facilities – with diggers already on site.

We've been looking at what this could look like in Palmy over the past few years too. We've previously referred to this work as the 'civic and cultural precinct'. Rather than just seismic strengthening, how do we draw more people and businesses into our city centre through these iconic cultural institutions? How do we get more people living in our city centre? How could the work on these facilities tell our history, support local businesses, better connect our residents and make our city centre more vibrant?

We've set up a steering group made up of Elected Members, and representatives from business, iwi, tourism, and Te Manawa to plot the path forward for us. We've heard from some of these other cities too. They've explained their process and how they've attracted co-funding to ensure ratepayers aren't the only ones footing the bill.

Tauranga for example has its ratepayers only paying half the cost of the works, with the rest coming from a mix of other funds.

Co-funding can work in various ways- it could be that we lease a building, we could have public private partnerships, or we could receive external grants from government or other funding bodies. We haven't done the groundwork yet to know what is possible in our city- but based on work in other cities we know these are valid options to consider both for better outcomes for our community, and financial reasons.

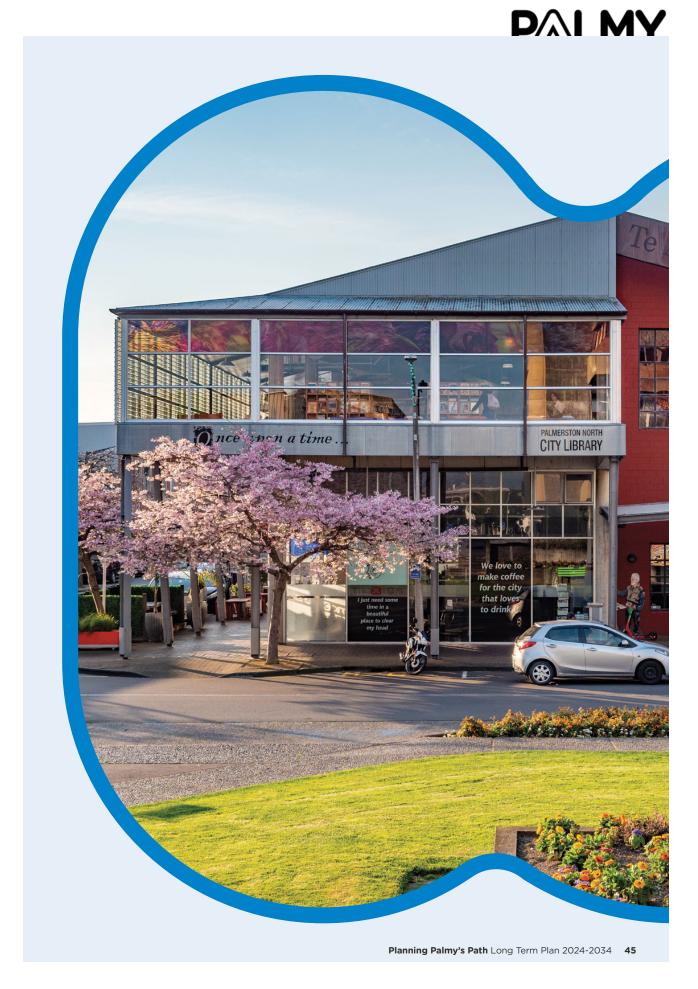
Our preferred option is that we spend the next three years building on our existing planning and get expert advice about the programme of work and funding, and consulting with you again before proceeding.

In the coming three years, we would be getting seismic design work started for the Regent Theatre and the Central Library, and construction will need to start on The Regent in that time too.

We are proposing to spend \$100,000 in Year 1, \$102,000 in Year 2 and \$104,000 in Year 3 on investigating partnerships and funding opportunities and scoping out the potential for these facilities. There are additional costs involved in the design and construction of these projects.

As we've also explained on the previous page, the costs for seismic upgrades and a rebuild of a facility are expected to be similar due to the nature of these facilities and their locations. This detail will be worked on over the coming year. We've assumed 90% cofunding for the construction of these projects. That means for the estimated \$132M for the library and Te Manawa, we would fund \$14M. If we cannot seek external funding, we will need to look at alternative options, scope, and other Council projects to ensure we can do the legally required changes

You can read more of our 2019 masterplan for this work which we will use as a starting point. That's on our website at pncc.govt.nz/landmarkfacilities



#### **Option one**

Build on our existing planning and continue work to look at the buildings as a collective project and explore co-funding opportunities.

#### **Pros**

- We can investigate funding models to help pay for construction and ongoing maintenance, which will help save ratepayers money upfront and over time.
- We can spend a bit more time investigating any housing options before going ahead.

  This would bring added vibrancy to our city centre, help with housing supply, and could help fund some of the developments.
- We can ensure the plan looks at what other services might be needed in these areas in terms of infrastructure planning (water, transport etc.) to coordinate construction.
- We can ensure improvements have a green focus to help the planet, our resilience and electricity costs long term for ratepayers (e.g. solar, rainwater tanks).
- Planning the development of the facilities together will help us manage the risks and costs more effectively.
- You get to provide another round of feedback once we have a more firm plan in place.
- This is the best time to look at this investment and the benefits, rather than once construction is complete.
- This option best meets cultural, economic, and social outcomes for our community.

#### Cons

- Seismic improvements could be delayed if the planning and funding model work takes longer than expected. (We're assuming three years from planning to having a development deal in place).
- We may need to do some 'patch repairs' to some areas of these buildings that need work in the short term (e.g. the Central Library's roof).
- We could struggle to find one or more funding partners which means we may have to proritise what work gets completed.

#### **Financial impact**

\$308,000 over three years to conduct further investigation and funding analysis. These costs exclude the construction costs explained on pages 44-45.

These projects would add \$52M to council's debt. Debt repayment and interest costs will add \$300,000 to Year 1 increasing to \$3.6M in Year 10. The total interest and repayment costs over the 10 years is \$17.8M.





#### **Option two**

Only do the required seismic upgrades of these facilities in their current location, and still seek 90% external funding

#### **Pros**

underway sooner than Option 1, depending on the time needed for stakeholder engagement and engineering design for each facility.

#### **Financial impact**

Construction costs are outlined on pages 44-45.

#### Cons

- ▼ Ratepayers could end up paying the same amount but miss out on other opportunities and economic potential for the city that may come from a collective project with a co-funding arrangement.
- ▼ This will likely be less appealing to external funders, which may mean our ratepayers bear more costs.
- ▼ This option may not see green infrastructure included as we would primarily focus on only the seismic work - this could see a cost over time as the impacts of climate change become felt.
- ▼ This doesn't provide options for housing which would add to vibrancy to the city



## We'll continue to look after our infrastructure

Our Infrastructure Strategy is our roadmap for how we'll manage our infrastructure, when and how we will do the work and how much it will cost.

You can read more about our Infrastructure Strategy on our website **pncc.govt.nz/LTP** 

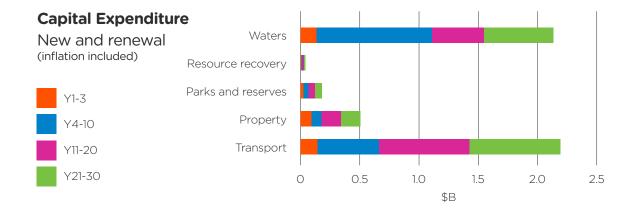
## The most significant infrastructure issues that we will need to address in the next 30 years are:

- Supporting growth and liveability in our city
- Delivering the levels of service that you're used to receiving
- Managing the deteriorating condition of our aging assets
- Responding to risks and resilience issues from climate change and natural hazards
- Responding to challenges from increasing standards of compliance

#### Key projects include:

- Nature Calls wastewater project
- ➣ Seismic upgrades
- > Upgrades to community facilities
- > Providing infrastructure for residential growth
- > Replacement/refurbishment of existing assets
- > Central Energy Trust Arena
- > Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park
- > Food scraps collection
- Social housing

- Palmerston North Intergrated Transport Initiative
   which is a range of transport projects in our city
  centre, and in our growth areas like Te Utanganui.
  These include safety improvements, cycleways, a
  new bus terminal in the city, city centre transport
  upgrades and longer-term projects to support
  freight movements around our city through an 'outer
  ring road'. This work is done in partnership with the
  NZ Transport Agency Waka Kotahi
- > Roading renewals and improvements
- ➤ Walking and cycling Improvements
- Drinking water upgrades
- > Stormwater resilience



In the next 30 years, new or replacement infrastructure includes:











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## Our Financial Strategy guides what we do with money to reach our community's goals

Our Financial Strategy helps guide decisions on budgeting, investment, and revenue generation to help ensure funds are used wisely, services are maintained or improved, and that we have a plan for managing any challenges.

#### The key points of our Financial Strategy are:

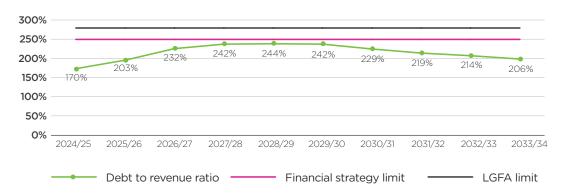
- Our Nature Calls wastewater project poses the largest financial challenge to Council. We do not have the financial capacity to borrow to fund this from our normal funding sources. In our draft plan we have assumed we will be able to use the IFF fund for this project. You can read more about this on pages 20-21.
- We have assumed Council will be responsible for providing the water activities throughout the 10 years of our Long-Term Plan. Even though we've assumed that we're responsible for delivering water, we've had to make some hard calls and cut the level of capital spend in the water budgets from Year 4 onwards – to help with the affordability of our plan.
- Over the next decade we will be spending \$2.3B dollars on capital projects. That is made up of \$1.553B on Capital New, \$296M on Capital Growth and \$442M on Capital Renewal. Due to scale of the capital projects proposed, we'll need to borrow more than our current borrowing limits would allow. As a result we have decided to increase Council's maximum debt limit (measured by the net debt to revenue ratio) from 200% to 250%. This ratio is still considered to be prudent and is less than the maximum of 280% available through Council's key borrowing source the NZ Local Government Funding Agency.
- ➤ To help ensure we are able to remain within the updated debt limit, it is planned to accelerate the debt repayment between Year 4 and Year 10 of the plan. This equates to \$149M in additional repayments.

- Our latest assessment shows that to protect our infrastructure assets we need to significantly increase the amount we spend on replacing and renewing them. This draft Long-Term Plan provides for a progressive increase in this renewal spending.
- We will look at our land and assets and consider whether they could be used differently to reduce costs.
- ➣ We've assumed that many of our projects will need to be funded from more than just debt. We already get some funding from the NZ Transport Agency – Waka Kotahi as well as other external grants to help with projects. We're hoping to add to this with tools like the IFF and Public Private Partnerships (leasing properties rather than owning them). Some projects we've tagged for external funding include some growth programmes, Te Motu o Poutoa Anzac Park and seismic upgrades to our Central Library and Te Manawa. Every project would be looked at separately to determine the co-funding we need. If we can't find the best solution for our ratepayers, we'll have to re-scope, stop or reprioritise this work ahead of other projects.
- Like other cities in New Zealand, our proposed rates increases throughout the term of the plan are higher than previously assumed would be necessary. If we end up using the IFF for Nature Calls, our ratepayers will have a large levy in addition to their rates from around Year 4. If we use a similar tool for growth programmes, this could also impact some ratepayers.

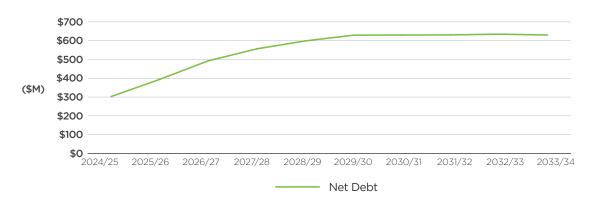


Borrowing limits	Policy limit	Forecast level at 30 June 2025	Forecast maximum during 10 years	Forecast level at 30 June 2034
Net external debt as a percentage of total assets	<20%	12.5%	18.2%	13.3%
Net external debt as a percentage of total revenue	<250%	169.8%	243.6%	205.6%
Net interest as a percentage of total revenue	<15%	8.2%	12.5%	10.8%
Net interest as a percentage of annual rates income	<20%	10.8%	15.5%	13.0%
Liquidity	>110%	114%	110%	110%

#### **Debt to revenue ratio**



#### **Net debt forecast**



## Your rates over the next decade will need to increase significantly

For the first year of the Long-Term Plan (2024/25), total rates will need to increase by 11.3% to fund increased operating costs and to service our debt that we borrow for capital projects.

Operational costs are generally the day to day costs involved for a Council running a city, while capital costs are generally our construction projects.

Around half of the increase we are currently facing is to cover increased interest costs and repayment of our current debt used to fund past infrastructure projects. We use debt to help fund these big projects to spread the cost over those who will benefit from the asset over its life. They work like a mortgage with us paying interest and principal back each year.

We've also had some big increases to our insurance and utility (power and gas) costs — just like you have. As we've also been updating our software over the last few years, this has meant we've had to increase our licensing costs to access these programmes — it's really expensive and unfortunately we need them to help keep the city running.

Like other cities in New Zealand our proposed rates increases throughout the term of the plan are higher than previously assumed would be necessary.

#### The Year 1 cost increases for our operational areas are below:

Operating cost	Impact on rates for 2024/25 (Year 1)
Interest costs on debt	4.2%
Debt repayment	2.1%
Rolling average renewal increase	0.8%
Labour costs - market movement	3.6%
Utilities and insurance	0.4%
Software licenses	0.6%
All other (Contractors, professional services, materials, Offset by additional revenue [excluding rates] etc.)	(0.4%)

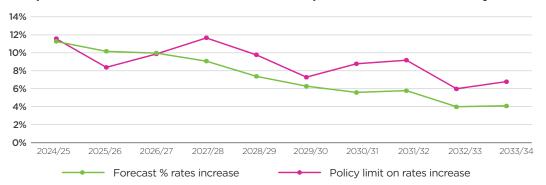
At this stage, we have assumed that the cost of the planned Nature Calls project will be funded through the IFF tool.

The sum levied by the external entity would be in addition to the rates increases shown, but would be shown on your rates bill as a separate levy. We think this levy will start to be phased in around Year 4, or after construction has started.

It is too soon in the planning process to know with any certainty how much the repayments will be but early estimates are that the levy for each ratepayer could be at least \$1,000 per year over 30 years (over and above your rates costs).



#### Proposed annual increase in total rates requirement over next ten years

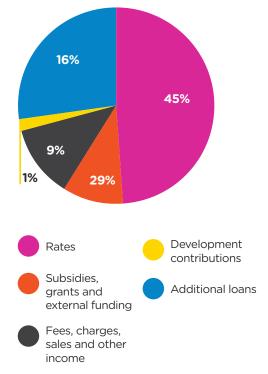


This graph shows the increases in total rates needed, as well as the maximum increases that would apply each year according to our policy.

Rates increases for individual properties will vary depending on their value, the nature any future improvements to the property and property use. They will also depend on any changes to the rating system. Rates are reviewed annually as part of our Annual Budget process.

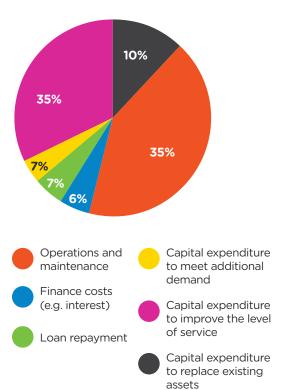
The rates increases shown here do not include the funding needed to cover the costs of the proposed Nature Calls wastewater project.

#### Where does our money come from?



(Represents budgeted totals for the ten years)

#### What is it proposed that money will be spent on?



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### Our Long-Term Plan risks

Planning for the next ten years has uncertainties and risks. Our draft long-term plan sets out what we think is the best way forward over those ten years based on our current knowledge. However, we know things change and we will need to tweak and adapt as we go.

Our proposed Long-Term Plan has two particular areas of uncertainty and risk that it's important for you to understand and share your feedback on.

## Achievement of our Capital Programme

The other area of major risk is our ability to complete our proposed capital programmes.

Most of the services that Council provides – water, roading, libraries, public toilets, sportfields and playgrounds rely on Council infrastructure. Our capital programmes ensure that this infrastructure is well maintained and new infrastructure is built when necessary. Two factors could influence our ability to deliver the capital projects proposed for the LTP:

#### Availability of external funding.

Many of our capital projects involve external funding. We have assumed external funding of \$1.2B for our total capital programme of \$2.3B or 53%. This includes the potential Nature Calls funding, NZ Transport Agency Waka Kotahi funding as well other assumptions regarding funding for our growth programmes. This external funding reduces the financial impact of the projects on Council's debt limits. However, it also introduces some risks that, despite our careful considerations in developing this LTP - the funding will not be available as expected. If this happens for any particular project, we will look carefully at our options. This could include delaying, scaling back or stopping the project. For legally required projects like Nature Calls and seismic upgrades it could also mean not doing other work so that we can fund these.

#### Ability to deliver projects.

In the past we used to struggle to complete all the capital projects we'd planned on doing when the year started, for a range of reasons. But we've stepped up our game and this year we're expecting to achieve at least 90% of what was proposed (compared to 67% in 2022/23)

We are continuing to focus on improving these figures further through:

- making sure our Project Management Office (PMO) is fully staffed
- early planning and design work to spread out the time we have to plan and build the works and reduce the number of project risks we face during the building phase.
- building good relationships with the construction sector. Our roading contractor has confirmed they can resource themselves to do the work we want.

Currently we're doing a range of projects that vary in size and scale. In our proposed long-term plan, many of these are large and high cost projects that are a one-off, e.g. seismic strengthening of a facility. These large projects can be delivered more efficiently than many small projects as they require less project administration compared to a large number of smaller projects. This all gives us strong confidence we can successfully deliver our projects. However, we will review our projects through each LTP and Annual Budget and can move projects around if necessary to make best use of available project delivery resources.



## Nature Calls

#### There are uncertainties and risks around Nature Calls.

As explained on pages 20-21 we're legally required to get a new consent for treatment and discharge of our city's wastewater for the next 30 years. At the moment a very high-level estimate of the cost is up to \$647M, which is made up of upgrades to the treatment plant as well as a new discharge point, pipes and pumps, irrigation systems and land purchase or leases. Currently Horizons Regional Council is assessing our consent, and we won't have a better idea of costs until that consent is granted. We have no timeframes for that, as large infrastructure projects like these can take many years.

The high cost does mean that we cannot fund Nature Calls through normal Council borrowing mechanisms. That is why we are proposing to fund it by setting up a special purpose funding vehicle, in conjunction with Crown Infrastructure Partners (a Government agency) as provided for under the Infrastructure Funding and Financing Act. This type of arrangement was set up to assist councils in our circumstances. We are also proposing to use this arrangement for some growth programmes.

#### There are two risks around this:

- > There is a risk that residents and businesses consider the final cost of the project to be unaffordable or not value for money. The funding would need to be repaid by ratepayers through a levy on top of rates (see pages 20-21). Once we have a consent and know more about the cost, we will be able to look at the affordability of it. On the other hand, we know our community value our awa (river) and strong environmental outcomes- which do have associated costs.
- > There is also a risk that Crown Infrastructure Partners will not fund the project – or will only partially fund it. At this stage we intend to fund Nature Calls entirely through this funding tool. That's because it allows us to debt-fund other vital projects (like roading improvements outlined on pages 22-23 of this document and upgrading our community facilities on pages 34-41). and remain within our debt limits. Other Councils have 100% funded their projects through this tool. For example: Wellington's Moa Point sedimentation tanks. However, we know some Councils are using a mix of Council debt and IFF for their specific projects.

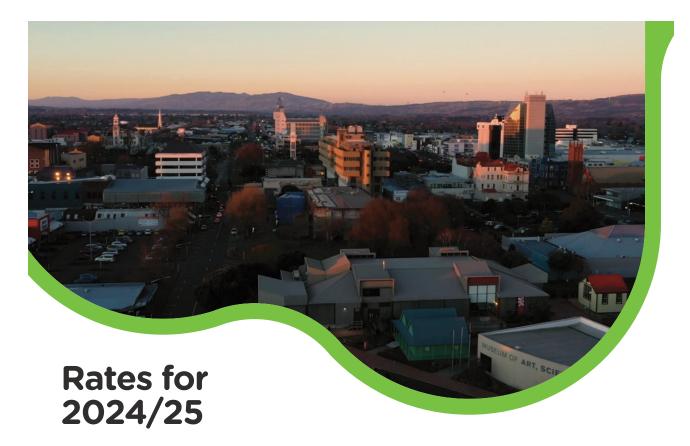
#### We are aware of these risks and are working to minimise them:

- We are working through the consent process to get more detail and certainty on the costs.
- We have held talks with Crown Infrastructure Partners and will have much more detailed conversations them about Nature Calls and the implications of funding it through this arrangement.
- We are talking with our neighbouring Councils about their plans for water. This aligns with the new Government's Local Water Done Well model, which includes the option of Councils setting up Council Controlled Organisations for water, wastewater and stormwater to help fund improvements.
- We could look at other funding sources, such as a public - private partnership (PPP) where a private company finances, build and operates components of the treatment and discharge and charges Council (and therefore ratepayers) over a period of time. Some form of government assistance could be another option.
- ⇒ If it becomes clear that, however it is funded, the total cost of the project is too high, we would need to reconsider some elements of the project – but would still need to meet the conditions of the consent.

We will revisit the project through our 2027 LTP (or earlier if necessary). By then we will have better information on the costs of the project. We will also have firmer ideas on potential funding sources. At that point we might need to reconsider the project against our other projects and services, especially if we cannot fund the project in a way that keeps some or all of the debt off our books. This could means reducing the Nature Calls project or reducing our other projects and services.

We will keep you informed as we work though the details of the project.

Whatever happens, we do need to make sure we maintain our infrastructure for our community and meet all legal requirements for our wastewater treatment and discharge.



We're proposing that for 2024/25, rates will continue to be made up of a portion that has fixed charges (like recycling or water charges) and a portion based on the rateable value of the property.

The charges below are for our 'preferred' hybrid rating system. They will change depending on the rating system selected.

The fixed charges are shown in the following table:

Charge type	Charge	What it pays for
Water	\$427	The cost of providing water
Wastewater	\$384	The cost of treating and disposing of wastewater
Kerbside Recycling	\$144	The cost of kerbside recycling
Rubbish and Public Recycling	\$62	General rubbish and recycling costs, including transfer stations, cleaning up fly tipping, community education
General	\$200	Contributes to paying for all other Council services and helps ensure all properties contribute a more equal share of cost rather than it all being based on the land value

All properties are charged the General and Rubbish and Public Recycling charges. Those who have access to the other services are also charged for them.

Non-residential properties are also charged a wastewater charge based on the number of toilets they have and are billed separately for water they use, which is metered.



# Here are some examples of rates you may pay for your home or business

These examples are based on our preferred option following our rates review, which proposes some changes to the rating system.

Our preferred option would see the introduction of a new targeted rate for Transport and Economic Development based on the capital value of a property, with the general rates remaining based on land value.

This change would see approximately 30% of the general rate being transferred from the land value to the capital value base.

It's important you read pages 27-31 to determine the impact of the rates review for you, and to give feedback.

We're only showing a few examples – you can search what this means for your property on our website.

	Single Uni	t Residential			Y	Two Unit r	esidential		
Land Value Capital Value	\$360,000 \$590,000 Quartile 1	<b>\$455,000</b> <b>\$690,000</b> Median	<b>\$468,000</b> <b>\$739,000</b> Average	<b>\$540,000</b> <b>\$840,000</b> Quartile 3		\$450,000 \$675,000 Quartile 1	<b>\$525,000</b> <b>\$770,000</b> Median	<b>\$561,000</b> <b>\$829,000</b> Average	<b>\$625,000</b> <b>\$920,000</b> Quartile 3
General Rates \$ Incl. UAGC of \$200	1,445	1,773	1,818	2,067	ľ	2,388	2,753	2,928	3,239
Targeted Rates based on CV \$	495	578	620	704		887	1,012	1,090	1,210
Targeted Rates for services \$	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017		2,034	2,034	2,034	2,034
Total Proposed Rates \$	2,957	3,368	3,455	3,788		5,309	5,799	6,052	6,483
Increase \$ above 2023/24	222	219	249	268		451	486	520	563
	Non-Resid	<b>lential</b> (Com	mercial/Indu	strial)	•	Miscellane	ous		
Land Value Capital Value	\$385,000 \$610,000 Quartile 1	\$620,000 \$1,030,000 Median	<b>\$1,022,000</b> <b>\$2,402,000</b> Average	\$1,110,000 \$2,295,000 Quartile 3		<b>\$295,000</b> <b>\$400,000</b> Quartile 1	<b>\$550,000</b> <b>\$720,000</b> Median	<b>\$916,000</b> <b>\$1,746,000</b> Average	\$965,000 \$1,445,00 Quartile 3
General Rates \$ Incl. UAGC of \$200	5,306	8,423	13,755	14,922		1,504	2,632	4,250	4,466
Targeted Rates based on CV \$	1,470	2,483	5,790	5,532		438	789	1,913	1,583
Targeted Rates for services \$	446	446	446	446		62	62	62	62
Total Proposed Rates \$	7,222	11,352	19,991	20,900		2,004	3,483	6,225	6,111
Increase \$ above 2023/24	243	485	2,473	2,106		74	147	870	486
	Rural/Sem	ni-serviced (b	netween 0.2	+ 5Ha)	7	Rural/Sem	ni-serviced (	5Ha or more`	
Land Value Capital Value	\$435,000 \$950,000 Quartile 1	\$520,000 \$1,180,000 Median	\$549,000	\$590,000 \$1,390,000 Quartile 3		<b>\$520,000</b> <b>\$551,000</b> Quartile 1	\$730,000 \$1,102,000 Median	\$1,373,000 \$1,585,000 Average	\$1,218,00
General Rates \$ Incl. UAGC of \$200	1,450	1,694	1,778	1,896		775	1,007	1,717	1,546
Targeted Rates based on CV \$	676	840	856	990		211	423	608	640
Targeted Rates for services \$	62	62	62	62		62	62	62	62
Total Proposed Rates \$	2,188	2,596	2,696	2,948		1,048	1,492	2,387	2,248
Increase \$ above 2023/24	685	859	879	1.018		28	182	191	265

Non-residential examples do not include any rates for wastewater based on the number of toilet pans or water charged by meter. The proposed charge per pan is \$384. Metered water is charged on the basis of a fixed amount (depending on the size of the connection) and the balance by volume used. Increases are proposed for metered water. The examples do not include the rate for central city commercial properties to fund the Palmy BID.

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# What your rates cover each week

This is based on a residential property with a land value of \$468,000 and a capital value of \$739,000. These are costed on our 'preferred' hybrid rating system.

\$9.34

14.03%

**Recreation and play** 



\$1.41

2.12%

Active and public transport

\$8.21

12.33%

Water





\$5.19

7.80%

Arts and heritage



\$3.96

5.95%

**Resource recovery** 



\$4.67

7.01%

**Community support** 

\$3.27

4.91%

Housing



K

\$1.01

1.52%

Biodiversity and the Manawatū river

\$1.27

1.91%

Community safety and health





\$6.10

9.16%

Roading



\$7.38

11.08%

Wastewater

\$3.33

5.00%

**Economic** development



\$3.76

5.65%

**Governance and** active citizenship

\$2.24

3.36%

**Stormwater** 



\$4.85

7.28%

Libraries





(\$0.61)\*

 $(0.91\%)^*$ 

**Organisational** performance and strategic investments

\$0.52

0.78%

**Urban design** 



\$0.68

1.02%

Climate change mitigation and adaption



\$66.58

per week for average ratepayer

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# We need your feedback on some other topics too!

We'd love your feedback on how we engage you in our decision making. All councils are required to have a Significance and Engagement Policy. The policy governs how we determine the importance or significance of an issue, proposal, or decision, and in turn how we'll engage with our community as part of the decision-making process.

Read more at pncc.govt.nz/LTP

#### You can give feedback on our updated Revenue and Financing Policy

The Revenue and Financing Policy outlines how we plan to fund the operating costs and capital expenditure for each of the Council's activities. It guides our approach to the setting of fees and charges and rates.

It shows for each Council activity the proportion of the cost we expect to recover from user fees and charges, and the proportion to be funded from rates.

Read more at pncc.govt.nz/LTP

# We'd also like your feedback on our rates remission and postponement policies.

Council has a series of policies that enable rates to be remitted or postponed in a number of situations. These policies have recently been reviewed with minor changes proposed. A new policy is proposed to cover situations where residential ratepayers face hardships as a result of proposed changes the Council makes to the rating system. We review these annually.

Read more on proposed changes at pncc.govt.nz/LTP

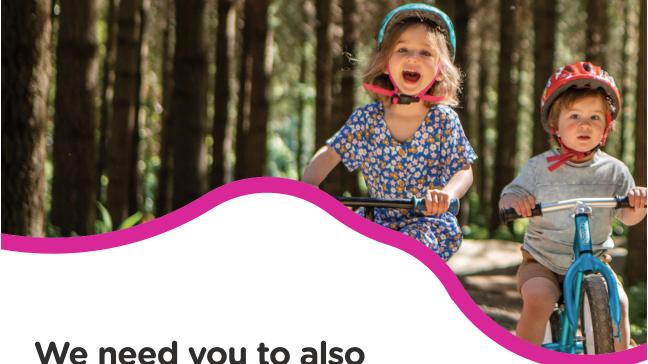


Want to talk to our Elected Members about your submission?

That's easy for us to arrange! Simply tick the box on the submission form to let us know you'd like to speak at a hearing.

We want it to be as easy as possible for you to give feedback on a range of topics, so hearings for these consultations will be part of our Long-Term Plan consultation sessions in mid-May.

time to speak, as well as the topics you'd like to cover.



We need you to also give feedback on our proposed strategy to guide Palmy's future growth

The government requires
Palmerston North City Council and
Horizons Regional Council to have
a strategy for future development
for the Palmerston North district,
which outlines how the wider district
grows over the next 30 years.

Projects that help our city grow are included in our draft Long-Term Plan. This includes \$291M spending on infrastructure.

Our proposed Future Development strategy outlines how we're working on plans for housing growth in a number of areas at the edge of the city like Aokautere, Kikiwhenua and Kākātangiata to the west of the city. We're also planning to enable more growth within the city by allowing homes in some areas to be built higher and closer together.

To support economic growth, we're planning some expansion around the current North East Industrial Zone. This would allow the city and surrounding district to capitalise on our central position in the national freight and logistics network, through our Te Utanganui, Central New Zealand Distribution Hub masterplan.

Please read our proposed Future Development Strategy and have your say at **pncc.govt.nz/fds** 

You can take a look at our draft strategy (and Statement of Proposal) and provide your feedback by making a submission at **pncc.govt.nz/fds** or by filling in a hardcopy submission form which is available at our Customer Service Centre and community libraries.

#### Consultation ends 9 May 2024

As both Palmerston North City Council and Horizons Regional Council will be hearing submissions, hearings for your feedback will be held separately to our Long-Term Plan hearings, but with similar timeframes. If you'd like to talk to Elected Members, it's important you select this option on your submission form

Following hearings, we consider all the submissions, make any changes, and adopt the Future Development Strategy as our plan for growth in Palmy over the next 30 years.



# We also want your feedback on our plans for reducing waste in our city!

Our goal is to continue to make it easy for our residents to choose to reduce, reuse and recycle, rather than sending more waste to landfills.

The Waste Management and Minimisation Plan (WMMP) outlines how we will manage our waste in the future. We review our Waste Management and Minimisation Plan (WMMP) at least once every six years. We're doing this review early so we can include it as part of the consultation on our Long-Term Plan.

Read our draft Waste Management and Minimisation Plan and have your say at pncc.govt.nz/wasteplan

#### Key new projects as part of our draft Plan are:

- > Introducing a city-wide kerbside food scraps collection service.
- > Working with the construction sector to get more demolition material being reused or recycled rather than sent to landfill.
- > Upgrading important machinery in our Recycling Centres so that we can continue to process your recycling.
- Investigating whether there is a need for a new site for green waste and recycling drop-off.
- Monitoring contamination of recycling bins and illegal dumping more intensively in the future.



# Let us know your thoughts on proposed changes to our Development Contributions Policy.

If you're subdividing your land, planning to build a home or build or expand a business, it's likely you'll need to pay development contributions.

Development contributions are paid on any subdivision or development that generates extra demand on infrastructure in our city. This helps reduce the financial burden on ratepayers and ensure our city infrastructure is fairly funded.

Our policy for how we set contributions is reviewed every three years, and we're doing that now. We're keen to hear your thoughts.

We have a lot more information available on our website.

You can read more at pncc.govt.nz/LTP





# Have your say 8 April - 9 May

## Come to a drop in session

#### **Thursday 11 April**

10-11am Awapuni Library\*

#### **Planning Palmy Expo**

Saturday 20 April | 10am-1pm

Palmy Conference + Function Centre.

Learn about what council does and talk to our elected members

#### **Monday 22 April**

2.30-4pm Roslyn Library\*

4.30-5pm Ashhurst Library\*

#### **Tuesday 23 April**

10-11am Te Pātikitiki Librarv\*

#### Saturday 27 April

10-11am Awapuni Library\*

12-1pm Central Library\*

\* These sessions will be led by Council staff

### Come and chat to us!

We know you'll have questions and ideas and we're here to help.

We have both topic specific and general sessions. For topic specific sessions we will have specialist staff from those areas able to answer your questions on those topics. For the general sessions we won't have those specialist staff available.

#### Join us online!

On Wednesday 17 April from 6.30 - 8pm join us for a live 'ask us anything' session.

This session will be live streamed on Council's Facebook and Youtube channels and kept there for future viewing.

### Fill in a submission form

We've got three easy ways you can do this!

- > Fill it in and post it to us at Long-term plan submissions Palmerston North City Council Freepost PX33317 Palmerston North DX Sort
- > Fill in a hardcopy form at one of our libraries or customer service centres and drop it in the submission box
- > Head to our website and do it now at pncc.govt.nz/LTP

If you are adding videos, pictures, songs or drawings you can do this via our website!

#### Chat to one of the decision makers, aka our Elected Members

**Grant Smith**Kahika Mayor

06 356 8199

mayor@pncc.govt.nz



Debi Marshall-Lobb Kahika Mātārua Deputy Mayor 021 240 7297 debi.marshall-lobb@pncc.govt.nz



### Billy Meehan





**Brent Barrett** 

022 014 1749 brent.barrett@pncc.govt.nz



## Karen Naylor

027 562 0470 karen.naylor@pncc.govt.nz



## Kaydee Zabelin

021 240 8371 kaydee.zabelin@pncc.govt.nz



## Leonie Hapeta <sup>JP</sup>

027 5307 207 leonie.hapeta@pncc.govt.nz



# Lew Findlay QSM

021 615 245 lew.findlay@pncc.govt.nz











Mark **Arnott** 

021 240 8035 mark.arnott@pncc.govt.nz



# Orphée Mickalad

021 539 793 orphee.mickalad@pncc.govt.nz



**Pat** Handcock ONZM

027 978 9313 pat.handcock@pncc.govt.nz



### **Rachel Bowen**

021 167 2267 rachel.bowen@pncc.govt.nz



## Roly **Fitzgerald**

021 240 6596 roly.fitzgerald@pncc.govt.nz



## Vaughan **Dennison**

027 601 1428 vaughan.dennison@pncc.govt.nz



#### William Wood

021 169 2299 william.wood@pncc.govt.nz



Planning Palmy's Path Long Term Plan 2024-2034 67







# Council's Long-Term Plan Submission Form



You can give your feedback on our Long-Term Plan in a variety of ways. If you'd like to speak to our Elected Members about your submission we do need you to fill out the contact details and hearings section of this page. With this submission form you can answer as many questions as you want. You don't need to answer them all if you don't want to! There are no age restrictions to making a submission – we are happy to see submissions from all ages.

The Local Government Act allows you to give feedback in any format. This can include:

- ⇒ filling out this form or doing it on our website at pncc.govt.nz/LTP
- > sharing feedback on our social media channels
- ▶ emailing us at submissions@pncc.govt.nz
- Sor drop in to our customer service centre or libraries
- > You can give feedback in any format that suits you. That could be a letter, petitions, picture, drawing, song or video(up to 3 minutes) etc.
- ➤ Come chat to Elected Members at Planning Palmy Expo 20 April, 10am-1pm at the Palmy Conference and Function Centre.

All submissions may be made publicly available on our website, customer service centre and some of our libraries. This means you may want to be more careful about what private information you share in your submissions about your circumstances. Your contact details (but not your name) are confidential and will not be published. Elected Members receive all submissions without contact details so they can consider the views and comments expressed.

We collect your contact information so we can keep you up to date.

For more information, see our privacy statement on our website.

Your details	
First name:	Last name:
Organisation you represent: (If applicable. Please only answer this question if you're speaking on t	pehalf of an organisation)
Postal address: (only provide if no email address)	Email:
	Phone:
Please tick if you are under 18 years old as we w	vill apply further privacy measures.

Long-Term Plan Submission Form

Do you want to sp  If you've selected you  New Zealand Sign La	es, please let us k	know if you woul	our submission?  Id like a language inter  Māori interpreter	
Preferred hearing				How would you prefer to give
Wednesday 15 May	9am to 12.30p	pm 1.30pm to	5.30pm to 7	your feedback?
Thursday 16 May				Via an online
F:1 47.14				video link
	you are flexible on	n days on times [		
en minutes allocated om the Mayor and ot	th you to confirm t to speak in suppo ther Elected Meml	the time for you to ort of your submis ibers. If we receiv	o speak to Council. You ision or to answer any c e a large number of sub occurs, we will be in tou	uestions omissions
Please select here if y  We will be in touch with the minutes allocated from the Mayor and other than the Mayor and the May	th you to confirm t to speak in suppo ther Elected Meml	the time for you to ort of your submis ibers. If we receiv	sion or to answer any c e a large number of sub	uestions omissions
Please select here if y  le will be in touch with the minutes allocated om the Mayor and ot	th you to confirm t to speak in suppo ther Elected Meml	the time for you to ort of your submis ibers. If we receiv	sion or to answer any c e a large number of sub	uestions omissions

2



# Your submission

This submission form is broken into sections. First we will ask you to give feedback on some of the topics we have options for. Then towards the end we will ask for general comments on key areas of Council, as well as a general feedback section. Please answer all questions you'd like to provide feedback on.

This submission form is also available on our website at pncc.govt.nz/ltp. On our website you will be able to save your submission as you go, and come back to it before choosing to submit.

If at any time you need more space, please write on another piece of paper and clearly state your name, address, phone number and the question your feedback relates to.

# Rates Review Questions

If you are submitting on behalf of a business or organisation, please ensure you have stated this in the 'Organisation' category at the top of your submission form and you have permission to submit on the business or organisations behalf. You can submit as both an organisation and individual.

Which of these describes you? (Select as many as apply)

Collecting this information helps us determine whether different groups of people share similar views.
Resident, but not a ratepayer (e.g. you rent or may live with family/friends)
Ratepayer who lives in their home in the Palmerston North urban area (Tick if you are also a landlord)
Ratepayer who lives in their Palmerston North home, which is classified as 'Rural' or known as a lifestyle block
Business owner who pays rates in Palmerston North (Commercial/Industrial classification') (Tick if you are also a landlord)
Business owner who rents their business location in Palmerston North
A developer of residential properties
A developer of commercial properties
Landlord of a home/s but do not live in Palmerston North
☐ Landlord of a business/commercial property who does not live in our city
Other (please state)
Prefer not to say

Long-Term Plan Submission Form

	l F	Preferred Option - Hybrid (a mixture of land value and capital value)
	2 (	Capital Value (CV)
	3 L	and Value (LV) – current system
	4 F	Prefer not to say
Ploa	so to	ell us why you prefer that option
Pleas	se te	and as why you prefer that option
Pleas	se te	ell us what you don't like about the other options
T ICU.	30 10	and what you don't like about the other options

4



-Do you n	ave any other	comments y	ou a like to	make regar	aing the rate	s review?	

# Community facilities questions

		No		
ne organisation's nam	n behalf of an organisation, pleas e and contact details on the top o make a submission on their be	of this submission fo		
	ask you about thes erent thoughts on			in case
ome suggested chan ne option you have. S	elect whether you support each p ges or comments, or you do not uggested changes or comments the location, the cost, how we're	support it. We'll ask to could include things	you to explain wh s like the scope o	y you've picked f the project,
Multicultural Centre events and services	• Lease space for multicultura i.	Il communities to ι	use for activities	,
		Il communities to u		
events and services Support as proposed Do not support	S.	Support with change Prefer not to say	ges/comments	
events and services Support as proposed Do not support   Please tell us why you		Support with chang Prefer not to say feedback you'd like	ges/comments	
events and services Support as proposed Do not support   Please tell us why you	s.  U  u've selected that option, and any	Support with chang Prefer not to say feedback you'd like	ges/comments  to provide about t	
events and services Support as proposed Do not support Please tell us why you  Pasifika Centre Exp	s.  U  u've selected that option, and any	Support with chang Prefer not to say feedback you'd like	ges/comments  to provide about t	



	nd refurbish existing building		1
Support as proposed	Support with changes/comments		(
Do not support	Prefer not to say		
Please tell us why you've selected	that option, and any feedback you'd like to provide abou	t the project	
Awapuni Community Library expanded community space v	<b>Hub</b> Build a new Awapuni Community Library Hub vithin a new library	, which includes	
Support as proposed	Support with changes/comments		
Do not support	Prefer not to say		
Please tell us why you've selected	that option, and any feedback you'd like to provide abou	t the project	
attractions at Te Motu o Poutoa	Creation of a civic marae with public facilities and visit Anzac Park (co-funded with Rangitāne and external Support with changes/comments	or and education	
	Anzac Park (co-funded with Rangitāne and external	or and education	
attractions at Te Motu o Poutoa Support as proposed   Do not support   Please tell us why you've selected	Anzac Park (co-funded with Rangitāne and external Support with changes/comments Prefer not to say  that option, and any feedback you'd like to provide about	or and education funding)	
attractions at Te Motu o Poutoa Support as proposed  Do not support  Please tell us why you've selected  Central Energy Trust Arena Renew turfs, toilets and changing	Anzac Park (co-funded with Rangitāne and external Support with changes/comments Prefer not to say  that option, and any feedback you'd like to provide about the same of the comment of the same of the same of the comment of the same of th	or and education funding)	
attractions at Te Motu o Poutoa Support as proposed   Do not support   Please tell us why you've selected  Central Energy Trust Arena R	Anzac Park (co-funded with Rangitāne and external Support with changes/comments Prefer not to say  that option, and any feedback you'd like to provide about the same of the provide about the same of the comment of the same	or and education funding)	

Do you h	ave any genera	al feedback ab	out commu	nity facilities	for us to cor	isider?	

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# City centre transformation - landmark facilities and seismic upgrades

Option one (Preferred Option)	Option two
Build on our existing planning and contir work to look at the buildings as a collect project and explore co-funding opportur	ive of these facilities in their current location
Please tell us why you prefer that o	ption
Please tell us what you don't like al	oout the other option
Find the trace of	
Do you have any other comments?	
Do you have any other comments?	
Do you have any other comments?	
Do you have any other comments?	
Do you have any other comments?	

# General comment areas Information about these topics are available in our consultation document

Please share any	/ feedback you have about ou	r <b>vision, goals and plans</b>	
Please share any	/ feedback regarding propose	d transport projects	
Please share any plans for <b>Water</b> a	r feedback about our proposed and how we will fund Nature (	a Calls	

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	PANOEA PANOEA PALMERSTON NORTH	N 7
Please share any feedback regarding our proposed plans for <b>housing</b>		TEM 9 - ATTACHMENT 7
		TTAC
		<b>7</b> - 6
		ITEM
Please share any feedback regarding our proposed plans for <b>growing our city</b> You can also provide feedback on our Future Development Strategy which we consulting on at the same time. You can read about that at <b>pncc.govt.nz/FDS</b>	e're	
Please share any feedback about <b>rubbish and recycling services</b> .		
We're also consulting on our Waste Management and Minimisation plan, pleas submission at pncc.govt.nz/wasteplan	se make a	

Please shar	e any feedback re	garding <b>propo</b> s	sed rates over	the next ten ye	ars	
Please shar	e any additional fe	eedback you'd l	ike us to consi	der		

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**Palmerston North City Council** 

Statement of Proposal
Draft 2024 Revenue & Financing Policy

3 April 2024

#### **Proposal**

The Council's Revenue & Financing Policy (the Policy) is reviewed every three years. This is to ensure that the policy is still appropriate in the light of changing circumstances and consistent with assumptions being made by the Council in the preparation of its Long-term Plan. The Policy is required to be adopted and then included in the Long-term Plan.

A copy of the draft 2024 Revenue & Financing Policy is available online at www.pncc.govt.nz/xxxxx or on request.

Public consultation on the draft Revenue & Financing Policy will be open from 8 April to 9 May. You can make a submission online at www.pncc.govt.nz, by post or deliver to the Council's office as outlined below.

This proposal seeks to adopt a new Policy that incorporates the following key changes to the present Policy adopted in 2021:

- Recognition of the proposed introduction of a targeted rate to fund activities that primarily contribute to the Council's Goal 1 (An innovative & growing city). These activities include transport, economic development, urban design and housing. This change is part of the Council's proposal to modify the rating system so that a portion of the rates is based on the capital value. The draft Policy assumes the general rate will continue to be based on the land value. However, following the consideration of submissions on the rating proposals the Council may need to amend this in the final Policy if it decides to adopt one of the other options.
- Noting the Council may, when borrowing headroom is constrained, consider making use of the
  provisions of the Infrastructure Funding and Financing Act for projects that meet the legislative
  criteria.
- Acknowledgement the Policy supports the principles set out in the pre-amble to the Te Ture Whenua Maori Act 1996.
- Reformatting the layout to match the activity and groups of activity structure being used in the Long-term Plan.
- Amending the policy expectations for the animal management activity to be that between 60-79% of the costs of providing the activity are to be covered from revenue from dog owners rather than the present policy expectation of 80-100%.

The Council has considered a series of reports during the development of the draft Long-term Plan that address revenue and financing issues and in particular options for changing the rating system. These reports are available to view on-line.

#### **Consultation Process**

Enquiries about the draft 2024 Revenue & Financing Policy can be made to Steve Paterson, Strategy Manager - Finance on phone (06) 356 8199 or email steve.paterson@pncc.govt.nz

Submissions on the Policy open on 8 April and close on 9 May 2024 and can be made by one of the following means:

email	freepost	deliver
submission@pncc.govt.nz	Revenue & Financing Policy	Customer Services Centre
	Submissions	Civic Administration Building
	Palmerston North City Council	The Square
	Free Post ####	Palmerston North
	Palmerston North DX Sort	





**Palmerston North City Council** 

Statement of Proposal Draft 2024 Rates Remission & Postponement Policies

3 April 2024

#### **Proposal**

The Council's Rates Remission & Postponement Policies (the Policy) is reviewed at least once every six years. This is to ensure that the Policy is still appropriate in the light of changing circumstances. The Policy is required to be adopted though a process consistent with the principles in section 82 of the Local Government Act 2002. The Policy also includes the Policy on remission and postponement of rates on Maori Freehold land.

A copy of the draft 2024 Rates Remission & Postponement Policies is available online at www.pncc.govt.nz/xxxxx or on request.

Public consultation on the draft Rates Remission & Postponement Policies will be open from 8 April to 9 May. You can make a submission online at www.pncc.govt.nz, by post or deliver to Council's office as outlined below.

This proposal seeks to adopt a new Policy that incorporates the following key changes to the present Policy adopted in 2018:

- Minor wording changes to reflect changes to legislation since 2018
- The introduction of a new policy relating to remissions for hardship as a result of changes to the rating system. The policy is targeted toward individuals and is focused on providing remissions in limited situations. It recognizes incidence of rates changes each year and particularly in the year following the City revaluation or when new services are made available to the property or when a new residence is built. Remissions are not intended to be given in such situations.

The Council considered a report on this Policy at its meeting on 14 February 2024 and this is available to view on-line.

#### **Consultation Process**

Enquiries about the draft 2024 Rates Remission & Postponement Policies can be made to Steve Paterson, Strategy Manager - Finance on phone (06) 356 8199 or email steve.paterson@pncc.govt.nz

Submissions on the Policy open on 8 April and close on 9 May 2024 and can be made by one of the following means:

email	freepost	deliver
submission@pncc.govt.nz	Rates Remission & Postponement Policies Submissions Palmerston North City Council Free Post ####	Customer Services Centre Civic Administration Building The Square Palmerston North
	Palmerston North DX Sort	